

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1855.

NUMBER I.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over J. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

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AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, West District, Milton, Dorchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)	JOSIAH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BRECK, ORIN P. BACON, F. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVERLY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.
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Miscellaneous.

A Cure for Hard Times.

"How much land have you got here in your lot, Mr. Briggs?"

"I have one acre."

"One acre! and here you are taking four agricultural papers; and all because you have one acre of ground! How many such papers would you have to take if you had a hundred acres?"

"I should n't probably need any more than I take now; you know, Mr. Chapman, one can 'go through all the motions' with one acre as well as a hundred."

"A man can throw away money without any if he has a mind to. For all the good you get from such periodicals, you might as well, probably, throw the money they cost into the fire, they are nothing but humbugs."

"I pay in all only eight dollars."

"Eight dollars! enough to buy a 'tip-top' barrel of flour, and a leg of bacon; and then if you read these periodicals, there is twice the amount of the money spent in time reading them."

"I do usually read or hear read almost every word there is in them; and my boys and I take turns in reading, and one reads aloud while the rest work."

"Complete nonsense! no wonder your shop doesn't turn out any more boots in a day than it does."

"Perhaps we do n't do as great day's work, some days, as some of our neighbors; but I guess that in the course of the year, we turn out as many according to the hands at work as most do."

"I suppose it is out of these publications you get your foolish notions about so many kinds of fruit trees. One of my boys came home awhile ago and said Mr. Briggs had got lots and lots of fruit trees and such things, that cost, I don't know how much, and wanted me to buy some grape vines, pear trees, and so on. I told him it was all foolishness, and not to let me hear him say anything about spending money so foolishly. You have, I dare say, laid out ten or fifteen dollars, this spring."

"Yes, nearly as much again; I have laid out twenty-five dollars for trees and garden fruit."

"Twenty-five dollars! I wonder you are not on the town, or in jail at least, before now."

"I'm not afraid of either: I'll bet you the twenty-five dollars, I'll sell you that amount of fruit from those things for which I paid the twenty-five dollars, in five years."

"Done! I'll stand you; so your trees will cost you fifty dollars sure, in money, besides the time thrown away in setting them out, and taking care of them."

"As for the time spent in setting them out, or taking care of them, it is as good exercise as playing ball, wicket, or anything else. While we were setting them out, one of your boys came to get my boys to go over to Mr. Moody's, where, he said, there was to be a great time playing ball; and I have no doubt that your boys spend just as much time playing, as mine do with our trees and so forth; and then something is done, but in playing, the strength is all laid out for nothing."

"Well, it don't cost anything to play ball, but trees cost money."

The foregoing conversation occurred in the shop between two neighbors, both boot-makers in a town not more than thirty miles from Boston.

Mr. Briggs, in whose shop the conversation took place, was a man of more than ordinary intelligence for one of his advantages and circumstances in life. He had been a poor boy, and by industry, observation and economy, had worked his way on in life and reared and well educated a family of children, who, like himself, were industrious and

steady. For the few years past, he had become interested in horticulture, and both for exercise and amusement, had turned his attention to cultivating his 'one acre farm.' His attention was first called to this, by means of a 'back number of the 'New England Farmer' which was put round some things bought at the store. Mr. Briggs found this so interesting, that he purchased another at the periodical depot, and then he became a 'regular subscriber.' His sons soon became interested in the same direction, and the interest of the father and sons increased to the pitch indicated in the foregoing conversation.

"In time, every inch of that acre of ground was 'brought under the spade, and almost every 'best' variety of fruit had a place there, and the father and sons found pleasure and profit in the garden after being cooped up in the shop till the 'stent' was done, and the exercise was far more profitable than the spasmodic violent exercise taken in games."

Mr. Chapman, the other neighbor was a man of 'common sense.' He looked upon every thing new or uncommon as 'folly' and 'nonsense,' and was ready to sneer at every one who stepped aside from the common track. It looked simply silly to him to see a man stay at home from 'muster,' or 'training' or 'shows' and spend his time in cultivating gardens; or instead of loitering away the evening at the store, smoking, or hearing or telling a deal of nothing or worse, to spend the evening at home, reading such 'nonsense' as the Farmer and Horticulturist affords."

Years pass, and Mr. Briggs 'one acre farm' shows that he and his boys have not read 'the papers' in vain. They have learned how to 'set out' a tree, and how to 'take care' of it after it was set out. Everything showed it received the right kind of food and care, and straightway began to bring forth fruit meet for good cultivation. In a short time the wants of the family were more than supplied and the surplus found a ready market with the neighbors at good prices.

Those early apples, so rich and tempting, when all other apples were so green and hard! and then such pears; they went as fast as the sun and house could ripen them, at three, four, and five cents apiece. Then such rich, ripe grapes—too tempting for the coldest to pass without a watering mouth. Mr. Chapman's family were among the best customers for the tempting fruit—first having learned their excellence by the liberal use of Mr. Briggs, who never failed to send a specimen of his best to his neighbor.

The fifth season came. It was a fruitful year. Apple pear, peach, pear, plum, and all other trees, were loaded with fruit. Keeping in mind his conversation with Mr. Chapman, Mr. Briggs had directed his family to set down every cent's worth of fruit sold to Mr. Chapman or his family. This year, as it happened, was a year of 'extreme hard times.' The boot business was at its worst ebb; little work and very low wages—and yet the price of every kind of provision was up to the 'highest notch,' and money extremely 'tight.'

But there was one family that did not seem to be in the least affected by the hard times, low prices of labor, high prices of provisions, or the scarcity of money; Mr. Briggs and his two oldest sons, all of them had a little 'spare change' to let on short time 'with interest,' to their needy neighbors.

One day Mr. Chapman, who was short, applied to Mr. Briggs for a 'half' for a 'quarter,' meaning fifty dollars for three months.

"Yes, said Mr. Briggs, 'I have a 'half' or a 'whole, just as you like.'"

"What, a hundred dollars by you these times! I do n't see how it comes. You and your boys do n't work any harder than I and my boys do, and we can hardly get along; we are as saving and pinching as can be, too; times are so dreadful hard, and everything a family has to buy is so dreadful high, and wages so low; potatoes, a dollar a bushel, beef, fifteen cents a pound, pork, sixteen cents, eggs, twenty-five cents a dozen, and flour, ten or twelve dollars a barrel. How can a man live?"

"It won't be hardly fair for me to ask you for that twenty-five dollars now, will it?"

"Twenty-five dollars! What do you mean? I don't understand you!"

"Don't you recollect we have a bet between us about the price of some fruit-trees I bought five years ago next spring?"

"Ah! I do remember something about it. You were to give me twenty-five dollars if you didn't get your twenty-five dollars back from me for the products of those trees and things! It will come very handy just now."

"Don't be too fast, neighbor. I am afraid it won't come very handy just now. That was what I was dunning you for, that twenty-five dollars!"

"What! you don't pretend to say we have had twenty-five dollars worth of stuff from your garden?"

"More than that from that very twenty-five dollars' worth of trees and other things!"

Here is an account of everything you have bought and paid for; of course, it don't include what I have sent you gratis."

"And you have certainly not been stingy. Why, this bill amounts to thirty-seven dollars! It is not possible!"

"It is just so; you have over twenty bushels of apples, and three bushels of pears, and those alone come to twenty-five dollars."

"I own up the 'corn,' draw the note for seventy-five."

"No, I guess we will let that twenty-five go. I only mention it to show you that there may be good sense in new things sometimes. Now I will bet the twenty-five dollars over again that my store bill has not been, the past season, half as large as yours, though I have had one more in my family."

"If I had not been so badly taken in before, I would stand you; but I guess it won't be safe."

"We have raised our own potatoes, corn, peas, beans, and all other garden vegetables. Our eggs are always fresh and abundant from the nest; and for more than two years we have not been without ripe fresh fruit."

"How can that be?"

"Well, I declare that is something I never thought of; but it takes so much time and bother to get these things started—then it is an everlasting job to take care of them."

"It needs no more time and money than you throw away on things that amount to nothing at all, and with abundance of fruit, you save the expense of a heavy meat bill, which is not healthy in hot weather. No doctor has been called to step a foot within my door for over four years past! Fresh, ripe fruits are sure remedies for all ailments, and they are not hard to take."

Mr. Chapman put the 'fifty' into his 'wheat skin,' and left with a 'flea in his ear.'—*N. E. Farmer.*

Bankruptcy.

There is in this country by far too little sensitiveness in regard to bankruptcy; and in times like the present, when there appears a plausible excuse for failure, the bankrupt suffers too little censure, to insure a wholesome dread of permitting his credit to be dishonored. This grows in part from our wonderful recuperative energy. In every community there are notable examples of those who have failed in business, but have started again with renewed credit and obtained a fortune. In such society, and with such examples constantly before them, our young men are apt to look upon commercial dishonor as a trifling evil, leaving no stain which cannot be completely expunged by subsequent success. The laws in many of the States are by far too favorable to the fraudulent bankrupt, and allow creditors too little opportunity to discriminate between the unfortunate and dishonest. Two great principles ought to be recognized in every case of bankruptcy. First—that the bankrupt shall have no power over his estates the moment he becomes insolvent; and secondly—that his assets shall be equally divided among his creditors without distinction or favor. The adoption of these as ruling principles would correct two great and growing evils. First, the impudent assumption on the part of the bankrupt that he has a right to dictate terms of compromise to his creditors; and secondly, the unjust method of distribution now in vogue, which recognizes a certain portion of the debts as confidential, to be paid in full, while a meager per centage is doled out to other creditors. These principles once adopted, and enforced by judicious legal enactments, (as they are in a few of the States), then every debtor would be obliged to do his utmost to repair the wrong he has done in contracting obligations he could not discharge. If his failure were the result of unforeseen difficulties, against which common prudence could not have guarded him; or even granting a want of judgment, if his errors have been those of the head and not of the heart, and the majority of his creditors are satisfied that he had no fraudulent intent, he can have no difficulty in obtaining a release by surrendering his whole assets. We would even go further, and allow a legal discharge by the courts, when the creditors could show no fraudulent intent, or extraordinary mismanagement implying recklessness of purpose. In every case, however, where the bankrupt refuses a thorough statement of his affairs, and boldly demands a release upon his own terms, with a hinted alternative of a refusal to pay anything, creditors owe it to themselves to probe the matter to the bottom, and to refuse all compromise until the debtor shall be compelled to make a complete exposition of his course, and give up all his means to satisfy the claims against him. The matter of 'confidential' debts has become somewhat notorious through the developments in connection with certain recent failures in New York City, where about half of the liabilities were assumed as of this class, and paid in full, while the other half were left

with little or no provision. It is easy to see that through such favoritism the friends of the bankrupt, by whose influence perhaps, he has obtained credit from others, may obtain the payment of their own claims, while those whom they have led into bestowing undeserved confidence, will get little or nothing. If a debtor wishes to give especial security to any particular creditor, let the act be done when the obligation is incurred; after a man is insolvent, we hold that he has no claim to the assets in his hands, and has no moral right to divide them among his creditors according to his own interest or caprice.—*Hunt's Merchants' Magazine.*

Familiar Nonsenses.

How many phrases are there in common use that seem to mean something, but mean nothing whatever! We call lawyers, for example, 'gentlemen of the long robe!' yet who ever saw a lawyer in anything of the kind. We say that Judge So-and-so wears 'the judicial ermine' with dignity, when he does not wear any ermine at all. We have seen newspaper reports of a new ship's 'gliding gracefully into her native element,' when all the world knows that a ship's native element is not the sea, but the shore. We are told of the way the tragic actor wears the 'sock,' and the comic actor the 'buskin,' and yet who ever saw either wear either on the stage? Gentlemen partial to good living, we hear it said, are 'fond of the bottle,' when it is the contents of that vessel and not the vessel itself they love so dearly. 'The jury box is no box at all, nor does any court we ever saw sit on a bench. And what, we would respectfully inquire, do the poets and romancers mean by saying "the sex," when alluding to the ladies, as if we were of no sex at all. We could extend this list of absurdities; but enough for the present.

Fun.

Fun keeps low company—he delights in butcher-boys, and is always the first to 'go in' for a shilling ball or an omnibus race. Fun has no regard for nice clothes, and is 'down' on dyspepsia and 'good advice.' Fun seldom goes to church, but he is largely patriotic and does more Fourth of July than any other person in the city. Fun believes in fire engines and torch-light processions, and sees, in the kine given to a horse tail, a wise provision of Divine Providence for disseminating tin ware about the city. Fun is not a bad-hearted fellow—he is merely thoughtless. Although he would give 'all he's worth' to see a bulky horse run away with a load of ladders, there is no person in the city would be more pained to hear that the movement resulted painfully to any one. Fun is the child of health, and hates medicine worse than long thaws and never-ending sermons. Fun is easily tickled, and as easily overcome. A cent's worth of cholic will completely revolutionize his character, and make him as adverse to merriment as a newly-elected presbyter.

The Boy and the Dyke.

It is said that a little boy in Holland was returning one night from a village to which he had been sent by his father on an errand, when he noticed the water trickling through a narrow opening in the dyke. He stopped and thought what the consequence would be if the hole was not closed. He knew, for he had heard his father tell the sad disasters which happened from such small beginnings, how in a few hours the opening would become bigger and bigger, and let the mighty mass of waters pressing on the dyke, until the whole defence being washed away, the rolling angry waters would sweep on to the next village, destroying life and property and everything in its way. Should he turn home and alarm the villagers, it would be dark before they could arrive, and the hole might even then be so large as to defy all attempts to close it.

Promoted by these thoughts he seated himself on the bank of the canal, stopped the opening with his hand, and patiently waited the approach of some villager. But no one came. Hour after hour rolled slowly by, yet there sat the heroic boy in cold and darkness, shivering, wet, and tired, but stoutly pressing his hand against the dangerous breach. All night he stayed at his post. At last morning broke. A clergyman walking up the canal heard a groan, and looked around to see where it came from. "Why are you here, my child?" he asked, seeing the boy and surprised at his strange position. "I am keeping back the water, sir, and saving the village from being drowned," answered the child, with lips so benumbed with cold that he could scarcely speak. The astonished minister relieved the boy. The dyke was closed and the danger that threatened hundreds of lives was prevented.

Heroic boy! What a noble spirit of self-

devotedness he showed, every one will exclaim. A heroic boy indeed he was; and what was it that sustained him through that lonesome night? Why, when his teeth chattered, his limbs trembled, and his heart was filled with anxiety, did he not fly to his safe and warm home? What thought bound him to his seat? Was it not the responsibility of his position? Did he not determine to brave all the fatigue, the danger, the darkness and the cold, in thinking what the consequence would be, if he should forsake it? His mind pictured the quiet homes and beautiful farms of the people inundated by the flood of waters, and he determined to stay at his post or die.

Now there is a sense in which every person, every boy and girl, occupies a position of far weightier responsibility than that of the little Hollander on that dark and lonesome night, for, by the good or bad influence which you do and shall exert, you may be the means of turning a tide of wretchedness and eternal ruin, or a pure stream of gladness and goodness on the world. God has given you somewhere a post of duty to occupy, and you cannot get above or below your obligations to be faithful in it. You are responsible for leaving your work undone, as well as having it badly done. You cannot excuse yourself by saying, "I am nobody—I don't exert any influence;" for there is nobody so mean or obscure that he has not some influence, and you have it whether you will or not, and you are responsible for the consequences of that influence, whatever it is. Take your stand before the world then, with the determination to devote your influence to virtue, to humanity, to God. Let the children begin life and grow up with these solid principles of action, to fear and to honor God, to be true to your conscience, and to do all the good you can. Then will your path indeed be like the just, which "shineth more and more unto the perfect day."

Widows.

Some people have a prejudice against widows, but for our part we never could tell for what. Girls will do very well in their places, but one widow is worth half a dozen of them any day;—girls are so shy, so timid, so reserved, so bashful. Very few of them know how to make love, and when they do understand it, it is awkwardly done. But widows understand the whole process. They know when to advance and when to retreat. When to lay siege to a heart, and when to attack it by storm. More cases have succumbed to the dazzling bright eyes of a widow, clad in weeds, than were ever taken by the dreary, melancholy orbs of maidenhood. Believe us, there is more real danger in the dark and waving tresses of a bereaved one of twenty-two, than lurk in the golden locks of girlhood. See, there goes one of them now. Scarcely a twelve-month has softened down her excessive grief. But women can't weep always. They are made of something else besides tears; and she has already found out that her charms are not entirely faded. She has not thrown aside her sabbath weeds yet, but the heavy and sombre bombazine has given place to a light and graceful fabric, which shows beneath its folds the white petticoat, and sets off more beautifully her symmetrical form, and falls more elegantly from her polished shoulders. Notice her little foot as she trips along, how daintily it touches the ground, and how adroitly she manages to exhibit the well proportioned ankle. Ah, that is a woman for you! But look at her bonnet, will you? Seventeen summers could never manage to wear it after that fashion. See how jauntily it covers her head; how many sly glances she is enabled to throw from beneath it, and every one a barbed arrow that transfixes the heart of some love-sick swain.

Did you ever notice how much more apt rather young men are to fall in love with widows and girls that have passed the summer of life, than with young girls? Well, here is the secret of it. They are experienced anglers. They know with what sort of hooks to fish, what bait to use, and how to drag in their prey. In this they have great advantage over girls who are still only in April or May. The former do three-fourths of the courting, while the latter leave it all to be done by their suitors.

For the Patriot.

"Sam" and "Romanism."

We have always had a notion ever since we were knee high to a woodchuck, that this country belonged to good old Uncle Sam. But it seems it didn't, that is, if we believe what a Roman Catholic Priest in Pennsylvania says. Hear him:—

"The United States belong to our Lord, the Pope, and are his property, and the time is coming, Christians, when the Roman Catholic religion will be the only one allowed among the people. Our church has eighteen years experience; she is right, and has decreed it. She is infallible, and therefore,

cannot be wrong. We are all working to produce so desirable a result."

Well, work on old boy, and see how you like it. We don't doubt but that a man who would sell himself to the Pope of Rome, would lay this glorious land of ours at the feet of that liberty-crushing monster, the Romish church. But then it takes two to fight—no matter what the game is—two must have a hand in it—and in our opinion, "Sam" will take a hand in this; you can't "bluff" him off, put up as much as you please, he will "go you better." When Sam puts his foot down it is there. He says he owns this country, and all the Popes, infallible or not infallible, can't take it from him. He can fight some; he once whipped one of the old countries and thinks it would not trouble him to whip a few old countrymen. Only think of it—the Pope "boss" over this Yankee nation, when all the forces that bow in adoration to the Pope's great toe can't make it so.

The greatest enemy to our Republican institutions is the Romish Church. It has already wielded great power among us and laid its destructive hand upon our very vitals through our miserable office-seeking politicians. The issue has been taken and the question solemnly put. Shall Romanism, which is but another name for oppression and tyranny, whose history is one of superstition, ignorance, cruelty, crime and blood, rush in and crush this country, or shall the stars and stripes under which we live so peaceable continue to wave? Shall Republicanism or Roman superstition cover the land? We cannot have both. The two cannot live together. The one is great and free, giving us good laws, free speech, free schools, free religion, free thought and a free press. The other—Romanism—is directly opposite to all this. It does not tolerate the education of the people; its whole history proves it; its press reflects this sentiment. It is taught by the Boston Pilot, by the Shepherd of the Valley, by the American Celt, and by that miserable turncoat, who is base enough to descend anywhere and do any dirty work, O. A. B.—"Romanism don't allow a man to be a man; he must bow and cinge and crawl and kiss the Pope's toe. He must be crowded down till he dare not say his soul is his own; he must believe the Pope equal to, if not superior to, God. He dare not act or vote, except as he is told to. He is a slave of the worst kind; a slave of the mind. Romanism can tolerate no progress. Let a man preach Protestantism in Rome to-day and see how quick he would go to prison. Romanism binds the world down in degradation and darkness; its aim is to keep the masses down. That apostate, B——, here on Pilgrim soil, in sight of Bunker Hill, Lexington, and Faneuil Hall, has said within a year in his own Quarterly Review (if we may believe he never publishes any thing without getting permission from the Bishop):—"The people must not be educated; they are better off in ignorance. The Church of Rome can best and only be sustained in its ancient glory by keeping the masses down."

In 1854 a number of Bishops convened at Bologna, in Spain, to give Pope Julius III, counsel as to the best means of sustaining the Romish Church against the Reformation. The following is their language respecting the Scriptures:—

"Finally, it is necessary that you watch and labor, by all means in your power, that as small a portion as possible of the gospel, (above all in the vulgar tongue,) be read in the countries subject to your rule. It is the book, after all, that more than any other, has raised against us these troubles and these tempests, (referring to the excitement of the Reformation), which have brought us to the brink of ruin."

Thus we see that ignorance, superstition and oppression are what the Romish Church relies upon. That it is directly opposite to Republicanism, who can doubt? Then we appeal to all Americans, to all who love liberty and their country, to all who would see our flag still wave over a happy nation, to come forward, arm and arm, in a body, a band of men, and give battle to our common enemy. Let us put on our armor, and when we go into action, let our motto be "God and our country."

TOM MUDDOX.

For the Patriot.

Know Nothingism Reviewed.

MR. EDITOR:—The Know Nothingists declare that they will alter the Naturalization laws, and pretend to follow the steps of the men of '76, in so doing. I will compare their language, with that used by the fathers of the republic, on this subject.

In the convention which framed the Constitution of the United States, of which George Washington was President, and Benjamin Franklin, James Madison and Alexander Hamilton, members, the question was discussed, and those who claim to be the only true American party should not appeal from the decision of such a body.

On the question of inserting fourteen, in-

stead of four years citizenship, as a qualification for Senators. "Mr. Madison was not averse to some restrictions on this subject, but could never agree to this restriction—the restriction was improper, because it would give a tincture of illiberality to the Constitution. Foreign powers would not make use of strangers, as instruments for their purposes. Their bribes would be expended on men whose circumstances would rather stifle, than excite jealousy in the public." Benjamin Franklin opposed the motion; he said that "many strangers served us faithfully in the Revolution, and that many natives took part against their country. In a subsequent debate Mr. Madison said—"He wished to invite foreigners of merit, and republican principles among us. America was indebted to emigration for her settlement and prosperity. That part of America which had encouraged them most, had advanced most rapidly in population, agriculture, and the arts."

It was the unanimous opinion of that body that Congress should pass a law to enable foreigners to become naturalized citizens. The United States Congress in 1790 passed a law which made a two years' residence the period necessary to qualify an alien for citizenship. George Washington was then President, and it must have received his approval and signature before it became a law. It will thus be seen that the Know Nothings are in this particular, opposed to the founders of this republic, and that they are endeavoring to introduce a new principle into American institutions; a principle dangerous to the welfare of the State, and fatal to the liberty of a large number of the inhabitants of the country.

The arguments which they make use of, to justify their action, are ridiculous to thinking men. At one time they say that the country is ruined by the intrigues and influence of foreign voters, and to show their sense and statesmanship, they accept the services of a crowd of foreign emissaries, and send them from city to city to create riots and spill blood, thus helping them to do the work for their English employers, to whom no sight would be more grateful than to see America split into factions, and the proud republic of the West a drifting wreck upon the waters, an object of contempt, and mockery to the crowned despots of the old world, and of pity to those who think the people are entitled to liberty, and are capable of self-government.

These men do not pretend that an alien ought never to be allowed the rights of citizenship. They have no objection to a man's being naturalized, if they can be assured that he understands the principles of republican institutions, and is in other respects a good citizen. This means, if he becomes their slave, and votes as they dictate to him, he is a spirited, intelligent citizen. But if he finds that he has a conscience, and votes according to the opinion his conscience tells him is right, he is a poor, ignorant, superstitious foreigner, and ought to be debarr'd from the privilege of citizenship, until he learns how to use it, which will be until he learns to yield his opinion to the opinion of the majority.

They say that they will not vote for any man for office but a native born citizen, and their first independent nomination for Governor in New York was a foreigner by birth. They say that they are the people and will choose their representatives from the people, and then go to State street for a Governor for Massachusetts. They say that they will be independent of old fogy politicians. Their candidate for the presidency, at least one who is spoken by many of their leading men, is Sam Houston, who boasted of his Irish blood, and they have used great efforts to make a hole through which John P. Hale could creep into the brotherhood, though John's mother is said to be an O'Brien. Two of its members of Congress from this State, used to be ultra liberal to foreigners. The defence one of them makes of his principles in Congress, is that the Pope may become President; at least that he has not said, or declared, or proclaimed, that he will not depose Frank Pierce, and install himself in the White House. The Czar makes no such disclaimer, yet nobody expects that he will conquer America. It is said that poverty makes strange bedfellows, politics make stranger. It is curious to see N. P. Banks and John M. Clayton standing on one platform. What strange shifts a man is put to, who has a bad cause to defend.

CIARK.

A monstrous lump of gold was taken out in Calaveras county (Cal.) recently; it weighed 161 1-2 pounds, valued at \$38,916!

The semi-annual dividends, payable in January, in this State, on railroad stocks and bonds, manufacturing companies and miscellaneous corporations, amount to \$2,240,580. The decrease of dividends from last year, on the same stocks, is about \$1,000,000.

An importing house in New York City has written stating that the amount of duties paid for French artificial flowers for the first quarter of the current fiscal year was almost double the amount of duties paid on railroad iron.

At several of the London hospitals, the perfectly safe practice already extensively adopted in France, of embussing the part with cold previous to incision, is now being substituted for chloroform in a large class of operations.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, January 6th, 1854.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

THE NEW YEAR. To each and all of our readers we extend the customary salutation of the season, by wishing them "A Happy New Year."

GENERAL COURT. The Legislature of this State assembled at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday last.

The Senate was organized by the election of Henry W. Benchley of Worcester County, as President, and Peter L. Cox of Lynn, Clerk.

The House chose Rev. Daniel C. Eddy (Baptist) of Lowell, as Speaker, and Henry A. Marsh of Pittsfield, Clerk.

In the House, Rev. J. H. Twombly of Roxbury, on the second ballot, was chosen Chaplain. Benjamin Stevens, Esq., was unanimously elected Sergeant-at-Arms on the part of the House.

"BALLOU'S PICTORIAL." The new proprietor of this handsomely illustrated sheet, M. M. Ballou, Esq., has changed the title from "Gleason's" to "Ballou's Pictorial." With the New Year, it has increased in value and improved in appearance.

LIFE OF P. T. BARNUM. We published some extracts from this work, and were to receive a copy when printed. What say you, J. S. Redfield, publisher, 110 and 112 Nassau Street, New York City.

DEATHS IN QUINCY. We intend to publish, next week, a list of the deaths which have taken place in this town the past year.

ALMANACS. The Boston, R. B. Thomas' and other calendars, for the present year, may be found at the Quincy Bookstore. The Boston Almanac sustains its well earned character, and the Old Farmer's is second to none for its "weather wise" calculations.

HAGAR, THE MARTYR. Fetridge & Co. of Boston, have published Mrs. H. Marion Stevens' new work, entitled "Hagar the Martyr; or Passion and Reality. A tale of the North and South." This volume is ornamented with a fine likeness of the gifted authoress. We shall take an early opportunity to notice the work at length.

THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT. The highest whig authority, the National Intelligence thus speaks of the General Post Office Department:

"We do not believe that the duties of any department of the government are more arduous, or are discharged with more intelligence, assiduity, or success, than this one."

ADAMS LITERARY ASSOCIATION. At a late meeting of this Society, the following gentlemen were elected Officers for the ensuing term:—

President—C. L. Vezio.
Vice President—Lysander S. Richards.
Treasurer—James White.
Secretary—Benjamin F. Curtis.
Trustees—C. L. Vezio, Geo. P. Hardwick, Jon. Jameson, Lysander S. Richards, Wm. Parker, Jr.
Directors—Wm. Baxter, Edward A. Adams, Jos. W. Hardwick, John Q. A. Field, Walter White.
Librarian—William Parker, 3d.

THE SOCIAL ASSEMBLY. Quite a pleasant time was passed last Wednesday evening, at the Hancock House, in this town. The following extract is taken from the Boston Herald, and published at the request of a friend:

"Last Wednesday evening we attended a social party at the above named well known house, where were present a large assembly of 'fair women and brave men.' The supper was excellent; and under the supervision of the best of 'bonifaces,' to whom too much credit cannot be awarded, the company partook of a most sumptuous repast. George, with his 'good lady,' by their kind attention and smiling faces, served to make it one of the most social gatherings of the season. Among the beauty present, that was particularly noticed, we will make mention of Mrs. Frederick, the two Misses Bartlett, Miss White, and Miss Stephenson; all much admired for their becoming grace and dignity. A number of gents from the city were present, who appeared much pleased with the evening's entertainment."

SAVIL & Co.—Goodnow's Building, corner of Hancock and Granite streets, will offer their Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, and Furnishing Goods, at prices to meet competition and compare with the times. Give them a call.

WORTHY OF NOTICE. "It is astonishing how cheap they sell at Packard's," is the remark which is now made daily. Read C. Packard's advertisement in to-day's paper, and then call and see if the remark is true.

Good. Our friend J. B. Bass will in a short time, resume his old business—Painting.

CLAM CHOWDER. Don't forget the chowder to be served up at the Granite Saloon to-day for dinner.

CRAM'S HAIR DRESSING AND BATHING ROOMS. These rooms are located at the corner of Brattle and Brattle Square, Boston, in the basement of the Quincy House. The present proprietor and manager—James W. Cram—was formerly associated with Mr. Blissell in the conduct of the Parker House, at New Bedford. He is an artist in his profession, and a gentleman in his department, with fine tastes and liberal views. His hair-dressing and bathing rooms are furnished with every convenience and comfort. The baths are supplied with the Cochituate water, which can be taken warm or cold, or tempered to the desire or habits of the bather. Mr. Cram is also the manufacturer of a vegetable compound preservative for cleansing, preserving and beautifying the hair. This highly perfumed compound, was invented by Dr. Ertel, a celebrated German Chemist. It is regarded by all who have used it as possessing all the requisites for perfectly restoring the hair, and keeping it in a healthy state.

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The frigate President, taken from Commodore Decatur in 1815, was one of the three British vessels of war that were so warmly received by the Russians at Petropaulowsk, in the Pacific.

The Hon. Samuel Houston has been baptised by immersion, at Independence, in Texas, and joined the Baptist Church.

In New Haven, of fifty-six prosecutions under the liquor law, fifty-two have been sustained, and the fines have put about one thousand five hundred dollars into the town treasury.

Dr. Samuel Parkman died at his residence in Boston, on the 15th inst., of typhoid fever.

The annual amount of the lead produce of the United States is estimated at from 18,000 to 20,000 tons, which is supplied by the State of Illinois, Wisconsin, Arkansas, Virginia, Pennsylvania and New York.

Don't let your children put visiting cards in their mouths. The enamel is poisonous.

In five years the number of believers in spiritual rappings has increased in this country to over two hundred thousand, and they now support eleven newspapers.

The estate of the late Anson G. Phelps foots up at \$2,500,000. He was a Connecticut boy, and carried nothing but his hands and brains to New York City.

In a short time the bells of the great organ in Tremont Temple, Boston will be worked by steam. The engine and shafting are already set up.

Buffaloes are said to be very abundant on the Red River beyond Minnesota, and many hunters will follow them there.

A journeyman printer, a compositor in the office of the New York Courier and Enquirer, has stood at his case in that office for twenty-one years.

Of 13,432 votes recently given in the city of Mexico, only 500 were against Santa Anna's continuance in power. The seven, it is said, were sent to prison!

About one thousand persons, including men, women and children, are out of employment in Lynn (Mass.). The shoemakers have been obliged to contract their business.

Special Notices.

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 10th, by J. C. Petrat—a distinguished and eloquent lecturer.
Quincy, Jan. 6. 1w

PARTICULAR NOTICE. An adjourned meeting of citizens, friendly to the construction of a Railroad from the Granite Ledges near "Belknap Square," (so called) to some point on the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad, in the northern part of Quincy, will be held in Mr. Josiah Babcock's Hall in Milton, on MONDAY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. All persons, in favor of this enterprise, are earnestly invited to be present.
Per order of the Committee.
Jan. 6. 1w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.
J. JAMESON, President.
WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

R. L. G. Comrades! Remember the next meeting of the Company, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Be on hand precisely at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Try and bring in good members.
Per Order.

NEW BOOKS—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents.

Also—A great variety of FANCY GOODS. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts.
Quincy, Dec. 23. 1f

DR. CARL V. MYERS' Homoeopathic Balsam.

A highly Medicated Symp, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise is an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.
Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3m

GODEY'S LADY BOOK. The January number of this most excellent publication came promptly to hand. It is admitted to be the best periodical of its character, published. Its high moral, intellectual and interesting features are ably sustained in each and every number. None become its patrons but to admire and continue its supporters. L. A. Godey, Esq., and Mrs. S. J. Hale, the editors, rank among the first writers, and in the publishing-line L. A. Godey is not to be excelled. The illustrations and designs are superior, and appropriately adapted. Subscription price per year, three dollars.

We offer to our friends, who will take the Patriot and the Lady's Book for one year, and pay in advance, both publications for four dollars. Now is the time to subscribe.

Marriages.

In this town, on the 1st inst., by Rev. N. Clark, Mr. John Williams to Miss Lucy A. Miller.

In this town, on Christmas Eve, at the Episcopal Church, by Rev. G. M. Bradley, Mr. William S. Glover to Miss Fayette V., daughter of Mr. William Gordon of Augusta, Me.

Our best wishes to the happy couple, who kindly remembered us; and may their highest expectations hereafter be more than realized.

May their life be like a summer's day, whose evening shall go down,
Like the evening in the Eastern clime, that never knows a frown.

LOST,

BETWEEN School Street, Quincy, and Washington street, Boston, a GOLD WATCH CHAIN and LOCKET. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at THIS OFFICE, or with DANIEL & CO., 249 Washington street, Boston. 2w Jan. 6.

Messenger's Notice.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK ss. Weymouth, Jan. 1st, 1855.

SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency in and for the said County of Norfolk, has issued a Warrant against the Estate of—

NORTON Q. TIRRELL,

of Weymouth, in said County, Physician, an Insolvent Debtor, and the payment of any Debt, and the delivery of any Property belonging to said Insolvent Debtor, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property, by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of his Creditors will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at the Court Room of said County, in Canton, in said County, on the nineteenth day of January, A. D. 1855, at ten o'clock, forenoon, for the proof of Debts, and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Sh'ff. Jan. 6. 2w Messenger.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of

JAMES BRYANT,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Stone County, and his personal and legal representative. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Administrator.

Jan. 6. 1855. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of the Estate of—

CHARLOTTE BRACKETT,

late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his second account in his said capacity for allowance:—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Guardian of the Person of—
CHARLOTTE BRACKETT, minor children of—

FREDERICK BRACKETT, late of Newbury, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance:—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk.

The second meeting of the Creditors of
OZEN JOSSELYN,

of Quincy, in said County, Trader, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at the Office of William S. Leland, Esq., in Quincy, on the twenty-sixth day of January, instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

The subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of said Insolvent Debtor.

SETH ADAMS, Assignee. Quincy, Jan. 6. 2w

Express to Boston.

THE subscriber will commence running an Express Wagon, on Monday, Jan. 9th, to and from Boston, for the transportation of Merchandise, Packages, etc., and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage, for which he promises to give strict attention to orders and carelessness in conveying all articles entrusted to his care.

Orders may be left at the Union Store, 179; Wyman Abercrombie's; Hancock House, and C. & L. Curtis' Store. In Boston, orders can be left at 84 Elm street.

Hours of departure will be 9 o'clock A. M. from Quincy, and 3 o'clock P. M. from Boston.

GEORGE D. FOLLETT. Quincy, Jan. 6. 1f

List of Letters

Remaining in the Quincy Post Office, Jan. 1st, 1855.

Altenhen, Frederick
Avery, Walter
Andrews, John
Avery, Samuel
Burns, Patrick
Burns, James
Bushnell, N.—2
Bishop, Jesse
Billings, Geo. W.
Billings, G. B. Capt.
Bass, G. W.
Carr, William I.
Curtis & Peabody,
Cook, George
Curtin, Timothy
Chace, James T.
Cowen, J. W.
Coragen, Dann
Carter, Martha M.
Dinnegan, P.
Dennett, M. B.
Dillart, M. H.
Dell, Lewis
Daly, Mary
Fellows, Luther S.—2
Flougherty, Martin
French, James
Fisher, Charles
Foy, John
Follansbee, J. M.
Foster, Chase S.
Fallon, John
Fallon, Patrick
Fellows, Sarah
Flynn, Mary
Foster, Eliza T.
Fitzpatrick, Bridget
Gorges, Lyer
Glazebrook, John
Goss, Lorenda
Hill, John B.—9
Hollan, Hugo
Hogan, Edmund
Holbrook, Jas. S.—2
Herman, D.—2
Houghton, Geo. S.
Hammond, B. F.
Hackett, Ellen
Howe, Mary W.
Hennissy, Bridget
Jones, Lewis
Kenney, John
Lawrence, A.
Laine, Mich
Long, Mary Riely
Leavitt, Mrs.—2
Martin, William
McLaughlin, James
McDonald, William
McGann, William H.
McConn, Michael
McGilliendry, B.
Mullen, John
Manning, E. R.
Moriarty, Johann—2
McCarthy, Mary
Merriman, Julia A.
Perkins, Charles H.
Pierce, Isaac
Palmer, Walter S.—2
Porter, Mrs. Isaac
Raleigh, Michael
Reyley, James
Rodman, Thomas
Ryan, Cath.
Stoddard, Washington
Soluen, John
Smith, Francis F.
Steel, Jacob
Smith, John
Stearns, Levi Jr.
Smith, Elizabeth
Sanborn, Josephine
Seaver, Caroline
Tabor, J. F.—3
Torry, Solomon
Walker, Edward J.
Walker, Edward
White, Ira
JOHN A. GREEN, Postmaster.
Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Selling Off

—AT A—

Great Discount

FROM FORMER PRICES, ALL KINDS OF

DRY GOODS.

Please call and examine.

I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Jan. 7. 1f

Horse.

FOR SALE—A valuable FAMILY HORSE. 9 years old, sound, and kind in all harness, and good under the saddle—can trot a mile in 3 minutes.

Also—A SLEIGH, almost new, HARNESS and ROBES. Address M. WHITLOCK, Quincy Post Office.
Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Auction.

FURNITURE, FEATHERS, MATTRESSES, LOOKING GLASSES, AND PAPER HANGINGS.

ON TUESDAY, Jan. 9th, at 10 o'clock, to close the Concern, the Entire Stock of Furniture, comprising a large assortment of Painted Chamber Sets, Sofas, Bureaux, Stuffed Looking Chairs, Parlor and Common Chairs, Bedsteads, Wash Sinks and Stands, Card Centre, and Common Tables, Looking Glasses, Mattresses, Feathers, &c. &c.

PAPER HANGINGS.

About 2000 Rolls, comprising a great variety of styles and qualities. All the above are new and perfect, and will be sold without reserve, to close the concern. Conditions at the time of sale.

GEORGE H. FRENCH, Auc'r.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 1w

Wood at Auction.

TO be sold at auction, on FRIDAY, January 12th, at 1 o'clock P. M., in lots, all the WOOD standing on about fifteen acres of land of Daniel Baxter, situated about half a mile South of the Episcopal Church, and adjoining that sold on the 24th of November last.

Conditions at the sale.

Quincy, Jan. 6. EBEN R. ADAMS, Auc't.

PRIME WOOD.

THE subscriber has One Hundred Cord of first quality Oak and Walnut WOOD, which he will deliver at any part of the Village of Quincy, at Seven and a Half Dollars a Cord.

ELI HAYDEN.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Quincy Point, Jan. 1st, 1855.

Ayers, Jane Miss
Clark, Q. A. Capt.
David, George H.
Fisher, Samuel J.
Haskell, Albert Capt.
Haskell, I. Capt.
Merrett, Jabez H.
Torrey, Daniel S. Capt.
P. W. NEWCOMB, P. M.
Quincy Point, Jan. 6. 3w

Singing Schools and Choirs

SUPPLIED with BOOKS at the Lowest Rates. We have on hand the—

NEW CARMINA SACRA, TIMBREL, HALLELUJAH, SHAUM, PSALTERY, TAVILOR'S SACRED MINSTREL, ANCIENT LYRE, CHURCH MELODIES, BAY STATE COLLECTION, CHORAL, SACRED MINSTREL, BOSTON ACADEMY'S COLLECTION, CANTICA LAUDIS, SONGS OF SACRED PRAISE, AMERICAN VOCALIST.

With all others used in this and neighboring towns, which we sell at Wholesale, or Retail, at the lowest prices.

C. GILL & CO., Quincy Bookstore.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 1f

For Sale Cheap.

A LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNEL, by I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

Geo. Savil & Co.'s Column.

1855.

George Savil & Co.,

GOODNOW'S BUILDING, Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of Purchasers is requested. We have now on hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS, DELAINES, CASHMERES, ALPACCAS, ALEPINES, MOURNING CRAPE, MOHAIR LUSTRE, MADONNAS, LYONESE, THIBETS, GALA PLAIDS, BLACK SILKS, LADIES' CLOTHS, VELVETS, WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS, DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, BLANKETS, COTTON FLANNELS, DENIMS, TICKINGS, DIAPERS, WOOLLEN YARNS, CAMBRICS, SILECIA, PATCHES, TABLE COVERS, WROUGHT COLLARS, UNDER HDKFS, UNDER SLEEVES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we shall sell at a small advance from Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASHMERES, DOESKINS, SATINETS, VESTINGS,

which will be sold by the yard or manufactured into Garments to order, in a Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manufacture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Consisting in part of—

OVERCOATS, DRESS FROCKS, BUSINESS FROCKS, BUSINESS SACKS, PANTS, VESTS, OVERALLS.

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts, Bosoms, Dickies, Gloves, Stocks, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Under Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—

SOFA, BUREAU, STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS, PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS, PAINTED CHAMBER SETS, COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS, WASH SINKS AND STANDS, CARD TABLES, CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES, LOOKING GLASSES, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,

PAINTED CANVASS, STRAW MATTINGS, BOCK

1855.

George Savil & Co.,
GOODNOW'S BUILDING,
Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS
QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS
for Fall and Winter, to which the attention
of Purchasers is requested. We have now on
hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS,
DELAINEES,
CASHMEREES,
ALPACAS,
ALEPINES,
MOURNING CRAPE,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONESE,
THIBETS,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
VELVETS,
WOOLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLEN YARNS,
CAMBRICS,
SILECIA,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER HDKS,
UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,
which we shall sell at a small advance from
Cost.

WOOLEN GOODS.
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
VESTINGS,
which will be sold by the yard or manufac-
tured into Garments to order, in a
Superior Manner.

We have also in Store, of our own Manu-
facture, our usual assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING
Consisting in part of—
OVERCOATS,
DRESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS FROCKS,
BUSINESS SACKS,
PANTS,
VEESTS,
OVERALLS.

Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and
Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts,
Bosoms,
Dickies,
Gloves,
Stocks,
Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Under Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Socks,
Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—AT 50—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the
Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,
Consisting in part of—
SOFA,
BUREAU,
STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS
PARLOR & COMMON CHAIRS,
PAINTED CHAMBER SETS,
COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS,
WASH SINKS AND STANDS,
CARD TABLES,
CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
MATTRESSES,
FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,
PAINTED CANVASS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
BOCKINGS.

Paper Hangings.

A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising
a great variety of styles and prices.

—Please call and examine for yourselves, as
we are confident we can offer you Goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction.

Quincy, Oct. 14. 1854. Geo. Savil & Co.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 6.

Selling Off
AT PRICES
To Compare with the Times!

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS,
CARPETINGS,
CROCKERY WARE,
FURNITURE,
CLOTHING,
FANCY GOODS.

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, &c.,
Will be offered to Customers at prices which will
convince them that I am determined to sell.

I will not state any Prices, but assure the public
that if they will give me a call they will find
Goods at Prices which will ensure their Sale.

Persons in want of—
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
should lose no time before examining my Stock,
which consists of a good assortment of every de-
scription. **CALEB PACKARD.**
Quincy, Dec. 30.

How the Warm Weather

Tight Money Market

DRIVES THE BOSTON TRAILERS TO

Sacrifice their Goods!

BE SURE AND GET

A NEW SUIT

at the following Low Prices, viz:

\$1 1-2 to 2. Good Pants, of various

styles.

\$2 1-2. Cassimere, Doeskin, and

Broaderh Pant, at this low price,

for a few days, to reduce Stock.

\$2 3-4. Custom Made Doeskin Pants,

Canvas Bottoms, and made of as

good materials as the Pants for

which you usually pay \$5. Closing

sale of Winter Clothing.

\$3 to \$5. Fancy Cassimere, Doe-

skin, and Cloth Pants, of very de-

scribable pattern, being at least 25 per-

cent less than the same are usually

sold.

\$8 00. A nice Affair for a Gentle-

man. Over Garments, custom made,

usually sold for much more.

\$10 to 12. A Fine Custom Made

Overcoat or Sack, made from Drab,

Blue, and Black Pilot Cloth, Broad-

cloth, and Beaver Cloth, for this

low price. Will guarantee that the

same garments are sold at from \$15

to \$20.

\$8 to 16. Talmas—An entirely new

style of Over Garment, combining

gentility with ease and comfort.

\$3 1-2 For an Office and Business

Coat—to close out the Stock.

\$8 to 12. Dress and Frock Coats,

from Superfine Broadcloth and Doe-

skins, made up in good style and in

a faithful manner. All will be sold

at these low prices, to close out stock.

\$1 to 1 1-2. Vests, of the latest

fashions, for these low prices.

\$2 to 3 1-2. For a Nice Fancy Sat-

in Vest. Also Black or Fancy Silk

do., made up in the latest styles.

Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns

very lowest prices.

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

37 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts

and Drawers.

50 to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen

Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms.

5 to 17 " " Collars.

17 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats.

25 to 100 " Silk Pocket Hdks.

10 to 50 " Suspenders.

37 to 200 " Umbrellas.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes.

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00. Traveling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods,

to be closed up cheap.

Boys' Department.

\$2 to \$5. Over Sacks.

\$1 1-2 to \$4. Jackets.

\$1 1-2 to \$3. Suit Jacket and Pants.

\$1 to \$3. Cassimere, Cloth and

Doeskin Pants.

50 Cts. to \$2. Vests.

Very truly, the above are low prices! Purchasers

however, are requested to bring this advertise-

ment, however, and they will then acknowledge

the fact, as we are determined to close up the

Stock of Winter Clothing.

A copy of the New Book, "Oak Hall Pictorial,"

gratis, to every purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM.

OAK HALL,

34-NORTH STREET, BOSTON.

Dec. 30. 2m

Lost.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber

has either lost or mislaid a Certificate in his

name of Three Shares in the Capital Stock of the

Fall River Railroad Company, and that he shall

apply for a new or second Certificate in lieu there-

of in the Capital Stock of the Old Colony and Fall

River Railroad Co., and this notice is hereby given

in conformity with the By-Laws of said Com-

pany. **JOSEPH DYER.**

South Braintree, Dec. 23, 1854. 2m

Notice.

THE Annual Meeting of the Members of the

Weymouth and Braintree Institution for Sav-

ing, for the choice of Officers for the year ensu-

ing, will be held at the Office of the Corpora-

tion, on MONDAY, January the 8th, 1855, at 2

o'clock P. M. **A. S. WHITE, Secretary.**

Weymouth, Dec. 23.

FOR SALE,
—AT THE—
QUINCY BOOKSTORE,
THE USUAL VARIETY OF
BOOKS
AND
Fancy Goods,
SUITABLE FOR
CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

Every exertion will be made to supply the
wants of our patrons in a satisfactory manner in
every respect. **C. GILL & CO.**
Quincy, Dec. 16. 1f

Messenger's Notice.
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK ss. WYOMOUTH, Dec. 25, 1854.

SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner
of Insolvency in and for the said County of
Norfolk, has issued a Warrant against the Estate of

JONATHAN WILD,
of Braintree, in said County, Physician, an Insol-
vent Debtor, and the payment of any Debts, and the

transfer of any Property, belonging to said In-
solvent Debtor, to him or for him, are forbidden by
law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at a
Court of Insolvency, at the office of John J.
Clarke, Esq., in Roxbury, in said County, on the

fourth day of January, next, at nine o'clock, fore-
noon, for the proof of Debts, and the choice of an
Assignee or Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Dep'y Sh'ff.
Dec. 23. 3w
Messenger.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 23, A.D. 1854.

EDMUND MARSH, Administrator of the
Estate of—

REBECCA CRANE,
late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased,

having presented his account in his said capacity
for allowance—

Ordered—That said Edmund notify all persons
interested therein that they may appear and be
heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate

to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the
thirteenth day of January, A.D. 1855, by publish-

ing this Order three weeks successively in the
newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at
Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Dec. 30. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 16, A.D. 1854.

EDMUND MARSH, Executor of the Will
of—

ELISHA T. CRANE,
late of Quincy, in said County, Cordwainer, de-
ceased, having presented his account in his said

capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Edmund notify all persons
interested therein that they may appear and be
heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate

to be held at Roxbury, in said County, on the
thirteenth day of January, A.D. 1855, by publish-

ing this Order three weeks successively in the
newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at
Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 9, A.D. 1854.

B. APPLETON and EBENEZER WOOD-
WARD, the Executors of the Will of—

THOMAS GREENLEAF,
late of Quincy, in said County, Esquire, deceased,

having presented their account in their said capacity
for allowance—

Ordered—That said Executors notify all persons
interested therein that they may appear and be
heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate

to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the
second Tuesday of February, A.D. 1855, at 10

o'clock A. M., by publishing this Order three
weeks successively in the newspaper called the
Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, Dec. 16. 3w

Particular Notice.
THE Subscriber will close his business on

the 15th of March ensuing, disposing of what
remains at that time at public auction, and
therefore give this notice to all indebted to make

immediate payment, and requests all who have
claims to present them.

MEATS, PROVISIONS, &c., will be kept un-
til the above time, and settled at the lowest prices,
for cash. **FRANCIS MARDEN.**

Quincy, Dec. 30. 1f

Quincy Canal.
THE Stockholders of Quincy Canal are her-
eby notified that their annual Meeting will be

held at the HANCOCK HOUSE in Quincy, on
TUESDAY, the 9th of January next, at 2 o'clock
P. M., for the election of Officers and the transac-

tion of such other business as may come before
them.

A full attendance is requested.
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Clerk.
Quincy, Dec. 30. 2w

To Let,
A large and convenient Stable, formerly

occupied by Simon Gillett and lately by Ga-

len Dismick.

Application may be made to Mr. BOWDITCH,

JOSIAH BRIGHAM.

Quincy, Dec. 30. 1f

Two Beautiful Annals.
The Boston Almanac for 1855.

The Lady's Almanac for 1855.

For sale at the **QUINCY BOOKSTORE.**

Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has recent-

ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by Mr.

SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all

with Meats of the very best quality.

Quincy, April 2. 1f

1855.
MAGAZINES FOR JANUARY—Com-

prising a new and interesting Volume. Now is the

time. Call and get them at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 3w

Special Notice.
ALL persons indebted to me, are respectfully

requested to call and settle, at my new place,

from 7 to 9 o'clock in the evening, to enable me

to meet my demands without any reluctance what-

ever. What I receive SHALL be put in circula-

tion. **N. B. Short accounts make long friends.**

GEO. B. NIGHTINGALE.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 4w

CALEB PACKARD.
DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-
scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak
Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-
eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a
great variety of fancy articles.
GENTS' and BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing,
AND
FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,
CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,
HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,
of every description constantly on hand, or
furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS
of every quality. I would ask the particular
attention of the public to this branch of my business

MILLINERY GOODS!
Customers wishing Goods of this class, will
find always a carefully selected Stock, of the
latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and

trimmed.

CARPETINGS,
of every style and quality; Crockery, China,
Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and
keeping. I would respectfully invite

the attention of my friends and customers, to
my present varied Stock, to which I am con-
stantly making addition, and solicit a call from

all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.
Quincy, Dec. 3d. 1f

Fall and Winter
REPORT OF FASHIONS,
AT

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,
Over C. & L. CURTIS'S Grocery Store,
Corner of Franklin and Liberty street,

D. RING, Merchant Tailor and Dealer
in

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready
made Clothing,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Together with a choice selection of Fancy
SILK VELVET

VESTINGS.
Those in want of good fitting Garments can de-
pend upon getting them at this Establishment.

N. B. Particular attention given to **BOYS'**
CLOTHING.
Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths will be

strictly attended to.
Quincy, Oct. 7. 1f

CLOTHING
For the Winter of 1854,
—AT—

RUSSELL & Co.'s,
Town Hall Building.....Quincy.

THE Subscribers having REPLENISH-
ED their Stock, with

New Goods and New Styles,
adapted to the coming season, would invite all pur-
chasers of CLOTHS and CLOTHING, ready

made or custom, to call and examine our stock,
and very promise that garments shall be cut and
made in the most thorough manner. Our aim will

be to sustain the reputation already gained of keep-
ing the best place in Norfolk County for the pur-
chaser of Clothing—where he can get good Goods

and get also his Money's worth.

We have got on hand, a rare assortment of rich
Velvet Vestings,

FURNISHING GOODS always on hand.
JOHN RUSSELL & Co.
Quincy, Sept. 30. 1f

New Tailoring Goods.

J. A. HOLDEN,
WOULD inform the inhabitants of Quincy

and vicinity, that he has
Just Replenished his Stock,

with a choice selection of Goods, suitable for
AUTUMN and WINTER.

He invites the attention of such as expect punctu-
ality and good workmanship, for cash only, such
as he sells, rendering any other mode of

business impracticable

Poetry.

For the Patriot.

The Flight of Time.

BY JENNY—NEW YORK.

Another year is fast declining
Mid the shadows of the past,
There to rest in dark oblivion,
It has winged its flight at last.

Quickly speeds each trembling moment
Down the stream, relentless Time,
Bearing onward pleasures, sorrows,
To thine own mysterious shrine.

Oh we feel your tottering footsteps
On the verge of moments fled,
Bid thee rest—to spare the loved one,
"Ere thy shaft is quickly sped.

O, your promises are fleeting,
"Ere we taste the pleasing draught,
Back on Time's relentless river
Perish all so fondly sought.

Why so tireless? why so searching?
Blighting joys that once were bright,
Changing gladness into mourning,
Deeper than the wing of night.

Onward, onward, still how sadly,
Weep I o'er the year that's fled;
Mourn I with the leaves that's scattered,
O'er the grave where rests the dead.

The Old Cottage Clock.

Oh! the old, old clock, of the household stock,
Was the brightest thing and neatest;
Its hands, though old, had a touch of gold,
And its chime rang still the sweetest.

'Twas a monitor, too, though its words were few,
Yet they lived, though nations altered;
And its voice, still strong, warned old and young,
When the voice of friendship faltered!

"Tick, tick," it said—"quicker, quick, to bed—
For ten I've given warning;
Up, up, and go, or else you know,
You'll never rise 'soun' in the morning!"

A friendly voice was that old, old clock,
As it stood in the corner smiling,
And blessed the time with a merry chime,
The wintery hours beguiling;

But a cross old voice was that tiresome clock,
As it called at daybreak boldy,
When the dawn looked gray o'er the misty way,
And the early air blew coldy!

"Tick, tick," it said—"quicker, quick, out of bed,
For five I've given warning;
You'll never have health, you'll never get wealth,
Unless you're up soon in the morning!"

Still hourly the sound goes round and round,
With a tone that ceases never;
While tears are shed for the bright days are fled,
And the old friends lost forever!

Its heart beats on—tho' its heart is gone,
That warmer beat and younger;
Its hands still move—though hands we love
Are clasped on earth no longer!

"Tick, tick," it said—to the churchyard bed,
The grave hath given warning;
Up, up, and rise and look to the skies,
And prepare for a heavenly morning!"

Popular Similes.

Some ingenious rhymers have placed the following sayings in poetic order, the opposite in juxtaposition:

As wet as a fish—as dry as a bone;
As live as a bird—as dead as a stone;
As plump as a partridge—as poor as a rat;
As strong as a horse—as weak as a cat;
As hard as a flint—as soft as a mole;
As white as a lily—as black as a coal;
As quick as a hawk—as slow as a snail;
As light as a drum—as free as the air;
As heavy as lead—as light as a feather;
As steady as time—as uncertain as weather;
As hot as an oven—as cold as a frog;
As gay as a lark—as sick as a dog;
As slow as a snail—as swift as the wind;
As true as the gospel—as false as mankind;
As thin as a herring—as fat as a pig;
As proud as a peacock—as blue as a grig;
As savage as a tiger—as mild as a dove;
As still as a power—as loud as a glove;
As blind as a bat—as deaf as a post;
As cool as a cucumber—as warm as a toad;
As red as a cherry—as pale as a ghost.

Anecdotes.

"How are you, Count?" said a noted wag to a spruce looking specimen of the genus snob.

"Sir!" exclaimed the indignant swell, "who are you? and why call me Count?"

"Why, I saw you counting oysters in New York last week, and I supposed you were of royal blood," said the wag.

"What is the meaning of a backbiter?" said a reverend gentleman, during an examination at a parochial school.

This was a puzzle. It went down the class till it came to a simple little urchin, who said—

"Praps it be a flea."

A lawyer once approached a pretty quacker and said she looked so charming he couldn't help giving her a kiss.

"Friend," said she, "thou must not do it!"

"Oh, by heaven, I will!"

"Well, Friend, as thou hast sworn, thee may do it, but thou must not make a practice of it!"

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50

Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50

Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50

Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50

Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50

Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25

Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25

Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25

Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.

Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50

Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.

County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00

Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25

" " " 3 " " 1.50

" " " 4 " " 1.00

" " " 1 " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.

All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00

" " " half " " 7.00

" " " 3 months " " 4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not oftener, however, than once a month.

All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.

Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.

Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.

Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)

JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.

BLOSSOM & LASTERBROOK, Hingham Journal.

L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.

CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.

H. O. HEDRETH, Dedham Gazette.

JAMES TUCKER, Old Colony Memorial.

GEORGE PRINCE, N. Bridgewater Gazette.

WILLIAM BANE, Massapog Journal.

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, at Per order.

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.

O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.

With keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,

OF ANY QUALITY.

Also—

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

32 Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, nails; Barn Door Rolls and Rails, for top or bottom; Ovens, Doors, Furnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fastenings, Patent Window Springs, Tinned Paper, Fence and St. Balmers; Framing Poles, tubed.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kind.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

33 Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

JOHN O. FOYE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

EVERY BODY wishes to know about this time, what new and beautiful

Holiday Presents. The season for such enjoyments is fast approaching, and already expectation and hope have confidently revived. Little ones are growing clamorous and older ones are looking thoughtful—all expecting a little harmless and innocent gratification.

You are authorized to say, Mr. Editor, that every rational wish of this nature can be easily gratified by calling at Dr. MARDEN'S. His stock is new and judiciously selected; and nothing but "Modesty" prevents his saying that he will sell CHEAPER than can be purchased in the city or elsewhere. Please give him a call and satisfy yourself.

Quincy, Dec. 9. 1f

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoorhound; Buchanan's Sassafras Balm; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Halls' Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11. 1f

Almanacs for 1855.

OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B. Thomas.

Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and Account Book; Family Christian Almanac; and many others—sold at

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 1f

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building,

Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.

May 20. 1f

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8. 1f

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees

OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK.

WM. E. TRAVIS.

No. 106 Kneeland Street.

Boston, April 16, 1853. 1f

ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing,

SUCH AS

POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,

BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY

PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,

WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

—HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER,

Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

—ALSO—

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,

QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852. 1f

William E. Colburn's

Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,

At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,

From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20

South Market Street.

33 All orders promptly attended to. 43

April 2, 1853. 14-1f

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN

By Goods, Crockery, Glass and

Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice

W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,

all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices

and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 1f

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of

MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-

MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE

ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass.

Nov. 26. 1f

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

—DEALER IN—

LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

—ALSO—

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

33 Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12. 1f

ARNOLD'S

Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE,

Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,

Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,

Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERT'S Arabian Horse Powders,

for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,

etc., etc.

Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.

DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 28. 1f

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,

Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at

DR. MARDEN'S.

Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla,

Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pi-

mento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose

and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine;

French do.; Russia and Cooper's Singlass;

Sugar; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram;

Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 25. 1f

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White

Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap,

at

I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 29. 1f

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,

Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite

attention to this establish-

ment, now opened near the

South Quincy Depot—

where MONUMENTAL work

of every description, from the

simplest Grave Stone or Table-

to the most elegant and elab-

orate Monument is executed

in the very best style.

Long experience in the busi-

ness, and a thorough competency

in the Art of Designing, en-

ables the Conductors of these works to carry out

the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-

ments of persons in need of such articles.

—ALSO—

GRANITE WORK,

—in all its forms—

FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, &c.

MONUMENTS, STEPS,

TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,

Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c.,

furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all

drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as

the work, attest the skill and competency of the

Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-

spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1855.

NUMBER II.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barkley, Farina, Grounds, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Sells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c. &c. Fresh European Lincthes always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington at rear of Store Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 45tf

IMPORTANT

Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL.
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE.
As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST.



"They can't keep House without it."

Experience of more than sixteen years has established the fact that MERCHANT'S celebrated Gargling Oil, or External Family Medication, will cure most cases, and relieve all ailments.

Spavens, Sweeney, Ringbone, Windgalls, Piles, Galls, Cracked Heels, Grease, &c. of all kinds, Fresh Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Fists, Tolls, Sifts, Sore Croups, Strains, Lameness, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease, Mange, Rheumatism, Bites of Animals, External Pains, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost, Bites, Burns, Corns, Whitlows, Horns and Scabs, Chills, Chapped Hands, Cramps, Contractions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c. &c. &c.

The unparalleled success of this Oil, in the cure of diseases in Horses and Cattle, and even in human beings, has become known to the farming community, and it can hardly be credited, except by those who have been in the habit of keeping it in their stables and houses, what an amount of time, money and time are saved by the timely application of this Oil.

GEORGE W. MERCHANT, Licenses N. Y. is shown in the side of the bottle, and is his handwriting over the cork. All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly responded to.

Get a Pennyworth of the Oil, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine in the United States and Canada. Also by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

Also by Wm. T. Raul, Druggist, Geo. W. Bart, Bookkeeper, Zeuss Snow, Randolph, D. M. Swift, Milton, J. Whipple and retailing by all the Druggists, P. R. Slater & Co. and Dr. Taylor, Jr. & Co., Boston.

Quincy, Nov. 18. 4f

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at Dr. MARDEN'S, corner of Hancock and Granite Streets, you will find a splendid assortment of

TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs, Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descriptions.

Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs, Sleighs—Villiers, Minton, Companies, Dining Sets, Tea Sets, New Pins, Toys, Rattles, Whistles, Flageolets, Chromes, Trumpets, Harmonicas, Harmoniums—Fancy Glass Boxes, Fancy Baskets, Kachidomones, Bird Cages, Patent Boxes and Boudoirs, Transparent Stoves, &c. &c., and at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Massachusetts Election.

Quincy, Nov. 18. 4f

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND

PITCH LOZENGES.

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged fully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass.

Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette.

Glen's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Ointment and Chalk Balls; Choice Mien Fan, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 11. 4f

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co., Quincy, March 25. 4f

Porte Moniales.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety of new patterns. Also, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.

Quincy, Oct. 21. 2w

Tooth Ache!

TELL every person you meet, who is afflicted with tooth-ache, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.

Quincy, Dec. 24. 4f

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

Two DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisements is limited to their own immediate business.

Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK.
West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton, CHARLES BLECK.
Dorchester, ORIN P. BACON.
Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY.
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVELY.
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City, FREEMAN HUNT.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.), GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The Southern Home.

"In a beautiful home there is gloom to-day,
For a star in its beauty is passing away!
A spirit is leaving these chilly bowers,
And wending its way with the birds and flowers!"

In a beautiful home—in a southern home, amid the flush of eternal flowers—amid the song of birds that never tire warbling—amid the bright and beautiful things of nature—a noble woman, tired of the vanities and follies of this life, had lain down to take her last long sleep, whose waking should be in heaven! Hagar—the saint—the improvisatrice—the martyr woman! Hagar, the superb, the haughty, the glorious queen of poesy and love, lay languishing on a bed of suffering—dying!

Did they who stamped upon her infant brow that bitter name know how surely she would work out its destiny in sorrow and despair!

Name only for the crushed, the bewildered, the broken-hearted; and so they give it to her whose pathway through life was to be in thorns! She had reached that pathway's end, and now lay dying! What was it to her now that the heart of manhood, that should have shielded, but only betrayed, now wept tears of blood to see her fading out—melting away into the shadow of death, as sunset clouds melt into the blue heaven? Heavily throbbed the old clock in the hall, as if in agony to tell the minutes which were to be her last.

A strong man, paralyzed with remorse and grief, knelt among the curtains of the bed, pressing the thin white hand that had often sought his clasp but to find itself repulsed.

"Hagar—Hagar! has it come to this!" moaned the stricken man in the extremity of his grief. But Hagar did not hear him. Her eyes, supernatural in their burning brilliancy, were fixed upon the door; but there were no words upon her lips to express the desire so eloquent in its dumb appeal.

A slight movement of her arm brought to her side a gorgeous slave woman, who crouched in the corner of the room, sweeping through the curtains with her burning eyes, and catching every intimation of her dying mistress.

There were no tears in her eyes—nothing but a rim of deeper blackness circling the lids—to tell the depth of her anguish.

And how gorgeous she was! Only those who have noted the perfection of beauty to which the negro blood just merging into whiteness aspires, can imagine for a moment the extraordinary beauty of this white slave of Carolina.

The opaque white of her complexion shone out in dazzling clearness, with just the tinge of bloom away backward and forward beneath her cheek. Her long hair swept in ringlets to her waist, with no more of a crisp or wave than served for the ornament of our modern style of beauty. Canova never dreamed of a more perfect form. The broad, sloping shoulders—the full, voluptuous bust, making more conspicuous the round, lithe waist, so perfect in its proportions—the round, taper arm, the hand long and slender, the feet beautiful in their extreme smallness! But the eyes! Let one but once glance in their burning depths, and there would be no thought for aught else. Let her once speak, and the melody of her voice drowned even the lustre of her eyes! Such was Minnie Claire, the slave woman and personal attendant of Hagar Martin, who lay dying amid the luxury of her southern home.

Minnie raised the head of her mistress, and in so doing unclasped the strings of her cap. A flood of hair, black as night, swept

over the bed, and mingled with curls only distinguishable by their purple tint.

The room was filled with weeping mourners; but there was one missing whose presence the dying woman most needed.

She had not long to wait, for the window opened from the lawn, and a strange, wild, beautiful creature flung herself half over the sill into the room.

"Hagar!" exclaimed a dozen voices, from as many persons, shocked at the sacrilegious act.

The girl, struck with the solemn-looking faces about her, paused, and dropped her apron full of flowers, which she had been all the morning gathering for the sick room of her mother. A shade of disappointment stole over her face, succeeded by one of perplexity. The dying woman turned her eyes imploringly upon the child, who sprang in, heedless of the crowd, and clambering upon the bed, threw her arms about her mother's neck.

"Hagar! my will, beautiful Hagar!" the dying woman murmured, in tones which scarcely reached beyond the ear they were intended for.

"Loving, passion-hearted Hagar! O that here, in my dying hour, I could pour the experience of my spirit into yours; that I could save you from the broken reed upon which my soul has leaned! O for time—time—time!"

The brow of the speaker grew damp with death dew, but still she held the strange child clasped to her bosom.

"Speak, mamma," urged the timid voice in a reverent tone; "don't fear I shall ever forget. Speak!"

The dark, round cheek, shaded with curls of raven hair, contrasted strangely with the faded one beside it.

"Hagar!—my Hagar!—read the world as you would a book, and fold away from its gaze thy strong, high heart before it yields to the voice of the chamber. Hagar, Hagar! For spirits such as thine there is the cross and the stake wherein to impale its yearnings! There are lessons to be learned in darkness and in sorrow. There are dreams from whose awakening death were a million fold to be preferred."

"I'm listening, mamma. I shall treasure all you have to say," murmured the child, whose burning eyes were reverently turned heavenward. For a long time the painful breathing of the mother was the only sound which disturbed the silence of the room. Minnie attempted to remove the child from the clasped arms, stifling in death; but it was only the signal for a closer clasp, as if not even the King of Terrors could separate the loving and the loved. A trance vision hovered about the woman, through which the future of her child seemed painfully distinct; for, after a moment of intense thought, with an energy only given to her in that last struggle, she raised herself from her pillow, and called wildly for her husband. In a moment he was by her side, with her head upon his arm.

"That girl, Alva—that girl, Hagar! I cannot die with a lie upon my lips! I have had such a vision I dare not. Hagar, Hagar! you are not my child—you are the daughter of—"

It was her last sigh! Minnie had seized the child almost upon the threatened exposure, and held her convulsively to her heart. The group of mourners stood silent and apart. The conscience-stricken husband flung his arms frantically around his dead wife, while Minnie and Hagar stood tearless over the corpse.

"Not her child," whispered one of the gossips. "This, then, was her great grief. She was never happy like other women; yet who would have thought that Hagar was not her child! Whose can it be?"

Minnie's burning eyes flashed triumph upon the crowd, but no answer came to the question. One by one they dropped off, and left the mourners alone with their dead.

"Don't blame me, master—my master," murmured poor Minnie, laying her soft hand upon the husband's shoulder; "you know I would have died at any time to have saved her a moment's pain. I couldn't help it!"

Hagar's brilliant eyes were fixed wonderingly upon the pair.

"Hush!" said the man, between whom and the child the likeness was too great for a mistake in that quarter. Hagar blushed and turned proudly away. It was the turning of her first leaf in the book of deception. There were many more such pages in the book.

Bread and Butter.

Mr. Jordan was a bachelor, on the shady side of forty, and consequently subject to the tender mercies of the boarding-house keepers. Circumstances—and circumstances have an old bachelor at their beck generally, for he has no divinity to shape his ends—had kept Mr. Jordan an inmate of Mrs. Wiggins' boarding-house for a long time, and Mrs. Wiggins was a lady of one idea, viz.: economy. Her experiments in economical phi-

losophy and philosophical economy were, for the most part brought to bear upon the stomachs of her boarders, as "vittles" is the principal item of expense in mediocre boarding-houses. Mr. Jordan had been startled by some of the aforesaid experiments, but he had borne with patience the present and certain evil "rather than fly to others that he knew not of," until one day, when butter was scarce and high, Mrs. Wiggins hit upon the economical plan of spreading with her own economical hands, the butter upon the allowance of bread she doled out to her boarders—excusing herself for this interference in their affairs by stating, in the blandest manner, that she assumed that task cheerfully, to save them trouble!

Mr. Jordan came home to tea rather late on the first evening of this new dodge, set down in the presence of all the other boarders, received a slice from Mrs. Wiggins, who had gone through the ceremony of buttering it before his eyes. Mr. Jordan eyed the bread inquisitively, and began to turn it from side to side, and scrutinize it closely through his spectacles.

"What is the matter with your bread and butter?" demanded Mrs. Wiggins.

"Nothing—nothing—nothing," replied Mr. Jordan, still turning the piece over, and persisting in his scrutiny.

"I'm positive, Mr. Jordan, that you do see something. Now I want," said Mrs. Wiggins, her face becoming flushed with excitement, "I want my boarders to tell me right out when their vittles doesn't suite! Now, Mr. Jordan, what is it?"

Mr. Jordan laid down the slice upon his plate, raised his spectacles to his forehead, and replied, with deliberation:

"Mrs. Wiggins, there's nothing the matter with the bread, I assure you; but Mrs. Wiggins" (and here Mr. Jordan glanced mischievously down the vista of attentive faces) "I have lived in this world eight and forty years, and I find myself this evening such a simpleton that I can't tell for my life which side of my bread is buttered!"

Nervousness of the Dog.

The nervous system in this creature is largely developed, and, exerting an influence over all its actions, gives character to the beast. The brain of the dog is seldom in repose; for even when asleep, the twitching of the legs, and the suppressed sounds which it emits, inform us that it is dreaming. No animal is more actuated by the power of imagination. Who is there that has not seen the dog mistake objects during the dusk of the evening. Delirium usually precedes its death, and nervous excitability is the common accompaniment of most of its disorders. To diseases of a cerebral or spinal character it is more liable than any other domestic animal. Its bark is symbolical of its temperament, and its mode of attack energetically declares the excitability of its nature. The most fearful of all the diseases to which it is exposed (rabies) is essentially of a nervous character, and there are few of its disorders which do not terminate with symptoms indicative of cerebral disturbance. This tendency to cerebral affections will, if properly considered, suggest those casual and appropriate acts which the dog in affliction may require, and which it would be impossible for any author fully to describe. Gentleness should at all times be practised; but to be truly gentle, the reader must understand it is imperative to be firm. Hesitation, to an irritable being, is, or soon becomes, positive torture.

—Mayhew's Dogs.

The French Fiddler's Bet.

A little French fiddler and his wife, who gained a livelihood by teaching the art of dancing, being on board a steamer on the Mississippi, had got short of funds, and having got run out in the last place where they had stopped, were "changing their spots" for a more favorable opportunity to engage in their profession of teaching. The Frenchman was extravagantly fond of his wife, and, withal, very chary of her, often boasting that no man could be allowed by her to take even the small liberties with her charms which are usually winked at by husbands. But a little affair occurred, which shook the poor man's belief in this delusion.

Soon after the starting of the boat he went into the cabin, and was soon in conversation with the captain. Discovering that the captain was a bachelor, Frenchy was prolific in sympathy, declaring that he should die of grief if it were not for the company and caresses of his wife.

"Oh, as for that," said the captain, "I have the company of ladies much of the time, on board; and the best of it is, they are all willing that I should indulge in a little kissing with them, sometimes."

"You mean you kiss 'em all?" said our hero. "I bet you five dollars, you no kiss my little woman!"

"It's done!" replied the captain.

The Frenchman took out his wallet; but could not find the amount. "I find I have no money, captain; but I bet dis fiddle (holding up the instrument), no man ever kiss my little woman!"

"Well," replied the captain, "I bet my ship and the whole cargo against your fiddle, that I can kiss your wife in two hours from now, if you will bring her into the cabin and then retire yourself."

"I goes it—you lose your ship and cargo, sar."

Accordingly, Frenchy brought down his wife, telling her that the captain wished to see her, and adding—

"Take care of yourself, little woman; I don't know what kind of a man this captain is."

The Frenchman retired from the cabin; but though he felt quite sure that his wife would repel indignantly any attempts which the captain might make to gain his bet, yet he was a little fearful of what might happen. He thought he might keep his wife in mind of him, by playing and singing a little. So going to a respectful distance from the cabin door, he commenced to sing, accompanying himself with his favorite instrument:

"Be true, my love, be true my love,
Be true for a couple of hours;
Be true, my love, be true, my love,
And the ship and cargo's ours."

After he had finished, the captain said to the lady—

"Your husband seems extremely anxious about you—I suppose it would half kill him to have another man kiss his wife, wouldn't it?"

"I don't know—suppose you try it!"

The captain did try it, most assuredly, and the "little woman" returned it as heartily! Then, turning her eyes to the cabin door, she sang in a sweet voice, a reply to her waiting spouse:

"You're late, my love, you're late, my love,
His arm is round my middle;
He kissed me once, he kisses me again—
My dear, you've lost your fiddle!"

The little Frenchman burst open the door, caught up his wife, and carried her off, swearing vengeance on all sea-captains generally, and the Yankees in particular. It is no more than justice to the captain to add, that he did not take the fiddle, but was perfectly satisfied with the other results of the bet.

The Mother's Influence.

"What will my mother say!" said a young man a few days since, when apprehended for appropriating his neighbor's property. Oh, what a sermon is there! The pious instruction, the consistent example, the earliest recollections of youth, burst upon him with fearful vividness! For himself he cared nothing; he had offended the law, and was willing to submit to the penalty; yet the frail form of that dear one who taught him to lisp his evening prayer, appeared before him, tottering towards her last resting-place, there to "lie down in pleasant dreams." The silver hairs have strayed beneath her cap; the eye has lost some of its brilliancy, but none of its benevolence; the skin is not as fair as when she was led to the altar; the hand, as she leans upon her staff has not the delicate proportions of other days; the step has lost its elasticity, but a firm reliance in the faith of her fathers sustains her; her children have grown up in honor, so far as she knows, and she is willing to go whenever her summons comes. Then do you wonder that the poor culprit sighs out in the agony of his heart, "Don't let my mother know it, for she's all most worn out now, and this would kill her!" Young man! when tempted to sin, ask yourself—"What would my mother say?" When the evil one has assumed his most alluring form, before you yield, stop long enough to ask your better nature, "What would my mother say?"

Gathered Rubies.

All virtues are in agreement; all vice at variance.

A man may be first rate in virtue and true value, and yet be very obscure in the world. There is no restraining men's tongues, or pens, when charged with a little vanity.

The foundation of political happiness is confidence in the integrity of men.

He that would be sure to have his business well done, must either do it himself or see to the doing of it.

No flattery boy! an honest man cannot live by it; it is a little sneaking art, which knaves use to cajole and soften fools with.

Think before you speak, and consider before you promise. Take time to deliberate and advise, but lose no time in executing your resolutions.

Always laugh when you can—it is a cheap medicine. Mirthfulness is a philosophy not well understood. It is the sunny-side of existence.

Pleasure is sometimes only a change of pain. A man who has had the gout thinks he feels first rate when he gets down to rheumatism again.

A good moral character is the first essential in a man. It is therefore highly important, to endeavor not only to be learned, but virtuous.

Avoid gaming. This is a vice which is productive of every possible evil; equally injurious to the morals and health of its votaries.

Be courteous to all, but intimate with few; and let these few be well tried, before your confidence.

Nothing in human life can afford a liberal mind more rational and exquisite satisfaction than the approbation of a wise, a great, and a virtuous man.

Harvard says: I have too deeply read mankind, to be amused with friendship; it is a name invented merely to betray credulity; it is an intercourse of interest and not of souls.

Too Fast.

The lessons of every week stamp in plain—often in more horrid—characters, the sternest truth of our American taste, practice and life, best expressed in those simple but meaning monosyllables—"too fast." The architects of the commercial metropolis rear their magnificent piles story above story, until the eye grows giddy in its upward course, and by and there comes a fearful crash, and as the long line of carriages following the dead winds the streets, the funeral bells seem to chant, "too high," as they sound the requiem of the crushed. A lightning train dashes in all its fiery pride upon its iron way, freighted with human souls high with hope; the tremble of its tread is hardly gone, the thunder of its course is yet in your ear, when the wail of agony is wind-borne to your startled senses, and a hundred victims are laid side by side in the garments of their life, but the sleep of their death. What do those friends say, who come and gaze by the light of lanterns upon the marble, disfigured faces, to select those that belonged to them, by the closest of earthly ties—"too fast," "too fast." An ocean steamer, the pride of her country, the boast of millions, plows her midday way through the dense fog of Newfoundland, with no sign of her coming before her, and no trace of her having been behind her, and in the twinkling of an eye another giant ship looms in the mist, rushing like her under the full pressure of the leviathan within her; before a man's hand can be lifted, before a breath of the steam-god can be condensed, like knights in a tournament, they strike and vanish; the curtailed air swallows up the one; the deep sea the other. The heart of a continent sympathizes for the lost, and those who have lost. We revisit in our dreams the deck of that sinking ship, with its three hundred helpless occupants; we hear the last gun; we see the waves close over as gallant a craft as ever floated; we hear the moan of the sea, and what is the sound that comes up from its deep still solitudes—"too fast," "too fast." The Atlantic main repeats the solemn warning, which before this, has been heard so often upon all our inland lakes and rivers, and not there alone, but everywhere that American manners, custom and tendency have left the impress of their nationality.

But it is not merely in cities and upon great and rival lines of public travel, that we see this hot haste ending in calamity and misfortune. Why is it that in the walks of trade, ninety nine out of every hundred fail; why is it that they are lost in insolvency as ships go down to sea? not because their country is old and every avenue filled by commercial kings, who monopolize the business and afford the young no chance; not because of a want of credit and the presence of a poor, unambitious, broken spirited populace about them; not because there are no incentives and no promises of reward, for all these things are the reverse; but because we are too fast: every thing is overdone. The old-fashioned, sure and steady way of accumulating property, dime by dime, dollar by dollar, will not do now. Money must be made even as we spend it, by the handful. "Speculation is the field of fortune," is our modern motto. It were well if speculation bore away only in the walks of trade. It is in all.

And in none is its presence more deeply and seriously felt, than in the walks of political life. The same daring, fool-hardy, gambling propensity follows us when we take in hand the matters of government and our citizen rights. We forsake the long tried and the proven, to swell the tumultuous crowd that is lured by a phantom, or carried away by the thing of an hour. How many such organizations in your day, reader, have imitated the rocket in its ascent and in its fall? How many can you count the tomb-stones of? Every few years add another, each in its turn numbering among its adherents the same thoughtless, reckless, inconsiderate class, that prefer the darkness to the light, the risk

of unknown navigation to the safety of plain certain sailing. In the world of matter, upon the great natural elements of the universe, the unvarying laws of cause and effect are writing out the lesson in characters of blood shrouding its pages with the mantle of death—has there got to be any such fearful instruction in the history of States and the courses of party? or shall we while there is yet time, abandon the experimental for the tried, acknowledging that every thing is too fast, which is not also safe.—Old Colony Memorial.

For the Patriot.

"Lawyers, like Scissors, cut what's between them."

If you would duly appreciate the wisdom of our legislators and learn the affinity existing between law and justice, go to law. The facilities for experimenting are great. Legal advice is abundant and of a quality that may be purchased cheap. Attorneys may be found in swarms, eager for a case as hungry jackals for their prey, whether you appear in court as complainant or defendant. Your case is always a good one for your lawyer at least, who will continue to pluck his goose as long as himself and the opposite counsel can contrive to keep the case in law. Perhaps it is not perfectly convenient for you to pay a small note due your neighbor of fifty dollars, so he sues it, which determines you not to pay it until you are obliged to; you employ a lawyer to defend the suit, and he takes the most approved method of staving off the case. He files an answer for you to the effect that, to the best of your knowledge and belief, you do not owe the complainant the note in suit; that if you ever gave such a note it has been fully paid and satisfied, and furthermore, that the complainant owes you on book account seventy-five dollars. The case is put off until the next term of the court. Your counsel then files two thousand interrogatories for your creditor, the complainant, to answer before the next court,—the answers to be made in writing, and sworn to. The interrogatories have but slight reference to the note in suit, but refer to most every thing else; they require the complainant to give a history of his life and adventures; to state all the particulars of every transaction with the defendant for forty years back, &c. &c.

After much labor and research among musty ledgers, and other evidence of fact, the complainant accomplishes the herculean task allotted to him by your unscrupulous attorney, and curses the day when he attempted to collect an honest debt by law. In course of time the next term of the court comes round, and your attorney is on hand to put off the day of judgment; perhaps yours is his only case, and he can therefore give it his undivided attention. He prays his honor for a postponement of the case, for various reasons: an important witness for the defendant is not at hand; owing to a press of business and the absence of his client from town, he has not had sufficient time to consult him as he would wish, and then files an affidavit to the effect that he prays for a postponement, for the reasons stated, and not for the purpose of putting the complainant to further trouble and expense (what a stretchy conscience the attorney has got). The case is then put over until the next term of the court, at which time a further delay is asked for, but the Judge decides that the reasons assigned are not of sufficient weight, and the case comes on. The clerk of the court presents his honor with an arm full of manuscripts, all numbered and tied together, in a scientific manner, with pink strings. No. 1, is defendant's two thousand interrogatories. No. 2, contains complainant's answers, which necessarily includes his life and a ledger account, going back forty years. No. 3, is defendant's account, very long and complicated, showing that the complainant owes the defendant seventy-five dollars. The Judge glances at the ponderous pile and then appoints auditors to examine the accounts and report, if possible, at the next term of the court. Here is another glorious delay, and but for the reception of your attorney's bill of sixty dollars, which is now handed to you, you would feel to exult at your success; as it is, your mind is occupied in casting up the profits of the operation so far.

After all the usual expedients for postponing a decision have been exhausted, judgment is rendered against you, and you are required to pay the amount of the note, with interest. Now if you have had law enough, you will pay the note and interest, amounting to \$53; the court expenses and your lawyer's fees, amounting to—say \$150, and retire from the contest.

If you wish more experience, appeal to a higher court; go through with the same contemptible farce; pay a duplicate bill of expenses, and then pay your note and interest, and if you have not now learned wisdom, the machinery of law is such that your attorney can keep the case unsettled until both you

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, January 13th, 1855.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

Governor's Message.

On Tuesday last, before the Legislative Assembly, our new Governor made his inaugural address. His manner and delivery were mainly, though modest; and though the document was of unusual length, it was listened to with fixed attention. Mr. Gardner exceeded an hour in its delivery, and his hearers gave expression to their feelings by applause.

The Governor touched upon many very important subjects, but the first half of the address is devoted to our foreign population;—his statistics show the steady increase of emigration from 1790, up to the present time, and the vast expense to which we are subjected for their support. He says that four-fifths of the beggary, two-thirds of the pauperism, and more than three-fifths of the crimes, spring from them; that more than half the public charities, more than half the prisons and almshouses, more than half the police and the cost of administering criminal justice, are for foreigners, and he calls upon the legislature, to ameliorate and control these elements, so far as it may be done, within the limits of the Constitution.

The Governor recommends an amendment to our Constitution prohibiting the exercise of the elective franchise, to all of alien birth, qualified by naturalization, till they have resided in the United States twenty-one years. He recommends that no person shall be permitted to vote who cannot read and write the English language;—(the Governor should have said American)—and that no person shall be eligible to any office, who shall not be a legal voter in accordance with the previous suggestion.

He recommends the exemption of all alien citizens from military duty, and that no payment of the State bounty shall be made to any military company, which has enrolled among its members, persons of foreign birth, and he also says that one of his earliest official acts will be, to disband all military companies, composed of persons of foreign birth.

The Governor also recommends the amendment to the Constitution, which prohibits the diversion of the educational funds of the State to the establishment or support of sectarian schools.

This recommendation will excite some surprise among his constituents, as it is well known that the Governor was one of those who, (as is alleged,) on the strength of that identical constitutional amendment, was enabled to purchase the Catholic vote, against the amended constitution which was submitted to the people, and without which provision the new constitution, as it was called, would have been accepted. It is never too late to correct our errors, and "although it waits upon deformity," yet still "repentance is a grace."

The Governor alludes very strongly, to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and suggests whether additional legislation is not required to secure two of the cardinal State rights—the Habeas Corpus and Trial by Jury. We concur in opinion with the Governor, but do not like the idea of introducing the word "cardinal" into a Native American address.

Attention is called to our financial condition, and certain suggestions—such as the abolishment of certain offices, that no commissions be created unless indispensable, a short session of the legislature,—are made, in order to reduce the amount of our expenditures.

The Governor recommends a repeal of the Usury laws, and gives many good reasons therefor, with which we coincide. Money, we believe, is a merchantable commodity, as much so, as sugar, flour, cotton, &c., and is sometimes worth more or less, according to the demand. The honest man shrinks from taking more than six per cent, and turns his capital elsewhere than loaning it on personal security when its real value is above that amount, and therefore that portion of the community, who are under the necessity of borrowing on negotiable notes, fall into the hands of unscrupulous Shylocks in whom there is no mercy.

Mr. Gardner is well aware, from his mercantile position, of this condition of things, and though from his unlimited wealth, not liable to suffer under the hands of the "shaver," yet knows and feels the wants of the community in which he moves, and makes the suggestion above alluded to for the purpose of remedying them. We trust that the Legislature will heed what he says.

Many other things are alluded to in the Message, especially our Agricultural interests, our different Hospitals and Almshouses, the State Reform School—all of which will well repay perusal. His intimation regarding the establishing of a Nautical School is well worth the attention of our commercial community—in a word, the whole message is as comprehensive and interesting, perhaps more so, than any one that we have read for some years; and although not a member of the organization to which our new Governor belongs, yet we concur cordially with some of the ideas therein contained and consider them

EXORTS.

and your neighbor are fleeced of all your possessions. Boys of the next legislature, do make laws that will enable men to collect debts from ugly debtors without paying the whole amount to limbs of the law.

BOSTON.

For the Patriot.

Lycæum Lectures

Few persons are inclined to view the life and actions of public men in a right light. The fact that their envious rivals, and that worst of rivals, the press, pour out their vituperations and scandal upon an individual, is enough to stamp that man, in their minds, as a fiend.

Such is pre-eminently the case with regard to the justly styled French Octavius. Born of an illustrious stock, driven by the monarchies of Europe, ever frowning upon the rise of republican principles, from the land of his adoption, Louis Napoleon, the young Octavius, has now returned to France, and wields in imperial state the sceptre of a magnificent nation.

And whence comes these preconceived prejudices and defamatory exaggerations which the world are so familiar, but that from the seeming patriots, Guizot, Changarnier, Ledru Rollin, and that whole corps of Jacobin statesmen who from the downfall of Louis Philippe to the time when the splendid star of the Bonapartes for the second time rose above the horizon, anxiously waited for a second reign of terror, in which they, like Robespierre, Danton, Marat, and Chaumette might divide the spoils. No sooner had this young hero, despairing of ever making France a pattern of our own republic, and foreseeing the fearful misfortunes which again awaited her, dissolved the Assembly, placed himself at the head of the veteran legions of Paris, than the batteries of the press opened upon him with all the rigor and violence of a pent up storm. The seven bottles of indignation were mixed together, and poured remorselessly upon his head; and the lives of Nero, Caligula, and Dionysius, in comparison with his were made to appear pure and immaculate. Who then will dare to call him to account for suppressing the liberty of that press which made use of that liberty only to abuse it?

Who then and what is this Louis Napoleon who has been thus wrongfully represented? He is the rightful heir to the throne of one who was made Emperor, not by that dogma, "divine right," but by the will of twenty millions of people. He is the man, who, like his great ancestor, when all France was rent in sunder by riot and bloodshed, and the cloud of anarchy was about to settle once more upon that ill-fated nation, dared act, and while others were vainly counting their fingers and seeking liberty through fields of blood, dared check that rash career which was about to desolate Paris, and again open its gates to fifty thousand foreigners. In the words of another, "He is the philosophic statesman, who, when called upon to administer the affairs of a great and powerful nation, proved himself as equal to his task, as he has faithful to his trust."

Here let me stop and consider the remarks of the Lycæum lecturer, whose pleasing address this evening so fascinated the audience. Let us look at his argument. In the first part of the lecture, after eulogizing the genius of the First Napoleon, he proceeds somewhat in this strain: "So long as France was gaining glory from his genius and his victories, Frenchmen loved him and looked upon him as a father. But after his career had been ended, desolated heartless and friendless homes, changed that love into hatred."

Immediately after, he goes on to say, "Why was it that the present Napoleon got four-fifths of the votes of the nation? Because many of them through ignorance, voted for him supposing he was the uncle and not the nephew." Supposing it had been the uncle, why should they vote for him, when, as the Lecturer stated, desolated hearths had caused them to hate. There is certainly a fallacy somewhere.

It proves, I think, conclusively, that the name of Napoleon is still fondly cherished by the people. It proves that they (the people) still hold to the belief that a Napoleon left to himself, is a true republican. But as soon as the wheel of republicanism had commenced its revolutions, we find the whole tribe of newspaper scribblers and pot-house magazines pouring their vituperation thick and fast upon the head of the President Louis Napoleon. The National Assembly disregarded his veto-power, and the man of acts, found that the scales were fast sinking towards a second reign of terror. As the last resort, the Assembly is dissolved, and to quote another's words, "In him, Conservatism gained a signal triumph, and in December, 1852, he showed her beauty to the world."

We shall continue them next week.

It is stated that there are, at the present time, twenty-seven thousand females of good character in New York City, quite destitute of any means of support.

Dr. R. M. Graham, convicted of the manslaughter of Col. Loring; at a hotel in New York City, has been conveyed to Sing Sing, to undergo his seven years imprisonment. It is understood that he will be employed as Assistant Physician of the Prison.

all worthy the serious consideration of the people of Massachusetts and the Union.

GENERAL COURT. The only vacancy in the Senate has been filled by the election of Ivory H. Lucas of Edgartown, the K. N. candidate for Dukes and Nantucket Counties.

Benjamin Stevens, Esq., a most excellent officer, has been unanimously elected, in concurrence, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Rev. Lyman Whiting of Reading, has been chosen Chaplain of the Senate.

The Committee on returns of votes for Governor and Lieut. Governor, have presented their report, by which it appeared that, after rejecting the votes from several towns for errors in the returns, the state of the vote was as follows:—

Whole number of votes, —	129,537
For Henry J. Gardner,	81,503
" Emory Washburn,	27,279
" Henry W. Bishop,	13,742
" Henry Wilson,	6,483
" Charles Allen,	477
" Bradford L. Wales,	407
All others,	358

Henry J. Gardner, was accordingly declared elected to the office of Governor, and on Tuesday last was inaugurated. He delivered his Message at that time, a brief synopsis of which may be found in our columns to-day.

The Councillors have been chosen—Chandler R. Ransom of Roxbury, a gentleman in every respect, being the Councillor from this District.

Ephraim M. Wright, the present incumbent, has been re-elected Secretary of State. Philo Sanford of Boston, has been chosen State Treasurer and Receiver General.

On the joint committees of the House, we notice the appointment of Maj. Webb of this town, on that of the Militia, and also on Railroads and Canals.

On the part of the House, on the Committee upon the Governor's Address, appears the name of Wyman Abercrombie of this town.

Tuesday next has been assigned for the choice of a United States Senator.

A petition has been presented and appropriately referred, for the annexation of Brantree Neck, (so called) to this town.

Capt. George Cannon, one of the members of the House from Boston, suddenly died at his residence, and customary measures have been adopted relative to the sad event.

The Legislature progresses thus far rapidly in its business, but the "ug of war" is yet to come when the report of committees are made.

A PLAIN STATEMENT. In justice to the individual who has been assailed, we give place to the annexed statement of the facts in the case, simply remarking that we have known Mr. Roberts many years, and believe him to be a man deserving of encouragement for his energy and business propensities. His enemies unmercifully pursue him, but though persecuted, justice interposes in his behalf in every instance.

To the Editor of the Patriot:

I noticed in the columns of the Boston Herald, a short time since, an account of the arrest and committal of Andrew J. Roberts, charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The account was widely circulated among the business community, doing an incalculable amount of injury to Mr. Roberts; and knowing the circumstances I take the liberty of giving you a plain and unvarnished statement of the facts in the case.

Mr. Roberts had established a new Northern, Eastern and Southern Express, and advertised for young men to take charge of the offices along the route. Among others, one applicant was accepted, and a contract drawn up, the conditions of which were, that he was to deposit the sum of three hundred dollars as security for his fidelity, and was to take charge of an office in Concord, N. H., at a salary of six hundred dollars per annum. Shortly after this, he was persuaded by parties who wished to get the business into their own hands, to enter a complaint against Mr. Roberts for obtaining money under false pretences. Mr. Roberts was arrested and brought before Justice Ladd of Cambridge, for examination, but the evidence for the prosecution was so weak, that it was not deemed necessary by the learned Justice to hold him for trial before a higher court, and he was accordingly discharged. In summing up the evidence Justice Ladd made some remarks, which plainly indicated that not a shade of suspicion could rest upon the character of Mr. Roberts as an honorable man and a man of business. By giving this an insertion in your columns you will confer a favor upon a friend of Justice.

Yours, NORMAN GUNNISON.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. The light seen in this town, on Thursday evening last, was caused by the destruction, by fire, of the large four story Cotton Factory, at Milton Lower Mills. Loss, over \$125,000, which is partly covered by insurance. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. Granite Engine Company of this town, was present.

CLAM CHOWDER. Remember the chowder to be served up at the Granite Saloon to-day.

The election in Nebraska for delegates to Congress, resulted in the choice of N. B. Giddings, Free Soil.

MONUMENTAL WORK. We have recently visited the Quincy Marble Works and were highly pleased with a piece of monumental sculpture just executed there. It is the figure of a female kneeling in the attitude of prayer, her hands clasped and her arms resting on a slab which bears the inscription Sarah, and over which, in part, drapery is gracefully thrown. The head is thrown back and the face turned towards heaven, bearing a mingled expression of adoration and love. The foot-stool and cushion on which she kneels,—slab, drapery and figure combined,—form one of the most graceful and interesting forms of monument we have ever beheld, and we earnestly recommend all who have a taste for the fine arts and appreciate the beautiful, to call there and see it before it is sent away. We understand that it is designed for the Bridgewater Cemetery.

Western papers state that thirty-six women of Osego, Michigan, armed themselves with hatchets and pickaxes and marched in a body to the principal hotel and several other places where liquors were kept, broke in pieces all the decanters, demijohns, and liquor barrels, and spilled their contents in the streets.

The sentence of Murphy, convicted of the murder of his wife in Fall River, has been commuted to imprisonment for life in the State Prison.

Special Notices.

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 17th, by Rev. Dr. GANNETT of Boston. Quincy, Jan. 13. 1w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

J. JAMESON, President.

WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

R. L. G. Comrades! Remember the next meeting of the Company, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Be on hand precisely at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Try and bring in good members. Per Order.

NEW BOOKS—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents.

Also—A great variety of FANCY GOODS. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts. Quincy, Dec. 23. tf

DR CARL V. MYERS'

Homeopathic Balsam.

A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.

Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy. Oct. 21. 2m

Deaths.

In Milton, on the 10th inst., at his brother's residence, Mr. James Kettell, aged 80 years and 6 months, one of a family of six whose united ages are 450 years and 9 months.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Quincy Post-Office, Jan. 1st, 1855.

Altenhen, Frederick	Houghton, Geo. S.
Avery, Walter	Hammond, B. F.
Andrews, John	Hackett, Ellen
Avery, Samuel	Howe, Mary W.
Barnes, Patrick	Hemmis, Bridget
Burns, James	James, Lewis
Bushnell, N.—2	Kenney, John
Bishop, Jesse	Lawrence, A.
Billings, Gen. W.	Laine, Mich
Billings, G. B. Capt.	Long, Mary Riely
Bass, G. W.	Leavitt, Mrs.—2
Carr, William I.	Martin, William
Curtis & Peabody,	McLaughlin, James
Cook, George	McDonald, William
Curtin, Timothy	McGarry, Mary
Chace, James T.	Merriman, John A.
Cowan, J. W.	McGillivray, B.
Coragen, Dann	Mullen, John
Carter, Martha M.	Manning, E. R.
Dinnegan, P.	Moriarty, Johanna—2
Deamon, M. B.	McCarthy, Mary
Dillam, M. H.	Merriman, John A.
Dell, Lewis	Perkins, Charles H.
Daily, Mary	Pierce, Isaac
Fellows, Luther S.—2	Palmer, Walter S.—2
Flougherty, Martin	Porter, Mrs. Isaac
Fraser, James	Raleigh, Michael
Fisher, Charles	Rejey, James
Foy, John	Rodman, Thomas
Foiblesen, J. M.	Ryan, Cath.
Foster, Chase S.	Siddard, Washington
Fallon, John	Solomon, John
Fallon, Patrick	Smith, Francis F.
Fellows, Sarah	Steel, Jacob
Flynn, Mary	Smith, John
Fossett, Eliza T.	Stearns, Levi Jr.
Frederick, Bridget	Smith, Elizabeth
Gorges, Lver	Sunburne, Josephine
Glazebrook, John	Seaver, Caroline
Gross, Loretta	Tabor, J. E. 2
Hill, John B.—9	Terry, Solomon
Hogan, Hugo	Walker, Edward J.
Hogan, Edmond	Walker, Edward
Holbrook, Jas. S.—2	White, Ira
Herman, D.—2	

JOHN A. GREEN, Postmaster.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Selling Off

—AT A—

Great Discount

FROM FORMER PRICES, ALL KINDS OF

DRY GOODS.

Please call and examine.

I. W. MURKIN.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 1f

Executrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executrix of the last Will and Testament of

CHAS. M. FOGG, Esq.,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

CHARLOTTE L. FOGG, Executrix.

Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of

ABIGAIL P. ALLEN,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Singlewoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

ABIGAIL ALLEN, Administrator.

Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

Messenger's Notice.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Weymouth, Jan. 1st, 1855.

SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency in and for the said County of Norfolk, has issued a Warrant against the Estate of

NORTON Q. TIRRELL,

of Weymouth, in said County, Physician, an Insolvent Debtor, and the payment of any Debt, and the delivery of any Property belonging to said Insolvent Debtor, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any Property, by him, are forbidden by law.

A meeting of his Creditors will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at the Court Room of said Commissioner, in Canton, in said County, on the nineteenth day of January, A. D. 1855, at ten o'clock, forenoon, for the proof of Debts, and the choice of an Assignee or Assignees.

SILAS BINNEY, Dep. Shif. Messenger.

Jan. 6. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of

JAMES BRYANT,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Stone Cutter, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Administrator.

Jan. 6, 1855. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 20, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Administrator,

with the Will annexed, of the Estate of—

CHARLOTTE BRACKETT,

late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his second account in his said capacity for allowance:—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Guardian of Chas. F. Brackett and Henrietta C. Brackett, minor children of—

FREDERICK BRACKETT,

late of Newbury, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance:—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 6. 3w

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire,

Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk.

The second meeting of the Creditors of

OZEN JOSSELYN,

of Quincy, in said County, Trader, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at the Office of William S. Morton, Esq., in Quincy, on the twenty-sixth day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

The subscriber has been appointed Assignee of the estate of said Insolvent Debtor.

SETH ADAMS, Assignee.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 2w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 23, A. D. 1854.

EDMUND MARSH, Administrator of the Estate of—

REBECCA CRANE,

late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance:—

Ordered—That said Edmund notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Dec. 30. 3w

Horse.

FOR SALE—A valuable FAMILY HORSE, 9 years old, sound, and kind in all harness, and good under the saddle—can trot a mile in 3 minutes.

Also—A SLEIGH, almost new, HARNESS and ROBES. Address M. WHITLOCK, Quincy Post Office.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

LOST.

BETWEEN School street, Quincy, and Washington street, Boston, a GOLD WATCH, CHAIN and LOCKET. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at THIS OFFICE, or with DANIELL & CO., 249 Washington street, Boston. Jan. 6. 2w

Eastern Brick.

JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EASTERN BRICK by

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

Brackets's Wharf.

Quincy, August 12. 4f

1855.

George Savil & Co.,
GOODNOW'S BUILDING,
Corner HANCOCK & GRANITE STS.
QUINCY.

ARE daily receiving NEW STYLES GOODS
for Fall and Winter, to which the attention
of Purchasers is requested. We have now on
hand a good assortment of—

PRINTS,
DELAINEES,
CASHMERES,
ALPACCAS,
ALEPINES,
MOURNING CRAPE,
MOHAIR LUSTRE,
MADONNAS,
LYONESE,
THIBETS,
GALA PLAIDS,
BLACK SILKS,
LADIES' CLOTHES,
VELVETS,
WOOLLEN & CASHMERE SHAWLS,
DRESS & CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
BLANKETS,
COTTON FLANNELS,
DENIMS,
TICKINGS,
DIAPERS,
WOOLLEN YARNS,
CAMBRICS,
SILKIES,
PATCHES,
TABLE COVERS,
WROUGHT COLLARS,
UNDER IDKFS,
UNDER SLEEVES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,

which we sell at a small advance from
Cost.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

CLOTHS,
CASHMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETS,
VESTINGS,
which will be sold to the yard or manufac-
tured into garments to order, in a
superior manner.

We have also in Store, Blank and Manufac-
tured Goods, of all kinds.

READY MADE CLOTHING

OVERCOATS,
DRESS TROUSERS,
BUSINESS TROUSERS,
BUSINESS SACKS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
OVERALLS,
Boys' Jackets, Coats, Pants and
Vests.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Shirts,
Bosoms,
Dickies,
Gloves,
Stocks,
Neck Ties,
Handkerchiefs,
Under Shirts,
Drawers,
Suspenders,
Socks,
Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection, at all times, can be found in the
Hall and Rooms above, a complete assortment of

FURNITURE,

Consisting in part of—
SOFAS,
BUREAUX,
STUFFED ROCKING CHAIRS,
PARLOR AND COMMON CHAIRS,
PAINTED CHAMBER SETS,
COTTAGE AND COMMON BEDSTEADS,
WASH SINKS AND STANDS,
CARD TABLES,
CENTRE AND COMMON TABLES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
MATTRESSES,
FEATHERS, &c. &c.

CARPETINGS,

PAINTED CANVASS,
STRAW MATTINGS,
BOCKINGS.

Paper Hangings.

A large lot of Paper Hangings, comprising
a great variety of styles and prices.
Please call and examine for yourselves, as
we are confident we can offer you goods at prices
which will give you perfect satisfaction.
Quincy, Oct. 14.

QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13.

Selling Off

AT PRICES

To Compare with the Times.

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY WARE,

FURNITURE,

CLOTHING,

FANCY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, &c.,

Will be offered to Customers at prices which will

convinced them that I am determined to sell.

I will not state any Prices, but assure the public

that if they will give me a call they will find

Goods at Prices which will ensure their Sale.

Persons in want of—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

should lose no time before examining my Stock,

which consists of a good assortment of every de-

scription. **CALEB PACKARD.**

Quincy, Dec. 30.

if

How the Warm Weather

AND A

Tight Money Market

DRIVES THE BOSTON TRADERS TO

Sacrifice their Goods!

BE SURE AND GET

A NEW SUIT

At the following Low Prices, viz:

\$1 1-2 to 2. Good Pants, of various

fabrics.

\$2 1-2. Cassimere, Doeskin, and

Broadcloth Pants, at this low price,

for a few days, to reduce Stock.

\$3 3-4. Custom Made Doeskin Pants,

Canvas Bottoms, and made of as

good materials as the Pants for

which you usually pay \$5. Closing

sale of Winter Clothing.

\$3 to \$5. Fancy Cassimere, Doe-

skin, and Cloth Pants, of very de-

sirable patterns, being at least 25 per

cent less than the same are usually

sold.

\$8 00. A nice Affair for a Gentle-

man. Over Garments, custom made,

usually sold for much more.

\$10 to 12. A Fine Custom Made

Overcoat or Sack, made from Drab,

Blue, and Black Felt Cloth, Broad-

cloth, and Beaver Cloth, for this

low price. Will guarantee that the

same garments are sold at from \$18

to \$25.

\$8 to 16. Talmas—An entirely new

style of Over Garment, containing

gentle and with ease and comfort.

\$3 1-2. For an Office and Business

Coat—A new style.

\$8 to 12. Dress and Frock Coats,

from Superfine Broadcloth and Doe-

skin, made in a good style and in a

fashionable manner. All will sell at

a large discount, to clear out stock.

\$1 to 1 1-2. Vests of the latest

fashions, for these low prices.

\$2 to 3 1-2. For a Nice Fancy Sat-

in Vest. Also Black or Fancy Silk

do, made up in the latest styles.

Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns

very lowest prices.

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

37 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts

and Drawers.

50 to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen

Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms.

5 to 17 " " Collars.

17 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats

25 to 100 " Silk Pocket Hdkfs.

10 to 50 " Suspenders.

37 to 200 " Umbrellas.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes.

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00. Traveling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods,

to be closed up cheap.

Boys' Department.

\$2 to \$5. Over Sacks.

\$1 1-2 to \$4. Jackets.

\$1 1-2 to \$2. Suit Jacket and Pants.

\$1 to \$3. Cassimere, Cloth and

Doeskin Pants.

50 Cts. to \$2. Vests.

Very truly, the above are low prices! Purchasers,

however, are requested to bring this advertise-

ment with them, and they will then acknowledge

the fact, as we are determined to close up the

Stock of Winter Clothing.

A copy of the New Book, "Oak Ha = Pictorial,"

gratis, to every purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM.

OAK HALL,

34 NORTH STREET, BOSTON.

Dec. 30 3m

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Quincy Point,

Jan. 1st, 1855.

Ayers, Jane Miss

Clark, Q. A. Capt.

Davis, George H.

Fisher, Samuel J.

Torrey, Daniel S. Capt.

P. W. NEWCOMB, P. M.

Quincy Point, Jan. 6 3m

PRIME WOOD.

THE Subscriber has One Hundred Cord of

first quality Oak and Walnut WOOD, which

he will deliver at any part of the Village of Quincy,

at seven and a half Dollars a Cord.

ELI HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 6 6w

Cure for Canker.

MRS. ANDREWS' VEGETABLE CAN-

KER-SUPPLY. This Medicine is not of-

ficial as a remedy for any other disease, but is

considered an efficient and permanent cure for

Canker in all its forms. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER in SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,
Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-

scription. Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak

Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-

eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a

great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS and BOYS

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

FURNISHING GOODS:

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,

CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,

HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or

furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS

of every quality. I would ask the particular

attention of the public to this branch of my

business.

MILLINERY GOODS?

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will

find always a carefully selected Stock, of the

latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and

trimmed.

CARPETINGS.

Of every style and quality: Crockery, China,

Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and

Shades, and a general assortment of House-

keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite

the attention of my friends and customers, to

my present varied Stock, to which I am

constantly making addition, and solicit call from

all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d.

Fall and Winter

REPORT OF FASHIONS,

AT

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,

Over C. & L. CURTISS Grocery Store,

Corner of Franklin and Liberty street,

D. D. RING, Merchant Tailor and Dealer

in

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready

made Clothing.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Together with a choice selection of Fancy

SILK VELVET

VESTINGS.

Those in want of good fitting Garments can de-

pend upon getting them at this Establishment.

N. B.—Particular attention given to BOYS'

CLOTHING.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths will be

strictly attended to.

Quincy, Oct. 7.

CLOTHING

For the Winter of 1854,

AT

RUSSELL & Co's,

Town Hall Building.....Quincy.

FIND Sellers having REPLENISH-

ED their Stock, with

New Goods and New Styles,

adapted to the season, would invite all pur-

chasers of CLOTHS and CLOTHING, ready

made or made to order, to examine their Stock,

and they promise that all requests shall be met

and made in the most thorough manner. You will

be sure to see the new assortment of goods of keep-

ing the latest style in Norfolk County for the pur-

chase of Clothing—where he can get good Goods

and get also his Money's worth.

We have got on hand, a rare assortment of rich

Velvet Vestings,

received per last steamer.

FURNISHING GOODS always on hand.

JOHN RUSSELL & Co.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

New Tailoring Goods.

J. A. HOLDEN,

WOULD inform the inhabitants of Quincy

and vicinity, that he has

Just Replenished his Stock,

with a choice selection of Goods, suitable for

AUTUMN and WINTER.

He invites the attention of such as expect punctu-

lity and good workmanship, for cash only, such

being his rule of business, and the reduced rates

at which he sells, rendering any other mode of

doing business impracticable.

His clothes will always be made with all his

care and skill, of which he trusts very leaving

the garments made by his hands to ADVERTISE

THEMSELVES. Those students to combine

elegance with economy, will do well and wisely to

remember he is not to be undersold by

any other establishment, style, quality and finish

considered.

Quincy, Nov. 4.

NEW STYLES

—OF—

WINTER GOODS,

Just received, and this day opened out.

JOHN DINEGAN

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and

the public in general, that he has now on

hand a full supply of

RICH and FASHIONABLE GOODS,

which he will be happy to make to order, in the

very latest style, and at short notice.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, constantly on

hand. Also, a good assortment of—

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

J. D. would respectfully return his sincere

thanks to the people of Quincy, for their liberal

patronage the last twelve years, for their

strict attention to his business, to merit a contin-

uance of the same.

Quincy, Dec. 9.

Cure for Canker.

MRS. ANDREWS' VEGETABLE CAN-

KER-SUPPLY. This Medicine is not of-

ficial as a remedy for any other disease, but is

considered an efficient and permanent cure for

Canker in all its forms. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Sept. 20.

STARTLING, BUT TRUE!

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from

year to year in that pitiable condition as not even

one day to feel the happy and exhilarating in-

fluence incident to the enjoyment of health

THE BLOOMING BRIDE,

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth,

and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly, and apparently in

explanation, becomes a feeble, sickly, sorrow, debilitat-

ed wife, with frame emaciated, nerves unstrung,

spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress

of suffering, and an utter physical and mental re

Poetry.

Kindred Hearts.

Oh! ask not, hope thou not too much
Of sympathy below;
Few are the hearts whence one same touch
Bids the sweet fountain flow:
Few—and by still conflicting powers
Forbidden here to meet—
Such ties would make this life of ours
Too fair for night so fleet!

It may be that thy brother's eye
Sees not as thine, which turns
In such deep reverence to the sky,
Where the first sunset burns:
It may be that the breath of spring,
Born amidst violets lone,
A rapture o'er thy soul can bring—
A dream, to his unknown!

The time that speaks of other times—
A sorrowful delight!
The melody of distant chimes,
The sound of waves by night;
The wind that with so many a tone,
Some chord within can thrill—
These may have language all thine own,
To him a mystery still!

Yet scorn thou not for this the true
And steadfast love of years;
The kindly, that from childhood grew,
The faithful to thy tears!
If there be one that o'er the dead
Hath in thy grief borne part,
And watched thro' sickness by thy bed,
Call him a kindred heart!

But for those bonds all perfect made,
Wherein bright spirits blend,
Like sister flowers of one sweet shade,
With the same breeze that bend,
For that full bliss of thought allied,
Never to mortals given,—
Oh! lay thy lovely dream, aside,
Or lift them unto heaven.

The Faithful Heart.

BY MARIA C. STEEDMAN.

Of all the ills that fall to thee,
With patience bear thy part,
And ever in thy bosom hold
A true and faithful heart.

Be filled with honor, justice, truth—
These three shall conquer art,
And win for thee the great reward,
Which cheers the faithful heart.

Let no temptation ever sway
The fount from whence doth start
The noble feelings which exist
A true and faithful heart.

What thought the false feelings move,
From all their schemes depart;
For, far above low treacherous love,
Doth rise the faithful heart.

And then while moving on thy way,
Along life's busy mart,
In thy dark eye, so full of truth,
We'll read a faithful heart.

Thy justice soon will give thee power,
And o'er thy brow will dart
A glorious index of the soul—
Thou noble, faithful heart!

Sunshine.

The earth is full of sunshine
When the heart is full of glee,
For the light within our spirit
Shines on everything we see;
Then it finds the smallest trifles
For its happiness suffice,
And pleasure in the simplest thing,
As in the things of price.

There is sunshine in the flowers,
In the shadowy forest trees,
There is sunshine in the rippling brook
That whispers with the breeze;
It looks on us from every face,
The homely and the fair;
And the happier the spirit feels,
The more it seeks to share.

Anecdotes.

"What is the future state, my little girl?"
asked a clergyman.

"New Mexico," was the reply.

"No, no! I meant what is the future condition of young men and women?"

"Why," replied the girl, hesitatingly, "I suppose they are to get married."

"Oh, ma," said a juvenile to an elderly dame, "there goes pa with a yoke of steers to a bob sled."

"Hush, my child," said the mother, "it is very vulgar to say so; you should say a pair of gentlemen cows attached to a Robert sleigh."

"Pomp, was ye ever drunk?"

"No, I was intoxicated with ardent spirits once, and dat's nuff for dis darkie. De Lord bress you, Caesar, my head felt as if it was an out-house; and all niggers in de world appeared to be splitting wood in it."

"I wonder what makes my eyes so weak?"

"said a loafer to a gentleman."

"Why, they are in a weak place," replied the latter.

"Stand aside, my little boy, I want to pass."

"Don't call me a little boy, sir, I have smoked and chewed these two years."

A celebrated barrister one day examining a witness who foiled all his attempts at ridicule, by her ready and shrewd answers, at last exclaimed:

"There is brass enough in your head, madam, to make a five-penny kettle."

"And so enough in yours, sir, to fill it," quickly retorted the untimidated witness.

"Jemmy, my boy, did you see the flight of bats the other evening?"

"Niver the one, my honey; what kind of bats were they?"

"Brickbats, you spalpeen."

Seth asks if the men who "make their mark on the age," do so because they cannot write?

Rates and Rules of Advertising.
In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.	
Citations, 3 weeks,	\$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks,	1.00
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks,	1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks,	1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks,	1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks,	1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks,	1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks,	2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square)	1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.	
Messengers' Notices, 2 weeks,	1.50
Assignees' " " " "	1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.	
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, 3 weeks,	5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square)	1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.	
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square)	1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square)	75

SPECIAL NOTICES.	
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.)	1.25
" " " " " " " " " " " "	1.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.	
All Editorial Notices, (per line)	10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.	
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.)	12.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	7.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	4.00

BUSINESS CARDS.	
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than	5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.	
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.	

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.	
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.	

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.	
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.	

ONE SQUARE.	
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.	

(Signed)	
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.	

Blossom & Eastbrook, Hingham Journal.	
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Journal.	

O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.	
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.	

H. O. HILBURN, Dedham Gazette.	
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.	

GEORGE QUINCY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.	
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.	

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.	
Per order.	

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.	
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.	

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass, OF ANY QUALITY.

Also—

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rails and Rails, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Furnace Irons, Blind Hinges and Fastenings, Window Springs, Tinned Pins, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Pins, turned.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

JOHN O. FOYE, Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Tutman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM, Quincy, March 18. 1f

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoorhound; Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hobb's Balm of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Couch's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Barnett's and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11. 1f

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 1f

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., at a first rate article, wholesale or retail.

Quincy, Oct. 8. 1f

WHITE & FRENCH, Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH. May 20. 1f

HENRY A. RANSOM, AUCTIONEER,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8. 1f

KIRK & TRAVIS, Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK. W. M. E. TRAVIS. No. 106 Kneeland Street. Boston, April 16, 1853. 1f

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing,

SUCH AS POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE, —HAS FOR SALE— LUMBER,

Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood, QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852. 1f

William E. Colburn's Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY, AT 2 1/2 O'CLOCK, P. M., From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29 South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to. 14—1f

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, DEALER IN

Dy Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 1f

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass. 1f

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, —DEALER IN— LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also—

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.

Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12. 1f

ARNOLD'S Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE, Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c., Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, &c., &c.

Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION. DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines. For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 25. 1f

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at

DR. MARDEN'S, Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building. 1f

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Barnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Nov. 25. 1f

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain, for sale cheap, at

I. W. MUNROE'S, Quincy, Oct. 26. 1f

QUINCY Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the

South Quincy Depot—where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.

Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Contractor of the works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

Also—

GRANITE WORK, —in all its forms—

FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cillar Stones, &c., &c., furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices.

Quincy, July 22. 1f

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, insure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders, Merchants, and all Owners of Property not exposed to extraordinary hazards, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM S. MORTON;

TREASURER,

ISRAEL W. MUNROE;

SECRETARY,

STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS,

Quincy, Milton, George Thompson, Charles Brock,

Isaac W. Munroe, Gideon F. Thayer,

Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,

Albert Thompson, Cohasset,

Solomon J. Beal, South Hingham,

Stephen Bates, Alfred Loring,

William B. Duggan, North Bridgewater,

Thomas Curtis, Sumner A. Hayward,

Randolph, Burnstable,

Royal W. Turner, George Marston,

South Baintree, Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:

HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,

HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,

HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,

HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,

HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,

HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., " "

OFFICE,

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple, Quincy, April 1. 1f

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and customers, that he has just received a cargo of

Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,

a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his

wharf.

Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention to satisfy his many friends and customers.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Quincy, June 3. 1f

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY, GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point).

HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash, HEGG, STOVE and NUT COAL.

Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.

Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early attention.

Quincy, Sept. 30. 1f

For the Teeth.

HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings' Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash; Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and various other Washes and Powders. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, June 3. 1f

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

SOULE'S Oriental Sore-Head Balm Pills. D. HOOGLAND'S German Bitters.

Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE REMEDY. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 26. 1f

AYER'S PILLS,

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c., &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is alike true of the diseases of the bowels, and of the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of an error.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention: Dr. A. A. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston, and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high professional character is endorsed by the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, Senator of the U. S. Robert C. WINSTON, Ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1855.

NUMBER III.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Ground cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-gowns, Horse-hair Mattresses, Flesh Brushes, &c. &c. Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington, Oct. 20, 1854. Quincy, Nov. 1.

IMPORTANT

Farmer, Farmer & Stage Proprietors.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL. UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE. As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST.



"They can't keep House without it."

Experience of more than sixteen years has established the fact that MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL, or General Family Emulsion, will cure most cases, and relieve all sorts of Spasms, Sweeney, Ringbone, Windfalls, P.D. Evil, Callous, Cracked Heels, Galls of all kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Fingert, Sores, Sore Throat, Strains, Lameness, Foundered Feet, Scatches or Grease, Mange, Rheumatism, Bites of Animals, External Poison, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites, Boils, Corns, Whitlows, Burns and Scalds, Chilblains, Clapped Hands, Cuts, Contusions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c. &c. &c.

The unparalleled success of this Oil, in the cure of diseases in Horses and Cattle and even in human flesh, is daily becoming more known to the farming community. It can easily be verified, except for those who have been in the habit of keeping it in their stables and barns, what a vast amount of pain, suffering and time, are saved by the timely application of this Oil.

GEORGE W. MERCHANT, Lockport, N. Y., is blown in the side of the bottle, and in the handwriting of the seal. All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly responded to.

Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine. Sold by respectable druggists generally, in the United States and Canada. Albany.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

Also by Wm. T. Rand, Dedham; Geo. W. Bird, Brookline; Zenas S. Randolph; D. M. Swift, Milton; Wholesale and retail by Weeks & Potter, P. R. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr. & Co., Boston. Quincy, Nov. 18.

Toys and Fancy Articles.

BY calling at DR. MARDEN'S, corner of HANCOCK and GRANITE STREETS, you will find a splendid assortment of

TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs, Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descriptions.

Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs, Sleighs—Villages, Military Companies, Dining Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Whistles, Flageoles, Clarinets, Trumets, Harmonicas, Hammers—Fencing, and other Toys, Baskets, Balletpieces, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes and Brushes, Transparent Slates, &c. &c., and at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Massachusetts Elections. Quincy, Nov. 18.

Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND

THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! for Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's Lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson Lane, Boston, Mass. Boston, Sept. 23.

Soaps and Perfumes.

CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glenn's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balls; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Orona and Chalk Balls; Chinese Meen Fan, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Hair Powder for infants; Pull Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 11.

Dried Apples.

2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL HUNTER & Co. Quincy, March 25.

Porte Monais.

JUST received at the QUINCY BOOK-STORE, a large and handsome variety—many new patterns. Beautiful styles of Ladies' Porte Monais, &c., selling at lower prices than ever before. Quincy, Oct. 21.

Tooth Ache!

Tell every person you meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an article at Dr. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy. Quincy, Dec. 24.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION.

Over L. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required. No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the publisher. Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out. The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers. Railway Village, West District, Milton, Darchester, Weymouth, Abington, South Scituate, New York City, Brooklyn, (N. Y.)

JOSEPH BABCOCK, GEORGE H. LOCKE, CHARLES BRECK, ORIN P. HADON, A. A. KINGSBURY, JOSEPH CLEVELY, SAMUEL A. TURNER, FREEMAN HUNT, GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The Witch Wife.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

When a boy, I occasionally met at a house of a relative in an adjoining town, a stout, red-nosed old farmer of the neighborhood. A fine tableau he made of a winter's evening, in the red light of a birch log fire, as he sat for hours watching its progress with the sleepy, half-shut eyes, changing his position only to reach the cinder mug on the shelf near him. Although he seldom opened his lips save to assent to some remark of his host, or to answer a direct question, yet at times, when the cinder mug got the better of his taciturnity, he would amuse us with interesting details of his early experience in the "Ohio Country."

There was, however, one chapter in these experiences which "the stranger intermeddled not." He was not willing to run the risk of hearing that which to him was a very frightful reality turned into ridicule by scoffers and unbelievers. The substance of it, as I received it from one of his neighbors, foras as clever a tale of witchcraft as modern times have produced.

It seems that when quite a young man he left the homestead, and strolling westward, worked his way from place to place until he found himself in one of the French settlements on the Ohio river. Here he procured employment on the farm of a widow; and being a very smart, active fellow, and proving highly serviceable in his department, he rapidly gained favor in the eyes of his employer. So long, contrary to the advice of his neighbors, and in spite of somewhat discouraging hints touching certain matrimonial deficiencies experienced by the late husband, he absolutely stepped into the dead man's shoes; the mistress became the wife, and the servant was legally promoted to the head of the household.

For a time matters went on cosily and comfortably enough. He was now lord of the soil; and having laid in his crops of corn and potatoes, salted down his pork and piled up his wood for winter's use, he naturally enough congratulated himself on his good fortune, and laughed at the sinister forebodings of his neighbors. But with the long winter months came a change over his "love's young dream." An evil and mysterious influence seemed to be at work in his affairs. Whatever he did after consulting his wife, or at her suggestions, resulted favorably enough, but all his schemes and projects were unaccountably marred and defeated. If he bought a horse, he was sure to prove spavined or wind-broken. His cows either refused to give down their milk, or, giving it, it was so sour that it was necessary to give it to the pigs. He had bought, repaid his partiality by devouring her own children. By degrees a dark thought forced its way into his mind. Comparing the repeated mischances with the anti-nuptial warnings of his neighbors, he at last came to the melancholy conclusion that his wife was a witch. The victim in Motherwell's ballad of the Demon Lady, or the poor fellow in the Arabian tale, who discovered that he had married a ghost in the guise of a young and blooming princess, was scarcely in a more sorrowful predicament. He grew nervous and fretful. Old dismal nursery stories and all the witch lore of boyhood came back to his poor memory, and he crept to his bed like a criminal to the gallows, half afraid to fall asleep lest his mysterious companion should take a fancy to transform him into a horse, get him shod at the smithy's, and ride him to a witch meeting. And, as if to make the matter worse, his wife's affections seemed to increase just in proportion as his troubles thickened upon him. She aggravated him with all manner of caresses

and endearments. This was a drop too much. The poor man recoiled from her as from a waking nightmare. His thoughts turned to New England; he longed to see once more the old homestead, with its tall well-sweep and butternut tree by the road side; and he sighed amid the rich bottom lands of his new house for his father's rocky pasture, with the crop of stunted mulleins. So one cold November day, finding himself out of sight and hearing of his wife, he summoned courage to attempt an escape, and resolutely turning his back on the West, plunged into the wilderness towards the sunrise. After a hard and long journey he at length reached his birth-place, and was kindly welcomed by his old friends. Keeping a close mouth with respect to his unlucky adventure in Ohio, he soon after married one of his school-mates, and by dint of persevering industry and economy, in a few years found himself in possession of a comfortable home.

But his evil star still lingered above the horizon. One summer evening, on returning from the hay field, who should he meet but the witch wife from Ohio! She came riding along the street on her old white horse, with a pillion behind the saddle. She accosted him in a very kindly tone, yet not without something of genteel reproach for his unhandsome desertion of her, she informed him that she had come all the way from Ohio to take him back again.

It was in vain that he pleaded his latter engagements; it was in vain that his new wife raised her shrillest remonstrances, not devoid of expressions of vehement indignation at the revelation of her husband's real position; the witch-wife was inexorable—go he must, and that speedily. Fully impressed with the belief of her supernatural powers of compelling obedience, and perhaps dreading more than witchcraft itself the effects of the unlucky disclosure on the temper of his New England helpmate, he made a virtue of the necessity of the case, bid farewell to the latter amidst a hurricane of reproaches, and mounted the white horse, with his wife on the pillion behind him. To that ride Barker might have written a counterpart to his ballad.

"Tramp, tramp, along the shore they ride, Splash, splash, among the sea."

Two or three years had passed away, bringing no tidings of the husband, when he once more made his appearance in his native village. He was not disposed to be very communicative, but for one thing, at least, he seemed willing to express his gratitude. His Ohio wife having no spell against intermittent fever, had paid the debt of nature and left him free; in view of which his surviving wife, after manifesting some degree of resentment, consented to take him back, and I could never learn that she had cause to regret her clemency.

The Naturalization Laws.

The New York Express gives the following synopsis of the general acts for the naturalization of aliens, passed by Congress since the organization of the government:—

1790, March 26, repealed in 1795.
1795, January 29, repealed April 14, 1802.
1802, April 14, " " "
1804, March 26, " " "
1815, March 22, " " "
1816, April 16, " " "
1816, July 30, " " "
1824, May 26, " " "
1828, May 24, " " "

The first act allowed any alien, being a free white person, residing within the limits and being under the jurisdiction of the United States for two years, to become a citizen—the applicant to be a person of good character, and to take an oath to support the Constitution. The children of such persons, under twenty-one years of age, and the children of citizens, born on the sea, or out of the limits of the United States, to be considered as natural born citizens, provided that those whose fathers had not resided in the United States should not be citizens, and that no person proscribed by a State shall be considered a citizen, except by the act of the Legislature proscribing such person.

The second act required a five years' residence, and that the alien should renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty whatever, and particularly by name the prince, potentate, state or sovereignty of which the alien was a subject. He was also required to declare his intention to become a citizen three years before his admission to the privilege of citizenship.

The third act required of the applicant for the rights of citizenship—the five years residence, at least, within the United States and one year in the State or Territory where the application was made, and that during all of this time he should be a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well

disposed to the good order and happiness of the same, "provided, however, that the oath of the applicant should in no case be allowed to prove his residence. This act also required that all persons thereafter applying for naturalization should make registry and obtain certificates of the following facts:—name, birthplace, age, nation and allegiance, together with the country from whence the alien emigrated, the place of intended settlement, &c. All other instructions embodied in previous acts were also incorporated in the law of eighteen hundred and twenty.

The fourth act was explanatory of the third, except in the second section, which made provision for regarding the widows and children of aliens dying while in the process of naturalization, citizens, as if such alien applicant had not died.

The fifth act grew out of the war of 1812, and afforded aliens who applied for naturalization before June 18, 1812, the benefits of their application, regardless of the country of which they were subjects. There was, however, a proviso, empowering by law the apprehension and removal of any alien before the consummation of the act of naturalization.

The act made provision for the better enforcement of the laws of naturalization, especially in regard to the declaration of intention, the certificate of the Clerk of the Court of Prothonotary, and the exhibition of such evidence upon an application to become a citizen.

The Court was prohibited from granting an act of naturalization except the facts were recited at full length, and made a part of the record of the Court admitting such alien.

The seventh act made provision for the printing and circulation of existing naturalization laws.

The eighth act absolved, in the case of minors, the previous declaration of three years, but the applicant was called upon to prove a bona fide intention to become a citizen for at least three years, and to have been for five years a resident.

The ninth, and last law, repealed the second and material provision of the laws of 1802 and 1816, and grants a certificate of citizenship whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court, that the applicant has resided within the limits and under the jurisdiction of the United States for at least five years preceding such application. The proof is to be the oath or affirmation of citizens of the United States.

We have referred to those several laws, most of which have been repealed, and all of which may be found in the four first volumes of the statutes at large, because the subject has already been very prominently brought before the two Houses of Congress, and notices for their repeal given in each, in the Senate by Mr. Adams of Mississippi, and in the House of Representatives by Mr. Taylor of Tennessee. We do not suppose any action will be had upon the subject at the present short session, but what is urged and begun now, it is very probable may be consummated by the next Congress.—Boston Times.

The Morning Hour.

The air is tranquil, and its temperature mild. It is morning, and a morning sweet, and fresh, and delightful. Every body knows the morning in its metaphorical sense, applied to so many objects, and on so many occasions. The health, strength, and beauty, of early years, lead us to call that period the "morning of life." Of a lovely young woman we say, she is "bright as the morning," and no one doubts why Lucifer is called the "son of the morning." But, the morning itself few people, inhabitants of cities, know anything about. Among all our good people not one in a thousand sees the sun rise once in a year, and they know nothing of the morning. Their idea of it is, that it is that part of the day which comes along after a cup of coffee, and a beef steak, or a piece of toast. With them, morning is not a new issue of light, a new bursting forth of the sun, a new waking up of all that has life, from a sort of temporary death, to behold again the works of God, the heavens and the earth; it is only part of the domestic day, belonging to breakfast, to reading the newspapers, answering notes, sending the children to school, and giving orders for dinner. The first streak of light, the earliest purpling of the east, which the lark springs up to greet, and the deeper coloring into orange and red, till at length the "glorious" sun is seen, "regent of day," this they never enjoy, for they never see it.

Beautiful descriptions of the morning abound in all languages, but they are the strongest, perhaps, in those of the east, where the sun is often an object of worship. King David speaks of taking to himself the "wings of the morning." This is highly poetical and beautiful. The wings of the morning are the beams of the rising sun. Rays of light are wings. It is thus said that the Sun of Right-

eousness shall shine, "with healing in his wings," a rising sun which shall scatter life, health and joy, throughout the universe. Milton has fine descriptions of morning; but not so many as Shakespeare, from whose writings pages of the most beautiful imagery, all founded on the glory of the morning, might be filled.

I never thought that Adam had much the advantage of us, from having seen the world while it was new. The manifestations of the power of God, like his mercies, are "new every morning," and fresh every moment.—We see as fine risings of the sun as ever Adam saw, and its risings are as much a miracle now as they were in his day, and I think a good deal more, because it is now a part of the miracle that for thousands of years he has come to his appointed time, without the variation of a millionth part of a second. Adam could not tell how this might be. I know the morning—I am acquainted with it, and I love it. I love it fresh and sweet as it is, a daily new creation breaking forth, and calling all that have life, and breath, and being, to new adoration, new enjoyments, and new gratitude.—Daniel Webster.

Phosphorus.

It is now just two hundred years since phosphorus was first obtained by Brand, of Hamburg. So wonderful was the discovery then considered, that Kraft, an eminent philosopher, gave Brand three hundred dollars for the secret of its preparation. Kraft then travelled, and visited nearly all the courts of Europe, exhibiting phosphorus to kings and nobles. In appearance phosphorus resembles bees' wax; but it is more transparent, approaching to the color of amber. Its name, which is derived from the Greek, signifies "light-bearer," and is indicative of its most distinguishing quality, being self-luminous. Phosphorus, when exposed to the air, shines like a star, giving out a beautiful lambent greenish light. Phosphorus dissolves in warm sweet oil. If this phosphorized oil be rubbed over the face in the dark, the features assume a ghastly appearance, and the experimentalist looks like a veritable living Will-o-the-Wisp. The origin of phosphorus is the most remarkable concerning it. Every other substance with which we are acquainted can be traced either to the earth or air; but phosphorus seems to be of animal origin. Of all animals, man contains the most; and of the various parts of the body, the brain yields by analysis more phosphorus than any other. This fact is of no little moment. Every thought has perhaps a phosphoric source. It is certain that the most intellectual beings contain the most phosphorus. It generally happens that when a singular discovery is made, many years elapse before any application of it is made to the welfare and happiness of man. This remark applies to phosphorus. It is only the other day that it was sold at five shillings an ounce; now it is so cheap that the penniless portion of our population hawk it about in the form of matches. But what a noble, life, light, and fire-giving office does it fill! For commercial purposes—match-making, phosphorus is extracted from burnt bones. The demand for it is now so great that many tons are annually prepared. When Kraft travelled, he had not more than half an ounce "to set before the king!"

Barnum on Advertising.

Advertise your business. Do not hide your light under a bushel. Whatever your occupation or calling may be, it needs support from the public, advertise it thoroughly and efficiently, in some shape or other, that will arrest public attention. I freely confess that what success I have had in my life may fairly be attributed more to the public press than to nearly all other causes combined. There may possibly be occupations that do not require advertising, but I cannot well conceive what they are.

Men in business will sometimes tell you that they have tried advertising, and it did not pay. This is only when advertising is done sparingly and grudgingly. Homoeopathic doses of advertising will not pay perhaps, it is like half a portion of physic, making the patient sick, but affecting nothing. Administer liberally, and the cure will be sure and permanent.

Some say, "they cannot afford to advertise,"—they cannot afford not to advertise. In this country, where everybody reads the newspapers, the man must have a thick skull who does not see that these are the cheapest and best medium through which he can speak to the public, where he is to find his customers. Put on the appearance of business, and generally the reality will follow. The armer plants his seed, and while he is sleeping, his corn and potatoes are growing. So with advertising. While you are sleeping, or eating, or conversing with one set of customers, your advertisement is being read by hundreds and thousands of persons who never saw you,

nor heard of your business, and never would, had it not been for your advertisement appearing in the newspapers.

The business men of this country do not, as a general thing, appreciate the advantages of advertising thoroughly. Occasionally the public are aroused at witnessing the success of a Swain, a Brandreth, Townsend, or a Root, and express astonishment at the rapidity with which these gentlemen acquire fortunes, not reflecting that the same path is open to all who dare pursue it. But it needs nerve and faith. The former to enable you to launch out thousands on the uncertain waters of the future, the latter, to teach you that after many days it shall surely return, bringing an hundred or a thousand fold to him who appreciates the advantages of 'printer's ink' properly applied.

You are a Brick.

A certain College professor had assembled his class at the commencement of the term, and was reading over the list of names to see that all were present. It chanced that one of the number was unknown to the Professor, having just entered the class.

"What is your name, sir?" asked the Professor, looking through his spectacles.

"You are a brick," was the startling reply.

"Sir," said the Professor, half starting out of his chair at the supposed impertinence, but not quite sure that he had understood him correctly, "Sir, I did not exactly understand your answer."

"You are a brick," was again the composed reply.

"This is intolerable!" said the Professor, his face reddening. "Beware, young man, how you attempt to insult me."

Insult you, said the student, in turn astonished. "How have I done it?"

"Did you not say I was a brick?" returned the Professor with stifled indignation.

"No, sir, you asked me my name, and I answered your question, U. R. A. Brick—Uriah Reynolds Anderson Brick."

"Ah, indeed," murmured the Professor, sinking back into his seat in confusion. "It was a misconception on my part. Will you commence the lesson, Mr.—ahem! Mr. Brick?"

Bed Covering.

People are often 'short' in that golden product called common sense—and in relation to nothing more than bed covering. What one sleeps under has a vital connection with the health; and many a day is made miserable just as the preceding night has been beneath proper or improper clothing. A popular writer has the following:

"Three fourths of the bed covering of our people consist of what are mis-called 'comfortables,' viz: two calico cloths, with glazed cotton wadding laid between and quilted in. The perfection of dress for day or night, where warmth is the purpose, is that which confines around the body sufficient of its warmth, while it allows escape to the rest.

Where the body is allowed to bathe protractedly in its own vapor, we must expect an unhealthy action upon the skin. Where there is too little ventilating scope, what is called insensible perspiration is checked, and something analogous to fever supervenes. Foul tongue in taste, and lack of morning appetite, betray the error. In all cases the temper suffers; and 'my dear this execrable coffee,' is probably the morning salutation.

"How much is the rosy health of poor children due to the air leaking bed-rooms of their parents—and what a generator of pale faces is a close chamber!"

"To be healthy and happy: provide your bed with the lightest and most porous blanket. The finer the better. The cheapest in price is the dearest in health. 'Comfortables' are uncomfortable and unhealthy. Cotton, if it could be made equally porous and keep so we should prefer to wool. The same for daily underclothes. But more than all else, let your chamber be well ventilated. Knock in a hole somewhere to give your escaping breath exit, and another to give fresh air to your lungs in place of what they have expired. So shall you have pleasant dreams at night, and in the morning, cheerful rising, sweet breath and a good appetite. These blessings combined will secure to healthful parents a household of bright rosy checked memorials of rich and fruitful affection."

Gunpowder.

A little saltpetre, a little charcoal, and a little sulphur, stirred up together, constitute that magic black powder, the power of which makes a nation tremble. It is the guardian and strong bolt which keeps the barbarian thief from entering the precincts of the peaceful and industrious. Gunpowder is indirectly the great peace costable of the world. Prior to this clever chemical invention, the wars of sects, classes, and nations, were vexatiously prolonged; Charlemagne

spent a long reign in perpetual war. During the Roman Empire wars scarcely ceased; and so it had been with all the preceding nations. The history of the world is a history of shifting wars. Prior to the invention of gunpowder, or more correctly speaking, prior to its application as a means of warfare, a prolonged peace, such a peace as the last forty years in Europe, has scarcely been recorded. The fact is, that when men discovered the terrible efforts of this new engine for their destruction, they began to think more seriously of war. The old battles fought without gunpowder were not half so much to be dreaded as a modern war. The battles of Ptolemy and Ramises, kings of Egypt, of Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon, and Xerxes of Susa, were of a class that may be compared to a mighty host of robbers sacking a country, with little or no direct to themselves. What a contrast do such battles present to the terrific encounters at Waterloo, in which thirty thousand men were killed after a few hours' contest! All men fear and respect gunpowder. Nations spend millions of money in building fortifications, and endeavoring to make strongholds impregnable to the effects of this simple mixture; but all their efforts are unavailable. No fortress that has ever been erected can hold together against bomb-shells, rockets and balls, flying through space with lightning speed, urged on by gunpowder. The source of power in gunpowder lies with the saltpetre. This substance, termed nitrate of potash, consists of nitric acid and potash. Now, the nitric acid is, as it were, an immense volume of atmospheric air, condensed into a solid, ready on demand to assume the air form by the touch of a spark of fire. When sulphur and charcoal are mixed with nitre (saltpetre), and a spark is applied, the sulphur (brimstone) ignites, setting fire to the charcoal. Air is applied to the substances by the decomposition of the nitre; the atmosphere condensed therein instantly unites with the combustible, and the result is an intensely hot gaseous compound, two thousand times the bulk of the original solid. The English government gunpowder is composed of 75 parts of nitre, 15 of charcoal, and 10 of sulphur. The Russian government powder consists of 73 3-4 parts of nitre, 15 1-2 of charcoal, and 12 1-4 of sulphur.—Scientific Amer.

The Honest Shop Boy.

"That is right, my boy," said the merchant, smiling approvingly upon the bright face of his shop boy. He had brought him a dollar that lay amongst the dust and paper of the sweepings.

"That is right," he said again, "always be honest; it is the best policy."

"Should you say that?" asked the lad timidly.

"Should I say what? that honesty is the best policy? Why it is a time honored old saying. I don't know about the elevating tendency of the thing; the spirit is rather narrow, I'll allow."

"So grandmother taught me," replied the boy, "she said we should do right because God approved it, without thinking what man would say."

The merchant turned abruptly toward the desk, and the thoughtful-faced little lad resumed his duties.

In the course of the morning a rich and influential citizen called at the store. While conversing, he said, I have no children of my own, and I fear to adopt one. My experience is that a boy of twelve (the age I should prefer) is fixed in his habits, and if they are bad—

"Stop!" said the merchant, "did you see that lad, yonder?"

"With that noble brow? Yes, what of him?"

"He is remarkable—"

"Yes, yes—that's what everybody tells me who have boys to dispose of. No doubt he will do well before your face. I've tried a good many, and have been deceived more than once."

"I was going to say," remarked the merchant calmly, "that he is remarkable for principle. Never have I known him to deviate from the right, sir—never. He would restore a pin; indeed, (the merchant colored,) he's a little too honest for my employ. He points out flaws in goods, and I cannot teach him prudence in that respect. Common prudence, you know, is—is—common—common—prudence—ahem!"

The stranger made no assent and the merchant hurried on to say—

"He is a parish orphan—taken by an old woman out of pity, when yet a babe. Poverty has been his lot. No doubt he has suffered from hunger and cold uncounted times; his hands have been frozen, so have his feet. Sir, that boy would have died rather than been dishonest. I can't account for it, upon my word I can't."

"Have you any claim upon him?"

"Not the least in the world, except what common benevolence offers. Indeed, the boy is entirely too good for me."

"Then I will adopt him; and if I have found one really honest boy, thank God."

The little fellow rode home in a carriage, and was ushered into a luxurious room; and he who sat shivering in a cold corner, listening to the words of a pious old creature who had been taught of the Spirit, became one of the best and greatest divines that England ever produced.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, January 20th, 1855.

BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE.

The War in the East.

By the arrival of the Canada, we have news from Europe to the 6th inst.

There is no material change in the state of affairs in the Crimea: The siege goes on slowly, the Russians disputing every inch of ground. The Allies have received large reinforcements, and expected to be able to resume the offensive very soon. They have two hundred and fifty guns in battery, ready to open fire. They confidently expect to take the place by assault; their plan is to continue an incessant fire for forty-eight hours, and then make a general assault with their whole strength. Cold weather had set in, which is thought to be favorable to the Russians, inasmuch as they can receive reinforcements with more facility, than during the prevalence of wet weather.

Omar Pasha has been ordered to the seat of War, to concert measures with the allied Generals. The Turkish Government shows great diligence in providing supplies, ammunition, and shipping repairs to the allies.

The London Times advocates the removal of Lord Raglan from the command of the British troops; it says he is not competent for the post. Gen. De la Rivecourt has arrived in England, having retired in disgust from his command.

Negotiations are still going on in Vienna, between the Ministers of Austria, France and England, on the one hand, and Prince Gortschakoff, the Russian Ambassador, on the other; but very little hope of an amicable settlement is felt. The allies communicated their interpretation of the "four points" to the Prince, and he asked for a fortnight's time to consult the Emperor, which was granted him.—the war in the mean time progressing. Prussia will, it is thought, come into the alliance, and under certain eventualities, will join the league with her troops.

Business is good in France; the new loan being taken up briskly. Some more failures are announced in England.

OLD COLONY AND FALL RIVER RAILROAD. The annual report of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad has been printed. The accounts are made up to Nov. 30th, according to law.

The receipts for the year were—

For transportation of passengers,	\$419,614 61
do, freight,	217,148 62
do, mail,	4,966 02
do, gravel, offal, etc.,	5,370 83
Rents,	3,155 00
Total,	\$646,156 14

Expenses for the same time:

For interest on bonds,	\$698 50
floating debt,	7,976 81
Rent of South Shore Railroad (to April 1st),	\$,900 00
do, of Worcester and Milton Railroad,	7,720 00
General expenses,	574,240 03
Total,	\$1,280,855 24

Net earnings for the year, \$142,900 89

Among the items are gratuities and damages by the collision at North Bridgewater, Nov. 21, 1853, \$42,700 12; expenses of consolidation, \$13,700 15; furnace at Fall River and altering curve, \$4783 19; deficiency in shop stock, \$15,000.

The amount of the debt of the Company, exclusive of bonds, and permanent loans at this time, is about \$100,000, which it is proposed to consolidate into bonds, which will require the consent of the stockholders.

The Fall River stockholders received 4 per cent. dividend, in cash, last July, besides a dividend in stock in September.

A VOICE FROM THE PACIFIC. We cut from one of our exchanges, the following resolutions, by which it will be seen that Freeman Hunt, Esq. has been elected an honorary member of the Mercantile Library Association of San Francisco, California. We give the official proceedings:

Mercantile Library Rooms, San Francisco, Dec. 8th, 1854.

At a meeting of the Board, held on the evening of the 5th December, 1854, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That "Hunt's Merchant's Magazine and Commercial Review" is eminently worthy of the generous encouragement and liberal patronage of our mercantile community, and that we most cordially endorse it as a work of standard authority and useful reference in regard to all matters of commercial interest.

Resolved, That Freeman Hunt, Esq. be hereby unanimously elected an honorary member of this Association.

F. A. WOODWORTH, Corresponding Secretary.

NEWSPAPER ASSOCIATION.—M. M. Ballou, Esq., who recently purchased Gleason's Pictorial, has just bought Dodge's Literary Museum, and that paper next week will be merged in the Pictorial.

GENERAL COURT. The Legislature has not yet reached the main matters, which will elicit discussion, although the question of electing a United States Senator produced some debate, which resulted in postponing the election to Tuesday next. Much outside influence is brought to bear against the election of Gen. Henry Wilson, the regular nominee of the House. There is no mistake relative to his American and Anti-slavery principles. His past political course on these two points leave no doubt that his views harmonize with the now dominant party.

In joint meeting, the following gentlemen were elected to fill vacancies in the Board of Overseers of Harvard University, viz:—Emory Washburn of Worcester, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff of Boston, Rev. John H. Twombly of Roxbury, Thomas Russell of Boston, Henry B. Wheelwright of Taunton, Rev. Lyman Whiting of Reading.

The petition of O. Adams and others, for incorporation as the Quincy Point and Germantown Ferry Company, and also of Maj. T. C. Webb and others, for an act to establish a Five Cent Savings Bank in Quincy, have been appropriately referred.

Asaph Churchill, Esq. and others, have petitioned the Legislature for incorporation as the Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—The New York papers mention that oranges and lemons are very plenty and cheap in that city. They were never sold at such low rates. Sound oranges are sold at ten cents a dozen, and sound lemons at six cents a dozen.

AN INTERESTING WORK.—Fetridge & Co. of Boston, have published the long promised work of the Chevalier Winkler,—"My Courtship and its Consequences," the appearance of which must create an extraordinary sensation. This work contains the true account of the Chevalier's adventures in Europe.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.—Trains have commenced running and now leave the Depot in Boston, at the foot of Summer street, regularly at half-past five, P. M., with passengers for New York, via Blackstone, Norwich and New London, connecting at the latter place with the steamboat.

CLAN CHOWDER. We think the advent of Saturday must be hailed with joy by those who have the privilege of refreshing themselves with a bowl of French's chowder, if for no other reason. Mr. F. will be happy to supply his numerous customers to-day with a dinner of this favorite dish.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.—The mails for Boston and also for Fall River close at a quarter past seven o'clock in the morning, and the afternoon mail for Boston closes at half past four o'clock.

The morning mail arrives at eight o'clock; the afternoon at ten minutes past five o'clock, and they will be opened and ready for delivery in twenty minutes after their arrival.

The Post Office will be closed for one hour, from half past eleven o'clock, A. M., to half past twelve o'clock, P. M., and it will be closed at half past seven in the evening.

The public should notice these hours in order to avoid disappointment.

DISBANDED.—The Columbian Artillery of Boston, commanded by Capt. Cass, have disbanded voluntarily. This step was taken on account of the ground taken by Gov. Gardner in his message, in regard to alien military organizations.

THE WEATHER. Everybody we meet now-a-days, exclaims what curious weather! Sure enough, for we have had nothing but snow and rain, alternately, all the week, furnishing us with any quantity of mud and slosh, which renders it very unpleasant for those minus india rubbers or good tight boots.

For the Patriot.

FRANCE—A Retrospect of the Past—Her Future Destiny.

MR. EDITOR:—In my haste to insert what I had to say in last week's Patriot, I neglected to give you a heading for my correspondence. I did not intend the communication, at first, as a criticism on the various Lyceum Lectures, but as the lecture delivered last week was quite relevant to the subject I had chosen, I alluded to it as a proof of what I had in mind to substantiate. I shall therefore not attempt any remarks on the lecture, except as they bear directly on the subject. Let me say a few more words concerning our last lecturer, and he will doubtless pardon me for using a little of that liberty of the press, of which he is such a devoted admirer.

There are those in France who profess to shed piteous tears over the existence of anarchy, but let the ball of revolution in its onward roll topple anarchy to the dust, and they would be among the first to seize and wear the red robe of a Robespierre, a Danton or Barriere. Anarchy in their sight is horrible; oligarchy admirable. These are French republicans, (i. e.) Red Republicans. (That our friend Mr. P. is of this order, I would not say, but that his eulogy of Robespierre and other leaders of the "Reign of Terror," smattered of this I think will not be denied. Let us proceed to our subject:—In order to properly understand the origin

of the many revolutions which have so often desolated this fairest region of Europe, we must refer to the mediocrity of French history, when the spirit of Jacobinism first breathed its existence, and trace its course down to the time when Louis Napoleon, by his energetic and prompt action just as the pent up storm of Jacobinism was again about to deluge Paris in blood, grasped the ancient sceptre and planted his standard on the palace of the Tuilleries.

France in its earlier stages of civilization resembled the Gothic nations of Europe. It consisted of provinces, differing from each other in manners, laws, constitution, and religion, all governed by a single individual, under different titles. Thus, in one place, the monarch was styled King of France, in another, Duke of Brittany, and in a third, Count of Provence, &c. These provinces are what were styled the "States-General," when represented in the National Assembly.

During the early part of the fifteenth century, and anterior to that period, they took an active part in the administration of the government. At the close of the fifteenth century, their powers existed only in name; but were again partially restored during the reign of Louis XII., only to be again extinguished at the accession of Louis XIV., surnamed the Magnificent, to the throne, the history of whose reign shows at once the brightest and darkest spots in the annals of the French nation. At his will splendid armies rose into being from the four corners of his kingdom, at his nod the pines of the forest floated on the waters of the ocean, and sails whitened every sea. Commerce expanded its broad wings, and poured into France the exhaustless treasures of the Indies; splendid towns, cities, and palaces, rise up all over the kingdom, and edifices and public works are wafted into existence at the will of the Grand Monarque.

But there is a dark side to this brilliant history. At the instigation of a fanatical monk, a decree is issued to slaughter the heretics of Languedoc. A ministerial minion argues, and fifty imperial towns are swept from the list of free States; and at the desire of a strumpet the villages of the Palatinate are laid in ashes.

At the death of this monarch, the regency of the dissolute Orleans commenced. No sooner had the regency expired than Louis XV. came to the throne; and desirous of prolonging the life of military glory, breathed into existence by Louis the Magnificent, collected the veteran armies of the Empire and carried on war with various success in Holland, until the treaty of Aix la Chapelle.

At the end of the war France found herself weakened and weighed down almost hopelessly by an enormous national debt, which exceeded the annual income by the enormous sum of \$115,000,000 francs.

Here was a dilemma, which the accession of Calonne in the place of Turgot as premier, did not at all remedy. Weak, avaricious, and self-sufficient, Calonne attempted the whole management of the financial affairs of government. In this he completely failed, and with him the credit of the nation.

At this juncture, Louis was determined to resort to that least to be desired means of remedying the evil, the summoning of the States-General, and accordingly called a meeting of the Notables to advise upon the subject. They, headed by Calonne, determined to take upon themselves the duty of regulating affairs, and establishing the public credit.

Calonne advocated the equalization of imports and the abolition of the pecuniary exemption of the clergy.

The Notables opposed this, and finally expelled Calonne from the Assembly. This event forms the commencement of those differences between the powers of government and the national will which terminated in the ever memorable storm which burst upon the nation in May, 1789. After considerable bantering between the King and the Notables, the latter finally, at the instance of Meeker, consented to call together the States-General.

Thus, after the lapse of two hundred years, during which time their voice had not been heard in the legislation of the nation, the States-General assembled their deputies at Vanities. They met, and every one acquainted with French history, well knows what an epoch that meeting formed in the annals of the human race. This assembly constituted what is called the "Revolution," inasmuch as it effected a radical change in the administration of the government. Event succeeded event in rapid succession. The king fearful of their power, declared the Assembly dissolved; but he had gone too far to be able to retract. They answered; "The nation assembled, have no orders to receive." Driven to his last resort, he ordered the National Guard to his support. They deserted him. Paris revolted. The Bastille was razed and the king yielded. Then commenced the Reign of Terror, in which 30,000 souls perished; and after having tried every form of government, from an oligarchy to a republic, France found herself at the end of forty-five years, to use the language of another, "quietly sheltered under the merciful despotism of Napoleon Buonaparte."

IOWA.

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The tax of Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati, (Ohio) amounts, this year, to thirty thousand three hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

Emma R. Coe has been entered as a student at law in the District Court at Philadelphia.

The Legislature of Florida has elected David L. Yulee, (dem.) as United States Senator from that State.

Gov. Gardner stated in his recent address that eight hundred foreign idiots and lunatics are occupants of the State Insane Asylum, or supported by the Counties, at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Ida May, published by Phillips, Sampson & Co. of Boston, has now reached its twenty fifth thousand, which is an unprecedented sale for a book by an unknown author for the same period since its first appearance.

To succeed in business—advertise and keep good natured. The former will bring custom and the latter will retain it. A smile draws like a poultice, while a vinegar-visage clerk is nearly as bad for trade as unripe fruit and a sickly summer.

In Toronto, Canada, a boy sixteen years old has been sentenced to hanging.

On Christmas Day, 1794, ship Betsey, one hundred and ninety tons, was launched in Salem, thermometer eighty degrees at noon. The grease ran down on the ways, and men and boys indulged in swimming, as in summer.

Upwards of a thousand loaves of bread are distributed every day at the Five Points Mission House, New York City.

The country residence of J. A. Haven, a merchant of New York City, at Fort Washington, about twelve miles up the Hudson River, was destroyed by fire at an early hour Saturday morning last. Three of his daughters—Mary, Grace and Hannah Haven—perished by suffocation.

The three smallest places in the United States are Harris, Essex Co., Vermont, having a population of eight; Averill, in the same county, with a population of seven; and Liberty, in Keokuk Co., Illinois, with a population of five.

The taxpayers of the City of New York are informed by the Comptroller of that city that \$13,000,000 is needed to carry on the city government during the year 1855.

At a skating match recently held at Madison, Wisconsin, a mile was run in one minute and fifty-six seconds, starting included.

Samuel F. McCleary died in Boston last week. For many years he held the office of City Clerk. His son succeeded him and still retains the office.

Otto Suter, who was sentenced eight years ago to eighteen years imprisonment for a murderous attack upon the cashier of the Lancaster bank, Mass. has been pardoned, on condition that he goes from the prison directly on board a ship for Hamburg, and never return again to the United States.

On Thanksgiving day, Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New Haven, Conn. preached against Know Nothingism, or what he called "the ungenial and unchristian prejudice against foreigners which has lately exhibited itself in some parts of the country."

The President of the United States in his speech to the Veterans of 1812, who recently visited the Executive Mansion, en masse, said: "You are welcome to this house, of which you are the proprietors, and I but the tenant."

The grand ball for the benefit of the poor has come off at the Academy of Music, New York City, and was a most brilliant affair. The building was crowded to excess, and, according to some estimates, as many as ten thousand persons attended. A very large fund was realized.

Fourteen years ago, but a single house, and that a log cabin, stood upon what is now the site of St. Paul, Minnesota; a city that supports four daily newspapers, and where upwards of forty-three thousand passengers have been landed within a year.

H. Dooley, of the Merchant's Exchange Hotel, State street, Boston, has adopted the European plan in his popular hotel. To citizens and strangers this will prove a great convenience, and to the proprietor a profitable change.

Small pox is quite prevalent at the present time in Boston, and the varioloid exists in almost every street.

Counterfeit ten dollar bills on the Woodstock bank, Vt., are in circulation. Look out for them.

The store of E. Blanchard, in West Scituate has been broken into and robbed of five hundred dollars worth of goods.

Wm. White, Esq., State Printer, will please accept our thanks for an early copy of Governor Gardner's Address. It makes a pamphlet of thirty-seven pages, and is printed in White's usual beautiful style.

Hon. Pierre Soule has resigned his office as Minister to Spain, and John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, has been appointed in his place.

Of all the articles of food, boiled rice is digested in the shortest time—an hour. As it contains eight-tenths nutritious matter, it is a very valuable substance for diet.

The Secretary of the United States Navy has recommended the Committee on Naval Affairs to report in favor of building seven new steam sloops of war.

The acting Governor of Nebraska Territory has issued a proclamation convening the Legislature at Omaha City; also dividing the Territory into three judicial districts.

J. S. Orr, the Angel Gabriel, leaves New York this week for England, in the steamship Glasgow.

The amount of the public debt of the United States on the 2d of January, 1855, was \$41,878,831 05.

Rev. James Harlan, Fösonist, has been chosen United States Senator from Iowa for the full term from the 4th of March next, in the place of A. C. Dodge, democrat.

A chemist of New York City has been found guilty of selling a poisonous drug without labelling it with the word "poison." The penalty for this offence is a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

The young man of eighteen who was convicted for participation in the burglary of E. B. Ward's store, and attempt to kill his clerk, has been sentenced in Detroit, Michigan, to fifty years imprisonment in the State Prison.

In Aroostook County, Maine, the snow is between two and three feet deep.

Special Notices.

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 24th, by REV. JAMES PRATT, of Portland, (Me.) Quincy, Jan. 20. 1w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock. J. JAMESON, President. WILLIAM BAXTER, Secretary.

R. L. G. Comrades! Remember the next meeting of the Company, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Be on hand precisely at 7 1-2 o'clock. Try and bring in good members. Per Order.

NEW BOOKS—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents. ALSO—A great variety of FANCY GOODS. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts. Quincy, Dec. 23. 1f

DR CARL V. MYERS' Homoeopathic Balsam. A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise an excellent remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain. Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent. Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3m

Deaths.

In Boston, on the 16th inst., Mrs. Mary Belcher, aged 68 years and 6 months.

Annual Meeting.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company, for the choice of Directors and such other business as may come before them, will be held at the Hall over the Passenger Station, corner of Kneeland and South streets, Boston, on THURSDAY next, Jan. 25, at 10 o'clock, A.M. JAMES H. BEAL, Clerk.

Stockholders, by exhibiting their certificates to the Conductors, will be passed. Boston, Jan. 20, 1855. 1w

Administrators Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of—

LUTHER MANN, late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Stone Contractor, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

H. FARNUM SMITH, Adm'r, Office 20 Court street, Boston. Jan. 20. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. BOSTON, Jan. 10, 1855. IN INSOLVENCY.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for the County of Norfolk.

The second meeting of the Creditors of GEORGE F. RAYMOND, of Weymouth, in said County, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at the tenth day of February, A. D. 1855, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

GEORGE W. CHIPMAN, Assignee. Jan. 20. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. BOSTON, Jan. 10, 1855. IN INSOLVENCY.

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GEORGE W. CHIPMAN, Assignee. Jan. 20. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Jan. 13, A.D. 1854. JAMES JONES, Executor of the Will of—

BETHIAH BATES, late of Weymouth, in said County, Singlewoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Jones notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the third day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

GEORGE W. CHIPMAN, Assignee. Jan. 20. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854. JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of the Estate of—

CHARLOTTE BRACKETT, late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his second account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Quincy, Jan. 20. 3w

Sherriff's sale. JANUARY 18, 1855. TAKEN on execution, (S. W. & E. Nash vs. Thomas B. Vinton,) and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 22d instant, at ten o'clock forenoon, at the Store of Samuel Hayden, near the North Braintree Depot, the undivided half of all the Goods in said store, being in common with said Samuel Hayden, consisting of Groceries, and various other articles, such as are kept in a retail store—a schedule of which may be seen at the store any time previous to the sale, by calling at said store.

SILAS BINNEY, Deputy Sheriff. North Braintree, Jan. 20. 1w

Wood at Auction. WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY next, Jan. 23d, at 1 o'clock P. M., a lot of good marketable WOOD, standing on land of Hon. C. F. Adams, in Quincy, adjoining Center street between said street and the O. C. Railroad, nearly opposite the house of Mr. Wm. T. Cram, If very stormy, sale the next fair day. Enquire of LEWIS BASS, or of EBEN'R ADAMS, Aucr. Quincy, Jan. 20. 1w

List of Letters Remaining in the Quincy Post Office, Jan. 1st, 1855.

Altenhen, Frederick
Avery, Walter
Andrews, John
Avery, Samuel
Burns, Patrick
Burns, James
Bushnell, N. 2
Bishop, Jesse
Billings, Geo. W.
Billings, G. B. Capt.
Bass, G. W.
Carr, William I.
Curtis & Perry, J.
Cook, George
Curtin, Timothy
Chace, James T.
Cowen, J. W.
Coragan, Dann
Carter, Martha M.
Dennigan, P.
Dennan, M. B.
Dilliant, M. H.
Dell, Lewis
Daily, Mary
Fellows, Luther S. 2
Flougherty, Martin
French, James
Fisher, Charles
Foy, John
Fullinsbee, J. M.
Foster, Chase S.
Fallon, John
Fallon, Patrick
Fellows, Sarah
Flynn, Mary
Fossett, Eliza T.
Fitzpatrick, Bridget
Gorges, Lyr
Glazebrook, John
Goss, Lorenda
Hall, John B. 9
Hogan, Hugo
Hogan, Edmond
Hobbrook, Jas. S. 2
Herman, D. 2
Houghlon, Geo. S.
Hammond, B. F.
Hackett, Ellen
Howe, Mary W.
Hennissy, Bridget
Jones, Lewis
Kenney, John
Lawrence, John
Laine, Mich
Long, Mary Riely
Leavitt, Mrs. 2
Martin, William
McLaughlin, James
McDonald, William
McGann, William H.
McGann, Michael
McGillendy, B.
Mullen, John
Manning, E. R.
Porter, Mrs. Isaac
Raleigh, Michael
Reyley, James
Rodman, Thomas
Ryan, Cath.
Stoddard, Washington
Soluen, John
Smith, Francis F.
Steel, Jacob
Smith, John
Stearns, Levi Jr.
Smith, Elizabeth
Sauburne, Josephine
Seaver, Caroline
Taber, J. F. 3
Tory, Solomon
Warner, Edward J.
Walker, Edward
White, Ira
JOHN A. GREEN, Postmaster. Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Selling Off

—AT A— Great Discount FROM FORMER PRICES, ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS.

Please call and examine. I. W. BURNOL. Quincy, Jan. 6. 1f

Eastern Brick. JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EASTERN BRICK by JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Brackets Wharf. Quincy, August 12. 1f

Executrix's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executrix of the last Will and Testament of—

CHAS. M. FOGG, Esq., late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

CHARLOTTE L. FOGG, Executrix. Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of—

ABIGAIL P. ALLEN, late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Singlewoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Administrator. Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of—

JAMES BRYANT, late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Stone Contractor, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Administrator. Jan. 6, 1855. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854. JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of the Estate of—

CHARLOTTE BRACKETT, late of Quincy, in said County, Widow, deceased, having presented his second account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854. JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Guardian of Chas. F. Brackett and Henrietta C. Brackett, minor children of—

FREDERICK BRACKETT, late of Newbury, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

Wood at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY next, Jan. 23, at 1 o'clock P. M., a lot of good marketable WOOD, standing on land of C. F. Adams, in Quincy, adjoining Center street between said street and the O. C. Railroad, nearly opposite the house of Mr. W. Totman. If very stormy, sale the next fair day. Enquire of LEWIS BASS, or of EDEN R. ADAMS, Auct.

Quincy, Jan. 20. 1w

List of Letters

Remaining in the Quincy Post Office, Jan. 1st, 1855.

Altenheim, Frederick
Avery, Walter
Andrews, John
Avery, Samuel
Burns, Patrick
Burns, James
Bushnell, N. 2
Bishop, Jesse
Billings, Geo. W.
Billings, G. B. Capt.
Bass, G. W.
Carr, William I.
Curtis & Peabody,
Cook, George
Carr, Timothy
Chace, James T.
Cowan, J. W.
Coragen, Dann
Carter, Martha M.
Dunagan, P.
Dennison, M. B.
Dillman, M. H.
Dell, Lewis
Daly, Mary
Fellows, Luther S. 2
Flougherty, Merin
French, James
Fisher, Charles
Foy, John
Fellows, J. M.
Foster, Chas. S.
Fulton, John
Fulton, Patrick
Fellows, Sarah
Flynn, Mary
Fossett, Eliza T.
Fitzpatrick, Bridget
Gauges, Laver
Glazebrook, John
Hall, John B. 9
Hollis, Hugh
Hugon, Edmund
Hutcheon, Jas. S. 2
Herman, D. 2

JOHN A. GREEN, Postmaster.

Quincy Jan. 6. 2w

Selling Off

Great Discount

FROM FORMER PRICES, ALL KINDS OF

DRY GOODS.

At Public sale and exchange.

L. W. MURKIN.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 1w

Eastern Brick.

JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EASTERN BRICK by

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

Quincy, August 12. 1w

Executive's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Executor of the last will and Testament of

CHAS. M. FOGG, Esq.,

late of Dedham, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

CHARLOTTE L. FOGG, Executrix.

Dedham, Jan. 13. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of

WILLIAM P. ALLEN,

late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Singleman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

ABRAHAM ALLEN, Administrator.

Braintree, Jan. 13. 2w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of

JAMES BRIANT,

late of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, Stone Cutter, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

WILLIAM B. DUGAN, Administrator.

Jan. 4, 1855. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Administrator, to be

Proctor to be holden at Quincy, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Guardian of Chas. F. Brackett and Maria C. Brackett, minor children of

FREDERICK BRACKETT,

late of Newbury, in the State of New Hampshire, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Joseph G. notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, on the second Tuesday of February, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

NORFOLK, ss. Probate Office, Dec. 30, A. D. 1854.

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W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 3w

Selling Off

AT PRICES

To Compare with the Times!

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY WARE,

FURNITURE,

CLOTHING,

FANCY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, &c.,

Will be offered to Customers at prices which will convince them that I am determined to sell.

I will not state any Prices, but assure the public that if they will give me a call they will find

Goods at Prices which will ensure their Sale.

Persons in want of—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

should lose no time before examining my Stock,

which consists of a good assortment of every description.

CALEB PACKARD.

Quincy, Dec. 30. 1w

How the Warm Weather

Tight Money Market

DRIVES THE BOSTON TRADERS TO

Sacrifice their Goods!

BE SURE AND GET

A NEW SUIT

At the following Low Prices, viz:

\$1 1-2 to 2. Good Pants, of various

fabrics.

\$2 1-2. Cassimere, Doeskin, and

Brocade Pants, at this low price,

for a few days, to reduce Stock.

\$2 3-4. Custom Made Doeskin Pants,

Cassimere, and made of as

good materials as the Pants for

which you usually pay \$5. Closing

sale of Winter Clothing.

\$3 to \$5. Fancy Cassimere, Doe-

skin, and Cloth Pants, of very de-

sirable patterns, made at least 25 per

cent less than the same are usually

sold.

\$8 00. A nice Affair for a Gentle-

man. Over Garments, custom made,

usually sold for much more.

\$6 to \$12. A Fine Custom Made

Overcoat, in Silk, Cashmere, Doe-

skin, and Black Cloth, Broad-

cloth, and Beaver Cloth, for this

low price. Will guarantee that the

same garments are sold at from \$18

to \$25.

\$8 to \$10. An entirely new

style of Overcoat, custom made,

usually sold for much more.

\$2 1-2. For an Office and Business

Coat—to close out the Stock.

\$8 to \$12. Dress and Frock Coats,

from Superior Broadcloth and Doe-

skin, made in good style and in a

finished manner. All will be sold

at these low prices, to close out stock.

\$1 to \$1 1-2. Vests, of the latest

fashions, for these low prices.

\$2 to \$3 1-2. For a Nice Fancy Sat-

in Vest. Also Black or Fancy Silk

do, made up in the latest style.

Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns

very lowest prices.

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

37 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts

and Drawers.

50 to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen

Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms,

and Collars.

17 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats

25 to 100 " Silk Pocket Hdkfs.

10 to 50 " Suspenders.

37 to 200 " Umbrellas.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00. Travelling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods,

to be closed up cheap.

Boys' Department.

\$2 to \$5. Over Sacks.

\$1 1-2 to \$4. Jackets.

\$1 1-2 to \$2. Suit Jacket and Pants.

\$1 to \$3. Cassimere, Cloth and

Doeskin Pants.

50 Cts. to \$2. Vests.

Very truly, the above are low prices! Purchasers,

however, are requested to bring this advertisement

with them, and they will then acknowledge the

fact, as we are determined to close up the

Stock of Winter Clothing.

A copy of the New Book, "Oak Ha = Pictorial,"

gratis, to every purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM.

OAK HALL,

34 NORTH STREET, BOSTON.

Dec. 30 3m

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Quincy Point,

Jan. 1st, 1855.

Ayers, Jane Miss

Haskell, Albert Capt.

Clark, O. A. Capt.

Merrill, Jabez H.

Fisher, Samuel J.

Torrey, Daniel S. Capt.

P. W. NEWCOMB, P. M.

Quincy Point, Jan. 6. 3w

PRIME WOOD.

THE Subscriber has One Hundred Cords of

first quality Oak and Walnut WOOD, which

will deliver at any part of the Village of Quincy,

at seven and a half Dollars a Cord.

ELI HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 6. 2w

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,

Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-

scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak

Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-

eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a

great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS AND BOYS

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

FURNISHING GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,

CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,

HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or

furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS

of every quality. I would ask the particular

attention of the public to this branch of my

business.

MILLINERY GOODS!

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will

find always a carefully selected Stock, of the

latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and

trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality; Crockery, China,

Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and

Shades, and a general assortment of House-

keeping articles. I would respectfully invite

the attention of my friends and customers, to

my present varied Stock, to which I am con-

stantly making addition, and solicita call from

all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d. 1w

Fall and Winter

REPORT OF FASHIONS,

AT

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,

Over C. & L. CURTIS' Grocery Store,

Corner of Franklin and Liberty street,

D. RING, Merchant Tailor and Dealer

in

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready

made Clothing,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.

Together with a choice selection of Fancy

SILK VELVET

VESTINGS.

Those in want of good fitting Garments can de-

pend upon getting them at this Establishment.

N. B.—Particular attention given to BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloths will be

truly attended to.

Quincy, Oct. 7. 1w

CLOTHING

For the Winter of 1854,

RUSSELL & Co's,

Town Hall Building, Quincy.

THE Subscribers having REPLENISH-

ED their Stock, with

New Goods and New Styles,

adapted to the coming season, would invite all pur-

chasers of CLOTHS and CLOTHING, ready

made or made to order, to examine their Stock;

and they promise that garments shall be cut and

made in the most thorough manner. Our aim will

be to sustain the reputation already gained of keep-

ing the best place in Norfolk County for the

purchase of Clothing—where he can get good Goods

Poetry.

For the Patriot.

Blighted Hopes.

Frail was my bark, and all too soon
I launched upon life's troubled sea;
But still more frail the troubles came,
Luring me on—to destiny.

Youth freighted her with choicest flowers
Ne'er dreaming Time could ever blight,
To tiny bud—for faith had promised
To gild her with Love's cheering light.

But tempests tossed my little bark,
And storm-clouds gathered, darkened near,
While hope grew pale as wave on wave,
Harried her onward to despair.

Each tiny leaf and promised flower,
Each nestling bud, born of an hour,
Each vision bright I've felt depart
While grief coils sadly round my heart.

The heart—the heart, O pent up tomb,
Where withered hopes, where youth find room,
Enshrouded by many silent tears,
Lost fragments of departed years.

The Passing Year.

From the old woods, dim and lonely
Comes a moon;
There the winds are sighing only—
Summer's gone!
All the bright and sunny hours
With the green and leafy bowers,
With the Summer's latest flowers
Are faded now;
And the brow
Of the waning year
Has been twined with dying leaves;
And the gathering of the sheaves
Tell us, Autumn's here.

Now the winds go gently moaning
Through the vale;
And the forest trees are groaning
Mournful tales
Of decay that swiftly gather,
Of the coming wintry weather,
Of the snow, that like a feather,
Soon will fall;
And the call
Of death is sighing
Over all the rippling streams;
And the Summer's ring'ring gleams
Are sadly dying.

'Tis the waning, waning twilight
Of the year
That hovers now, all strangely bright
Round us here;
And soon the year will pass away,
Like the light of an Autumn day,
Adown the winter's dim highway,
To its tomb;
And the gloom
Of the silent land
Will rest on the bright years flown;
And the winds of time will moun
O'er the dreamless band.

The Lake.

My life oft times seems like a stagnant lake—
Far hidden in some ancient forest dim,
Whose tall trees, growing close around its rim,
All change of light and shadow from it take;
And the joy-giving sun unable make
To throw upon its waters one bright ray;
So that amid the floweriness of May
No buds or blossoms on its margin wake.
Those tall trees keep it neither cold nor warm;
But shield it from the wind that would be life,
Waking its waters into healthful strife;
So keepeth it a changeless, sullen form,
Below which weeds and rottenness are rife,
Until it shall be purified by storm!

Nature and Man.

Nature cares not
Although her loveliness should ne'er be seen
By human eyes, nor praised by human tongue.
The catarrh exults among the hills,
And waxes its crown of mistle all alone;
Label the ocean on its tawny sands,
Write verses in his praise—the unvoiced sea,
Erases both alike. Alas for man!
Unless his fellows can behold his deeds
He cares not to be great.

Anecdotes.

"My love," said Mrs. Fozzie to her husband, "oblige me with a five pound note to-day, to purchase a new dress." Agnes—you called me a bear, yesterday!"
"Lor, love, that was nothing, I meant that you were fond of hugging!"
"You little —, I have no five, but here's a ten."

While Raphael was engaged in painting his celebrated frescoes, he was visited by two cardinals, who began to criticize his work, and find fault without understanding it. "The Apostle Paul has too red a face," said one. "He blushed to see into whose hands the church had fallen," said the indignant artist.

"Mother, I'm afraid a fever would go hard with me."
"Why, my son?"
"Cause you see, mother, I'm so small that there wouldn't be room for it to turn."

A smart city archer hearing his father read an article in the paper in relation to a new invention of bricks of glass, exclaimed:—"Glass bricks? I know what them is!"
"What are they?" inquired one of the family.
"Tumblers of licker!" shouted the juvenile.

"Boy, what's your father doing to-day?"
"Well, I s'pose he's failing; I hear him tell mother, yesterday, to go round to the shops and get trusted all she could, and do it right off, too; for he'd got everything to fall up to nothing, 'cepting that."

"Well, sir, what does h-a-i-r spell?"
Boy—"I don't know."
"What have you got on your head?"
Boy—(scratching)—"I guess it's a mps-keeter bite, for it itches like thunder."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 2 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " " " 1.50
" " " 1 " " " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " " 1 " " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " " 3 months " 4.00
" " " 1 month " 1.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not otherwise, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.

BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
JAMES TURNER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massapoeg Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.

Per order.
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass.

OF ANY QUALITY.
Also—

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

33 Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fasteners, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Pins, turned.

FIRE AND GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kind.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS AND GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

33 Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

JOHN O. FOYE,
Weymouth, Sept. 9.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Tutman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.

Quincy, March 18.

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound; Bachman's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.

Quincy, Oct. 3.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. if

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8. if

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees

OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure Old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK.
W. M. E. TRAVIS.

No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. if

ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing,

SUCH AS

POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER,

Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

Also—

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood, QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852. if

William E. Colburn's

Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY.

At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,

From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29 South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to. 43

April 2, 1853. 14-17

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN

Dy Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice

W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,

all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass.

Nov. 26. if

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.

DEALER IN—

LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also—

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

33-Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12. if

ARNOLD'S

Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,

Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, &c., &c.

Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.

DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 25. if

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at

DR. MARDEN'S.

Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sugar; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Nov. 25. if

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White

Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap.

I. W. MUNROE'S.

Quincy, Oct. 26. if

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite

attention to this establish-

ment, now opened near the

South Quincy Depot—

where MONUMENTAL work

of every description, from the

simplest Grave Stone or Tablet

to the most elegant and elaborate

Monument is executed

in the very best style.

Long experience in the business,

and a thorough competency

in the Art of Designing, en-

ables the Conductors of these works to carry out

the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements

of persons in need of such articles.

Also—

GRANITE WORK,

in all its forms—

FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS,

TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,

Underpinning, Cellar Stairs, &c., &c.,

furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all

drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the

work, attest the skill and competency of the

Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully

invited to call and inspect them.

33-Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed

with despatch and at reasonable prices.

Quincy, July 22. if

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of

Massachusetts, insure Real and Personal Property against the hazard

of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Household, Traders, Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra

hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate

customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM S. MORTON;

TREASURER,

ISRAEL W. MUNROE;

SECRETARY,

STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS,

William S. Morton, George Thompson, Quincy, Milton,

Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock, Quincy, Dorchester,

Gideon F. Thayer, H. W. Blanchard, Quincy, Cohasset,

Thomas C. Webb, Solomon J. Bond, Quincy, South Hingham,

Albert Thompson, Alfred Loring, Quincy, North Bridgewater,

Whitcomb Porter, Stephen Bates, Quincy, Barnstable,

Stephen Bates, William B. Duggan, Quincy, South Braintree,

Thomas Curtis, Randolph, Quincy, Apollon Randall,

Royal W. Turner, George Marston.

References by permission:

Hos. GEORGE T. BROWN of Boston,

Hos. JUSTA QUINCY of Boston,

Hos. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,

Hos. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,

Hos. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,

Hos. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,

JOSEPH BRIGHAM, Esq.,

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,

Quincy, April 1. if

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform

his friends and customers, that he has just

received a cargo of

and it was afterwards said that all parties were satisfied.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, January 27th, 1865.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

GENERAL COURT. The presentation of petitions—the introduction of orders, and their reference to committees, occupies the principal time of the Legislature.

The petition of George B. Billings and others of Dorchester, to be annexed to Quincy, has been presented and appropriately referred, with order of notice.

On Tuesday last, the House elected Hon. Henry Wilson of Natick, United States Senator for the unexpired term of four years, by the following vote, viz:—

Whole number of ballots cast	364
Necessary to a choice	183
Henry Wilson of Natick, had	234
Nahum F. Bryant of Barre	85
Julius Rockwell of Pittsfield	18
A. B. Ely of Boston	9

There were eighteen scattering votes, and also eight blanks cast.

The Senate will vote for a United States Senator on the 31st inst.

NORFOLK AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. We learn from the Dedham Gazette that the annual report of this society has been printed. We thought every member, and especially the press in the County, was entitled to a copy.

The whole number of members admitted since its organization, is 1077, of which 43 have deceased. Sixty new members have been added during the past year from the following towns: Brookline 3, Canton 1, Dedham 21, Dorchester 6, Franklin 1, Medfield 1, Medway 1, Milton 2, Needham 8, Quincy 1, Randolph 2, Roxbury 2, Sharon 1, Walpole 2, West Roxbury 6, Wrentham 2.

DEDICATION AT SOUTH WEYMOUTH.

The new and elegant meeting-house of the second Congregational Society in Weymouth was dedicated by appropriate services, on the afternoon of Jan. 24, ult. One singular fact was stated by the pastor, viz: that, with the exception of a single individual, all the members of the Parish who were alive when the plan was first suggested of tearing down and building anew, were alive on the day of dedication.

DEATH OF DR. Z. B. ADAMS. This eminent practitioner of medicine died at his residence, in Boston, on Thursday last. His disease was typhoid fever. He was sixty-three years old, and leaves behind him a very large circle of acquaintances and friends, who will deeply deplore his death.

LEWIS JOSSELYN, Esq. This gentleman has resumed the publication of that well-conducted newspaper—"The Lynn Bay State." In connection with the weekly, he has just started a daily, and we hope success may attend the enterprise. He is one of the most accomplished and industrious editors in New England and his papers always show it.

FOREIGN NEWS. By the last arrival, it is stated that the Emperor of Russia is willing to treat for peace. The Allies, however, continue their preparations for the capture of Sevastopol.

CLAM CHOWDER. Mr. French of the Granite Saloon will again furnish his numerous customers with the above-named preparation to-day. What goes better about once a week.

LAST CHANCE! It will be seen by an advertisement under this head that there will be a sale of rich Furniture at the hall in Goodnow's Building, corner of Hancock and Granite streets, Tuesday forenoon next, being the property of a gentleman breaking up housekeeping. Those in want, we doubt not, will do well to attend.

UNIVERSALIST LEVEE. The annual Levee of the Ladies of the Universalist Society of this town will take place on Thursday evening next, at the Town Hall, on which occasion there will be speaking, dancing, &c. Everybody remembers the treatment they received at former Levees of this Society, and of course everybody will be present at this one. [For further particulars, see advertisement in another column.]

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.—The mails for Boston and also for Fall River close at a quarter past seven o'clock in the morning, and the afternoon mail for Boston closes at half past four o'clock.

The morning mail arrives at eight o'clock; the afternoon at ten minutes past five o'clock, and they will be opened and ready for delivery in twenty minutes after their arrival.

The Post Office will be closed for one hour, from half past eleven o'clock, A. M., to half past twelve o'clock, P. M., and it will also be closed at half past seven in the evening.

The public should notice these hours in order to avoid disappointment.

HAGAR THE MARTYR: or, Passion and Reality. A Tale of the North and South, by H. M. STEPHENS. Boston, Feltz & Co.

We take pleasure in noticing this last work of Mrs. Stephens and confess experiencing the same emotion in its perusal.

It is really an excellent Romance. Its plot is well conceived and thrilling—its characters are all graphically portrayed—its episodes racy—its style simple, yet vigorous and ornate, while its denouement is undoubtedly satisfactory to all sentimentalists and lovers.

The various sentiments and passions of the human mind—especially that vile emotion of Jealousy—that "grim-eyed monster, that doth make the food it feeds upon,"—are most truthfully and vividly depicted.

Enough of the good and bad in Society is exhibited to exert a salutary moral influence on the hearts of the young and virtuous who may read this book: just enough to disgust them with dissipation and vice, and set them more strongly in the current of virtue and good morals.

The shallowness and hypocrisy of fashionable life; the perpetuity and glory of true nobility of character; the uncertainty of wealth, as seen in our fast mercantile community; all are laid beautifully open to the reader, from which, wise deductions may be made which can serve him well in his future intercourse with this Janus-faced old world.

Truly, "Hagar is no ideal creation; there are ten thousand Hagar's the country through, who only need an encouraging word, and a kindly look, to win them back to peace and virtue."

Whoever will read this charming volume, may find an excellent moral, embellished and adorned, by one of the most popular and accomplished of our female authors.

With our best wishes for the success of the fair authoress and her recent work, we reluctantly leave them, with a hearty commendation to the Public.

For the Patriot.

France.

Mr. Editor:—In our last we succeeded in tracing, superficially, the history of the French nation down to the time when the ship of state, after having been tossed about on the billows of popular excitement for the space of 15 years was safely harbored under the protecting arm of Napoleon Bonaparte. To attempt to add anything to the glory of him who from comparative poverty succeeded in reaching the very pinnacle of fame, and at whose name the monarchs of Europe were wont to tremble would be useless. Suffice it to say that he affected no radical change in the constitution framed by the National Assembly at their ever memorable meeting in 1789 with the exception of doing away with their power as a formidable political assembly. Had Napoleon on his accession to the throne found Europe in a quiet and settled state, and had not the jealousies of the reigning monarchs forced him to follow that stupendous scheme of conquest which has ranked him first among the greatest conquerors, Caesar, Alexander, and Hannibal, he would have easily rescued France (as he at first swore to do) from that degraded position to which the rashness of his former kings, and aspirations of political demagogues had succeeded in sinking her.

But alas for Europe! the drama has been performed; and England, the prime mover of that vast machinery which consigned the democratic Napoleon to the sterile rock of St. Helena, now looks back with regret on the course which the eloquence of Pitt compelled her to pursue; and even now her armies which have ever been taught to despise a Frenchman are fighting side by side with the Gaul.

The Bourbon and Orleans dynasties which immediately succeeded the Emperor did not nationally alter the constitution. There was still that same stormy central government, and the same corruption in elections. The Executive had the appointing all the officers of government from an overseer of the miserable paper who swept the streets, to the Prefect of Police, and member of the Cabinet.

Louis the XVIII, though an able, generous and resolute prince, was guilty of the unpardonable crime of destroying every monument of Napoleon and every public work which bore the stamp of his brilliant genius. This created great dissatisfaction among the people, and finding himself becoming unpopular, fortified himself behind the Constitution which he gave them at his accession, without attempting any of the prerogatives which rightly belong to him. He saw that the National Guard and the press occupied thrones on either side of him, and that the offending either would deluge the nation in blood, and bring the horrors of a second Reign of Terror.

He accordingly frowned and cringed to both to avert the misfortune. Disaffection soon manifested itself among the people and the army, and the Count D'Artois came on to the stage only to perform a short lived part and pave the way to the revolution of 1830, which resulted in placing Louis Philippe on the throne.

But France had not been yet satiated, and June 23d, 1848, saw Paris for the third time deluged in blood. Louis Philippe had been long sensible that the supports to his throne were gradually giving away, and was preparing to grant the nation their old constitution, when the thunderbolt of 1848 burst upon him with tremendous violence, and this unfortunate prince was compelled to flee to England, never more to see his ungrateful country. Here then for the third time the management of affairs devolved on the National Assembly, and on the 4th of May, 1848, nine hundred members assembled and commenced the work of framing the Constitution amidst an infuriated mob, whose power was fast becoming fearful. In view of the impending storm, the assembly ordered Gen. Cavaignac to declare Paris in a state of siege. Changarnier and Cavaignac marched against the mob, with the National Guard, and commenced an attack on the barricades, which continued for three horrible days. The arms of the assembly prevailed and Louis Napoleon was chosen President.

The fundamental principles of the Constitution formed at this meeting, were democratic government, universal suffrage and the Sovereignty of the people. The National Legislature was the first recognized authority. Louis Napoleon on the 28th of October, obtained a vote of 5,534,520, out of 7,426,252; Gen. Cavaignac had 1,448,302; Ledru Rollin, 371,431; Raspail, 34,964; Lamartine, 17,914; Changarnier, 4,687. What could have been more successful. The elder Napoleon, himself, did not get such a majority. For Consulate for 8 years he obtained 7,012,560 votes, at the Consulate for life 3,578,250, Hereditary Empire 3,524,244. In view of all this can it be said that France loathes the name of Napoleon? Ignorance.

For the Patriot.

Americanism.

Mr. Editor:—In reading some of the late numbers of your valuable paper, I have noticed articles, written by your correspondent "Clare," which are very good, considering the side which he takes. But with your permission, I will state a few facts in regard to Americanism, Pappierism, Catholicism, &c.

At the present time there are in our State Alms-houses two thousand foreign paupers; in our Asylums 800 alien insane, and in our State Prison, Jails, &c., six thousand five hundred foreign criminals, and this vast army is supported at a cost of \$300,000 annually. It is also ascertained that "nearly four-fifths of the beggary, two-thirds of the pauperism, and more than three-fifths of the crime, spring from our foreign population—that more than half of the police and cost of administering criminal justice, are for foreigners." And yet in the face of these statements, we are told that foreigners are not a burden to Massachusetts. The Catholics have always been opposed to the education of the people, and it has always been their policy to keep the masses in ignorance, especially upon religious subjects.

"We had much rather that our children should grow up in ignorance of letters, than to be taught in a school that is not Catholic."—O. J. Bronson.

"The grog-shops, gambling houses, and brothels, count their victims by the thousands, but the common schools of America by the millions."—A Catholic paper.

"From reading of the Bible will spring liberty of conscience, and religious liberty, and from thence, as from an inexhaustible source, public prosperity, and political liberty. Accordingly, it is your duty to remove from the hands of the faithful, bibles in the vulgar tongue, and all other prohibited books."—Pope Gregory VI's Bull.

Such sentiments as these have always characterized the Catholic church in all ages, and indeed without such it would have long ago ceased to exist. I think the following extracts which I shall give will fully prove that the heroes of the Revolution and the American party thought the same on the effects of foreign influence.

"I do most devoutly wish, we had not a single foreigner amongst us except Marquis de Lafayette, who acts upon very different principles from those which govern the rest."—Washington.

"I hope we may find some means, in future, of shielding ourselves from foreign influence, political, commercial, or in whatever form it may be attempted. I can scarcely withhold myself from joining with the wish of Silas Deane, that there were a sea of fire between this and the old world."—T. Jefferson.

"Foreign influence is truly a Grecian horse to this republic." We cannot be too careful to exclude it."—Madison.

"If the liberties of this republic are ever destroyed it will be by Roman Priests."—Lafayette.

I deny that the American party are opposed to foreigners. They are opposed, not to foreigners, but foreign influence; to the nations of Europe emptying their alms-houses and jails upon our shores, for us to support and maintain. They object to foreigners ruling America or Americans—to foreigners fighting for America. "We can do our own fighting and our own voting." They object to foreigners holding offices of trust and honor, to the exclusion of American born citizens, and because they cannot obtain these privileges, they cry persecution! persecution!

If this is persecution, what is that, that Rome practices to this day, neither allowing Protestants to worship publicly, nor bury their dead in a suitable manner, and making it a crime to sell a bible. What are the inquisitions, the murders and massacres that have been perpetrated from the massacre of St. Bartholomew to the murder of Italian patriots. Americans say you may

come here if you will behave yourselves, earn your own living, and leave us to make our own laws, and choose our own officers; but we will not support your paupers, your sectional schools, and priesthood. If the Catholics could have their choice they would soon convert this great republic into one of the worst of despotisms. What can be worse for a free country and free institutions, than a people who have murdered seventy thousand Protestants in one day, who have always joined church and state, whose allegiance to the Pope is pre-eminence above all others, who have styled the bible a damnable heresy, and those who read it damnable heretics, and who always have advocated the worst of despotisms and the most tyrannical of religions.

JUNIOR SON OF AMERICA.

SUICIDE. A retired boot and shoe merchant, named Silas Alden, on Friday afternoon of last week, in Randolph, committed suicide by taking arsenic in wine.

Special Notices.

UNIVERSALIST SOCIAL FESTIVAL. The Ladies of the Universalist Society of Quincy, will hold their Annual Levee in the Town Hall, Quincy, on THURSDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 1st.) Speakers from abroad will be present and address the assembly. Tables bountifully supplied with refreshments, and the usual variety of amusements furnished for such occasions will be liberally provided. No pains will be spared to render the Festival one of interest and pleasure.

Music.—Partridge & Flag's Band. The Committee on Clothing will receive and hold themselves responsible for all articles placed under their charge.

There will be a Committee in attendance at the Hall on Thursday morning, to receive such articles of refreshment as the friends may contribute for the tables.

Tickets of Admission, 25 cents.
Tickets for Dancing, 50 cents.
Entrance to the Hall through the Lyceum Room.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

CHARLES L. VEAZIE, President.
BENJ. F. CURTIS, Secretary.

QUINCY LYCEUM. The next lecture before this Institution will be delivered on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 31st, by R. H. DANA, Esq. of Boston.

Quincy, Jan. 27. 1w

R. L. G. Comrades! Remember the next meeting of the Company, on FRIDAY EVENING next. Be on hand precisely at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Try and bring in good members. Per Order.

NEW BOOKS.—Of all kinds, just received at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE—just right for Presents.

Also—A great variety of Fancy Goods. This is the place to get Christmas and New Year's Gifts.

Quincy, Dec. 23. 1f

DR. CARL V. MEYER'S
Homoeopathic Balm.

A highly Medicated Syrup, devoid of all unpleasant taste, and one dose of which will cure any common cold; one canister will eradicate the most stubborn cough of any character except that attending the last stages of Consumption. It is also a sure and immediate cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, and likewise is an excellent Remedy for many other Diseases, which the Directions will fully explain.

DE. S. O. RICHARDSON, No. 51 Hanover street, Boston, General Agent.

Also, for sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Oct. 21. 3m

Deaths.

In this town, on the 24th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth Webb, aged 61 years.

Funeral this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence at the house of Mr. John J. Carr.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of—

LUTHER MUNN.

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Stone Contractor, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

H. FARNUM SMITH, Adm'r.
Office 20 Court street, Boston.

Jan. 20 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
BOSTON, Jan. 10, 1865.

IN INSOLVENCY.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire,
Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for said County of Norfolk.

The second meeting of the Creditors of

GEORGE F. RAYMOND,
of Weymouth, in said County, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at John J. Clark's office, in Roxbury, in said County, on the third day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

GEORGE W. CHAPMAN, Assignee.
Jan. 20. 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Jan. 13, A.D. 1865.

JAMES JONES, Executor of the Will of—
BETHIAH BATES,
late of Weymouth, in said County, Singlewoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance—

Ordered—That said Jones notify all persons interested therein that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Roxbury, in said County, on the tenth day of February, A.D. 1865, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, Jan. 20. 3w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of—

ABIGAIL P. ALLEN,
late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, Singlewoman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

ABIGAIL P. ALLEN, Administrator.
Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

STATEMENT —OF— RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES OF THE COUNTY OF NORFOLK. From Jan'y 1st, 1854 to Jan'y 13th, 1855, one year twelve days.

RECEIVED AS FOLLOWS:

1854—Jan. By balance of tax at last settlement,	\$21,611 19
Jan. 13. By cash interest on notes,	141 29
" " on account,	108 99
March 31. " of Town of Foxboro',	6 74
April 18 to Dec. 12. By cash of H A Foxboro', E W Sampson, and J N E Mann,	262 55
Dec. 19. By cash of State Treasury for support of lunatic paupers,	323 14
" " Criminal cost outlaid,	9 00
" " pedlars' licenses,	90 00
" T Adams for services County Commissioners,	169 65
" E W Sampson and J N E Mann,	89 56
" County tax of 1854,	55,000 00
	\$77,822 19

EXPENSES OF 1854—VIZ:

For support of prisoners—House of Correction,	\$4,729 25
For support of Jail,	1,006 25
" " paupers,	140 82
" " lunatics,	256 20
For warrants, expenses, jail fees, &c.,	254 75
For salaries, clothing, services, victuals, and other expenses of Jail and House of Correction,	2,831 98
For jail watchmen, inspection, &c.,	765 00
For repairs, &c., public buildings, mason work, well, &c.,	641 72
For gas fixtures—Jail and House of Correction,	314 54
Criminal st.,	4,202 70
Grand Jury,	156 66
Traverse Juries,	2,672 00
Shoriffs' bills, and deputies, constables and venuees,	1,626 89
County House repairs, gas fixtures, plumbing, &c.,	479 83
Surveying, &c.,	77 50
Land damages, highways, &c.,	1,288 27
Dec. public buildings and offices, County and Special Commissioners' regular meetings and highways, travel and expenses,	1,466 91
Messenger, and expenses Court House,	2,367 50
Criers' fees and services,	691 20
Coroners' inquests,	184 00
Overseer House of Correction,	233 65
Medical and surgical attendance, &c., Disbursements to be repaid by corporations and towns,	45 00
Justices' Juries,	29 65
Stationery, Registry Deeds, 27 75, Probate Office, 125,	152 75
Stationery, Clerk's office,	47 13
" Examiners,	21 50
Supreme Judicial Court and Court of Common Pleas, dockets and records, Advertising and printing,	77 50
Clerk's office, and fees from county, County Treasurer, services, salary and commissions,	210 50
Lunatic cost,	373 52
500 00	50 00
Paid towards County debt and interest, franchise, &c., as stated below,	25,000 25
Balance cash in hands of Treasurer,	\$23,234 93
	\$77,822 19

GEO. ELIUS, County Treasurer.

The County debt, which eighteen months since, amounted to nearly one hundred thousand dollars, without reference to the balance then in the treasury, had been contracted chiefly in the erection of the new Jail and House of Correction, and in the annual statement of Jan. 1st, 1854, was set down,

Interest accrued on do., during 1854, 4,746 87
Do., 1853 and April 1854, Turnpike franchise, 5,500 00

1854, PAID AS FOLLOWS:
Debits of 1853—Accounts and notes, \$14,753 29
Interest account, 4,746 87
Turnpike and franchise, 5,500 00

\$25,000 26

NOTES PAYABLE.

Payable January 1st, 1856,	\$10,000
" " " 1857,	10,000
" " " 1858,	10,000
" " " 1859,	13,317
" on demand,	21,800

Add estimated amount payable for damages, criminal prosecutions, accounts, &c., 2,600

69,117

Or in case the cash in treasury and available notes and accounts receivable were applied to the reduction of the county debt, the actual indebtedness would be—

\$42,528 33

Notes receivable for stock furnished for work in House of Correction, \$1,746 50

" " " 500 00

Accounts receivable from corporations, &c., being for fees of Commissioners, clerk, advertising, &c., as stated above, 206 15

Accounts of balance on labor of prisoners, 310 09

\$5,063 54

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD,
Chairman County Commissioners,
Jan. 27. 2w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the Will of—

FREDERICK HARDWICK,
late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, gentleman, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

ANNA HARDWICK, Executrix.
Quincy, Jan. 27. 3w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of—

CHAS. M. FOGG, Esq.,
late of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands upon the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to—

CHARLOTTE L. FOGG, Executrix.
Braintree, Jan. 13. 3w

Last Chance! FURNITURE at AUCTION.

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
O Chide Me Not.

BY JENNY-NEW YORK.

O chide me not if times I wear
A thoughtful, pensive brow;
If there so oft a shadow rests,
Thy smiles dispel it now.

Trace not the heart's deep mysteries,
Or why the tear-drops flow;
'Tis better far that I should weep,
Than thou the cause should know.

O chide me not, when music sweet
Breaks on my listening ear,
I turn me from the careless throng
To hide the falling tear;

O tell me not that I am changed,
There's mockery in my smile;
'Tis well I've learnt to play my part,
To mask my heart the while.

Though oft upon my brow, perchance,
A shadow rests e'en there,
The tutored lip and ready smile
Refutes at once the tale.

The blush of health I still retain,
Despite the thoughts that rack my brain,
And to the crowd must ever seem,
The creature of some happy dream.

O chide me not, or cease to check
These tear-drops, let them flow;
'Tis better far that I should weep,
Than thou the cause should know.

Stand Firm.

There are moments when life's shadows,
Fall all darkly on the soul,
Hiding stars of hope behind them
In a black, impenetrable shroud;

When we walk with trembling footsteps,
Scarcely knowing how or where
The dim paths we tread are leading
In our midnight of despair.

Not a ray to cheer us onward—
Not a gleam from out the past—
While the roar of clashing waters
Comes to us upon each blast;

And another step plunges us
In the dread abyss below;
And another step may save us
From the very depths of woe.

Stand we firm in that dread moment—
Stand we firm, nor shrink away;
Looking boldly through the darkness,
Wait the coming of the day;

Gathering strength while we are waiting
For the conflict yet to come;
Fear not, fail not, fight will lead us
Yet in safety to our home.

Firmly stand—though shreds lie there;
Firmly stand—though falsehood rail,
Holding Justice, Truth and Mercy,
Die we may—but cannot fail;

Fail—it is the word of cowardice;
Fail—the language of the slave;
Firmly stand, till duty beckons;
Onward then, e'en to the grave.

Curious Rhymes.

What is earth, saxon—A place to dig graves;
What is earth, rich man—A place to work slaves;
What is earth, grey beard—A place to grow old;
What is earth, miser—A place to dig gold;
What is earth, school-boy—A place for my play;
What is earth, maiden—A place to be gay;
What is earth, seaman—A place where I weep;
What is earth, squire—A good place to sleep;
What is earth, soldier—A place for a battle;
What is earth, herdsman—A place to raise cattle;
What is earth, widow—A place of true sorrow;
What is earth, tradesman—I'll tell you to-morrow;
What is earth, sick man—'Tis nothing to me;
What is earth, sailor—My home is the sea;
What is earth, statesman—A place to win fame;
What is earth, author—I'll write there my name;
What is earth, monarch—For my realm it is given;
What is earth, christian—The gateway of heaven.

Anecdotes.

"My dear friend, that man has been talking about you so again! He has been telling some of the awfulest lies you ever heard—why, he railed about for an hour!"

"And you heard it all, did you?"

"Yes."

"Well, after this, just remember, that it takes two to make a slander—one to tell and one to listen to it!"

A rowdy intending to be very witty, thus accosted a lady in the street—"Madam, can you inform me where I can see the hebephant?"

"No, sare," said the lady, "but if I had a looking glass I could show you a very large monkey."

"The rowdy said."

"Are you a Catholic?" "No, I'm not; I'm a Nova Scotian," said the witness.

"A new creed," quoth the lawyer; "should not the witness be sworn on a blue nose potato?"

"Sal," said one girl to another, "I am so glad I have no beau, now."

"Why so?" asked the other.

"Oh, 'cause, I can eat as many onions as I please."

"I don't believe it's any use to vaccinate for small pox," said a back-wood Kentuckian, "for I had a child vaccinated, and he fell out of a window and was killed in less than a week after."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adapted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers' Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " 3 " " " " " 1.50
" " 4 " " " " " 1.00
" " 1 " " " " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " " " " " " " 7.00
" " " " " " " " 4.00

TO BE CHANGED AT THE OPTION OF THE ADVERTISER, not oftener, however, than once a month. All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
Blossom & Easternbrook, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERCIVAL, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILGARD, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PRINCEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM DENNE, Massapoia Journal.

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Per order,
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass, OF ANY QUALITY.

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, nails; Barn Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Irons, Blad Hinges and Fast, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence and Nail Balusters, &c. &c. &c.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

JOHN O. FOYE,
Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Grady Tutman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, etc., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18. 4

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are:

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Horshoed; Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11. 4

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 4

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.

Quincy, Oct. 8. 4

WHITE & FRENCH, Attorneys at Law.

Room No. 15, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, 1--BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. 4

HENRY A. RANSOM, AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage. Quincy, April 8. 4

KIRK & TRAVIS, Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars. W. M. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. 4

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing.

SUCH AS POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING.

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE, HAS FOR SALE—LUMBER, Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood, QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. 4

William E. Colburn's Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY, At 2 o'clock, P. M., From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20 South Market Street.

3- All orders promptly attended to. 4- 14-4

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, DEALER IN

Dy Goods, Crocker, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 4

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass. Nov. 26. 4

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, DEALER IN—LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair. Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

3- Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12. 4

ARNOLD'S Patent Sash Lock,

The Best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c., Weymouth Landing, Mass. Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERNY'S Arabian Horse Powders, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, etc., etc.

Verny's Horse and Cattle LOTION. DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 25. 4

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at

Dr. MARDEN'S, Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Nov. 25. 4

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap, at

I. W. MUNROE'S. Quincy, Oct. 28. 4

QUINCY Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the South Quincy Depot—where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best manner. Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Contractor of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK, in all its forms—FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc.

furnished to order, by C. R. & C. MITCHELL.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

3- Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with dispatch and at reasonable prices. Quincy, July 22. 4

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in sure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders, Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT, WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER, ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY, STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS, Quincy, George Thompson, Charles Brock, Dorchester, H. W. Blanchard, Cohasset, Solomon J. Beal, North Hingham, Alfred Loring, North Bridgewater, Sumner A. Hayward, Randolph, Royal W. Turner, South Braintree, Apollon Bantline, Barnstable, George Marston.

References, by permission: HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston, HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR. of Boston, HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield, HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph, HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham, HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy, JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., " OFFICE, Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple, Quincy, April 1. 4

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and customers, that he has just received a cargo of

Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal, a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his wharf.

Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention to satisfy his many friends and customers.

Quincy, June 3. 4

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY, GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)

HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash EGG, STOVE and KITCHEN COAL. Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD. 3- Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early attention. Quincy, Sept. 30. 4

For the Teeth.

HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings' Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash; Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and various other Washes and Powders. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, June 3. 4

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills. Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE REMEDY. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 28. 4

AYER'S PILLS,

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the cure of Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammation, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is a reliable family medicine, and much to be relied upon in all cases of Biliousness, and in all the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing anything hitherto known by any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention: Dr. A. A. HAYDEN, Analytical and Chemical, and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high professional character is endorsed by the U. S. Senator, Dr. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of New York City, endorsed by Hon. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State, Wm. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America. S. LELAND & Co., Prop's of the Metropolitan Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon the individual.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete medicine for the cure of Biliousness, and all the disorders which result from it. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of poisonous and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident the effects should prove as they have proved more powerful, and more certain, and more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine should be taken under the counsel of a Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a remedy without knowing its composition, I have applied the accurate Formula by which both the Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If, however, there should be any one who has not received their medicine, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known! Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge of the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon the individual.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box. PREPARED BY

JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.25. SOLD BY Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT. Quincy, Oct. 28. 4

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREEN VILLES Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scarlet fever. ATWOOD'S Canker Drops. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 4

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—Dates, Prunes, &c. &c. For sale at Dr. MARDEN'S, Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the destruction of Rats, Mice, Mole, Bugs and other Vermin, without poison. Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINATOR, and various other articles for the same purpose. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Sept. 30. 4

For the Complexion.

TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, For the skin of the Face, Neck, and Arms, a celebrated Toilette Powder, French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; etc., etc. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, May 7. 4

Butter! Butter!!

30 TO 40 lbs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap for cash by D. BAXTER & Co. Quincy, Oct. 29. 4

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles. Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 4

Cider Vinegar.

300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar, warranted of extra quality, for sale by H. A. RANSOM. Quincy, May 6. 4

Apothecary Store.

W. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to his friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers to enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barkley, Farina, Grouns, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat Flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, from Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Jells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Buoys, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c. &c. Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington St., near of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 4

IMPORTANT TO THE Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL. UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE. As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon the individual.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete medicine for the cure of Biliousness, and all the disorders which result from it. They

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

NUMBER V.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

AGENTS.

Miscellaneous

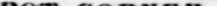
The Wife's Stratagem.

Infidels have objected to the size of the ark and have asserted that it is quite absurd to suppose that ever there could be a vessel constructed large enough to hold all the creatures that must have been placed in it together with sufficient food—(it may be, for six or twelve months)—water for the fishes, corn for the four footed animals, seed for the birds, and so on. Now we will take the dimensions of the ark from the record of Moses, and calculate them on the lowest possible scale. There are two definitions given of cubit: one 18 inches, or a foot and a half—the other 1 foot 8 inches. We will take it only the lowest. Moses states that the Ark was 300 cubits long; this would make it 450 feet long, or about the length of St. Paul's cathedral. The breadth of it he states to be 50 cubits; we then have 75 feet in breadth. He states it to be 30 cubits high; so that was 45 feet in height. In other words, it was as long as St. Paul's cathedral, nearly as broad, and half as high. The tonnage of the Ark, according to the calculation of modern carpenters, must have been 92,000 tons. The largest English ship of war, the St. Vincent, for instance, which is of a size altogether unimaginable to those who have not seen it, is 3,500 tons further: so that

Old Colony

Old Colony
AND
Fall River Railroad

Fall River Railroad.



DEPOT CORNER OF SOUTH AND

KNEELAND STREETS.
On and after Monday, Jan. 1st, 1855, Trains
leave Boston for Quincy and Way Stations,
7.30, 8.30, A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 4.45, 5.45,
9.15. * P. M.

* On Tuesdays 11.15, Saturdays at 10 P. M.:
For Boston and Way Stations,
 6.30, 7.42, 8.19, 10.26. A. M., 1.51, 4.36,
 5.55, P. M.
 Baggage passengers are not allowed to carry Bag-
 gage exceeding 50 lbs in value, and that *personal*, unless
 notice is given, and an extra amount paid at the
 rate of the price of a Ticket for every \$500 addi-
 tional value.
 GEO. HAVEN, Superintendent.
 Boston, Dec. 30th, 1854. *tf*

Express to Boston.
 The Subscriber will commence running an
 Express Wagon, on Monday, Jan. 8th, to
 and from Boston, for the transportation of Mer-

is a share of public patronage, for which he promises to give strict attention to orders and carefulness in conveying all articles entrusted to his care.

Orders may be left at the Union Store, 179; Wyman Abernethy's; Hancock's; and C. & L. Curtis' Store. In Boston, orders can be left at 34 Elm street.

Hours of departure will be 9 o'clock A. M. from Quincy, and 3 o'clock P. M. from Boston.

GEORGE D. FOLLETT.

Quincy, Jan. 5. if

Real Estate for Sale.

 ABOUT three-fourths of an acre of Land, with the buildings thereon, lying a Block-house, Grocery Store, Shop, and a Stable, situated on Hancock Street. The whole or part will be sold to suit purchasers.

Also—A lot of Land, with two Houses on it, situated on Canal Street.

Also—A lot of Land on Faxon's Plain. (as called.) Apply to

J. & H. FAXON.

Quincy, July 22. if

To Let,

THE Building now occupied by Bailey & Co., as a Sash and Blind Manufactory, and which was built expressly for that business. Possession given on the 1st of December next. Apply to

HENRY WOOD.

Quincy, Sept. 23. if

To Let,

THE large and convenient Stable, formerly occupied by Simon Gillett and lately by Gates & Boyce.

Application may be made to Mr. BOWDITCH, or to

JONIAH BRIGHAM.

Quincy, Dec. 30. if

To Let, IN COHASSET.

THE Store, Dwelling House and Stable, recently built, and very convenient,—the Store and Dwelling connected with large Chambers. It is suitable for a large Retail Trade, and for a Clothing Manufactory, or Furniture Warehouse, is an excellent stand for business near the Depot,

on the road from thence to Scituate and Marsh-
field. Terms moderate.

For further particulars inquire of JOHN J.
LOTHROP, or D. T. LOTHROP, near the prem-
ises. Oct. 21.

Particular Notice.

THE Subscriber will close his business on
the 15th of March ensuing, disposing of what
remains after that time at public auction, and
therefore gives this notice to all indebted to make
immediate payment, and requests all who have
claims to present them.

DEBTS, if not paid by 1st INS. will be kept un-
til the above time, and sold at the lowest prices,
for cash. FRANCIS MARDEN.

Quincy, Dec. 29. at

Selling Off

—AT A—

Great Discount

FROM FORMER PRICES, ALL KINDS OF

DRY GOODS.

 Please call and examine.

I. W. MUNROE.

Quincy, Jan. 8. at

Eastern Brick.

JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of EAS-
TERN BRICK by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Brackett's Wharf.

Quincy, August 12. at

Francis Marden

WOULD inform the public that he has recent-
ly fitted up the shop lately occupied by

SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish all
Quincy, April 2. if

Painted Carpeting,
4-4, 6-4, 8-4—of the best quality, for
sale by I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, May 12.

Almanacs for 1855.
OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert B.
Thomson.
Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorabilia and Ac-
count Book; Family Christian Almanac; and
many others—sold at the **QUINCY BOOKSTORE.**
Quincy, Oct. 21. if

Dried Apples.
1000 POUNDS of Sliced and Quar-
tered Apples, for sale by
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, April 8. if

For Sale Cheap.
LOT 4-4 DOMET FLANNAL, by
I. W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Oct. 21. if

Neat's Foot Oil,
FOR sale cheap for cash, by **HAYES & C.**

Chap. 10. 2.

Poetry.

For the Patriot.

To Mrs. L. T. Babcock, Milton, Mass.

BY JENNY—NEW YORK.

Dearest friend mine, in thee I trace
Sympathies true, from Nature's choice,
Lingering oft in dreams of thee—
To catch the music of thy voice;
Thine eyes speak volumes to my soul,
Light from affection's purest mould;
Though subdued, their glance to me
I prize it more than shining gold.

Absent friend mine, raptured I've gazed
Upon thy form of easy grace,
Lingering to catch the pleasing smile
That plays around thy winning face.
May time wreath laurels for thy brow
And gently steal those charms from thee,
Fill, fill thine cup of pleasure full,
All foaming bright from sorrow free.

May no cold smiles disturb thy dreams,
Or chill the fond and trusting heart;
May disappointments withering breath
Forget in thee to win her part.
Thou art too noble, dearest friend,
For Fate to deal unjust, untrue;
May thou ne'er taste the bitter draught
Destined for all, that spatter few.

I could not bear, mine absent friend,
When Time has sped her way,
To see thy star of hope grow dim,
Blighted with stern decay;
O, may thy path shine ever clear,
Strewed with Life's sweetest flowers,
Unmixed with thorns, may it ever be
Sunshine, without life's showers.

Absent friend mine, I would that thou
In this fond breast would ever find
A heart unken to thine own;
Unasked to few—and undefined,
The dearest may she prove to thee—
All thou hast sought in many;
True to friendship's link, to thee, dear friend,
Is the earnest prayer of Jenny.

A Benedict's Appeal to a Bachelor.

BY JOHN G. SAGE.

Dear Charles be persuaded to wed,
For a sensible fellow like you,
It's high time to think of a bed,
And muffs and coffee for two;
So have done with your doubts and delay—
With soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
"This singular you should be single!"

Don't say you haven't got time—
That business demands your attention—
There is not the least reason of rhyme
In the wisest excuse you can mention.
Don't tell me about "other fish"
Your duty is done when you say "em—
And you never will relish the dish,
Unless you've a woman to fry 'em!"

You may dream of poetical fame,
But your wishes may chance to miscarry—
The best way of sending one's name
To posterity, Charles, is to marry:
And here I am willing to own,
After soberly thinking upon it,
I'd very much rather be known
By a beautiful son than a sonnet!

Then, Charles, bid your doubting good-bye,
And dismiss all fantastic alarm—
I'll be sworn you've a girl in your eye
'Tis your duty to have in your arm!
Some trim little maiden of twenty,
A beautiful creature-eyed elf,
With virtues and graces in plenty,
And not failing but loving yourself!

Don't search for an "angel" a minute,
For granting you win in the sequel,
The duce, after all, would be a minute,
With a union so very unequal!
The angels it must be confessed,
In this world are rather uncommon;
And allow me, dear Charles, to suggest,
You'll be better content with a woman!

Then, there's the economy—clear,
By poetical algebra shown—
One half, by the law, is your own!
And as to the joys—by division,
They're nearly quadrupled, 'tis said,
(Though I never could see the addition)
Quite plain in the item of bread—

Then, Charles, be persuaded to wed,
For a sensible man like you,
It's high time to think of a bed,
And muffs and coffee for two;
To have done with your doubts and delaying,
With a soul so adapted to mingle,
No wonder the neighbors are saying
"This singular you should live single."

Anecdotes.

"Perseverance," said a lady, very earnestly,
to a servant, is the only way to accomplish great things."
One day eight dumplings were sent down stairs, and they all disappeared.
"Sally, were they all those dumplings?"
"I managed to get them all down, ma'am."
"Why, how on earth did you contrive to eat so many dumplings?"
"By perseverance, ma'am!"

"How was Adam got out of Paradise?"
asked a Sunday-school teacher, recently, of a pupil.
"Why, he was smoked out."

At a country hotel, a short time since, a girl inquired of a gentleman at the table if his cup was out.
"No," said he, "but my coffee is."
The poor girl was considerably confused, but determined to pay him in his own coin.
While at dinner the stage drove up, and several coming in, the gentleman asked—
"Does the stage dine here?"
"No, sir," exclaimed the girl, in a sarcastic tone, "but the passengers do."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.

Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.

County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" 3 " 2 " 1.50
" 1 " 3 " (per half sq.) 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.

All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" half " 7.00
" 3 months " 4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not oftener, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.

Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00
" half " 3.00
" 3 months " 4.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.

Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.

Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)

JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDRETH, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.

Per order, JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass, OF ANY QUALITY.

LUMBER;

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

3/4 Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rails and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fastenings, Window Springs, Tinned Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters, Framing Pins, turned.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

3/4 Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

Weymouth, Sept. 9. JOHN O. FOYE.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Totman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM.

Quincy, March 18.

Coughs, Colds, &c.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound; Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

Salt Pork,

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.

Quincy, Oct. 8.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 5, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM, AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS, Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK. W. M. E. TRAVIS.

No. 106 Kneeland Street. Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing,

SUCH AS POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING.

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE, HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER, Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood. QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY, AT 24 O'CLOCK, P. M., From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29 South Market Street.

3/4 All orders promptly attended to. 4/4 April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, DEALER IN

By Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass. Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, DEALER IN—

LUMBER; OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also—Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

3/4 Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE, Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c., Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERRY'S Arabian Horse Powders, for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, &c., &c.

Verry's Horse and Cattle LOTION. DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 23.

Perfumery, Oil, &c.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at Dr. MARDEN'S.

Goodnow's Building. Quincy, Dec. 10.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Nov. 25.

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap.

I. W. MUNROE'S. Quincy, Oct. 26.

QUINCY Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the South Quincy Depot—where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.

Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Conductors of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

ALSO—GRANITE WORK, in all its forms—FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c., furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

3/4 Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices.

Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in pursuance of a charter granted by the State of Massachusetts, for the purpose of insuring property against fire, and for the purpose of accumulating a fund for the benefit of the insured, have opened their office at No. 106 Kneeland Street, Boston, and are prepared to receive applications for insurance, and to issue policies thereon, at the most favorable rates.

3/4 All orders promptly attended to. 4/4 April 2, 1853.

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BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap.

I. W. MUNROE'S. Quincy, Oct. 26.

AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This is a fact true of Colds, Feversish symptoms, and Bilious derangements. They all tend to become or produce the deep seated and formidable distempers which load the bowels all over the land. Hence a reliable Family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with consummate skill to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention Dr. A. A. HAYS, Analytical Chemist, of Boston, and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high professional character is endorsed by the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, Senator of the U. S. House of Representatives. Also, Dr. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of New York City, endorsed by Hon. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State. Wm. B. ASON, the richest man in America. S. LELAND & Co., Prop's of the Metropolitan Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded together from the purest and most reliable ingredients, and in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce more efficient results than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrid, poisonous and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed have been left behind, the pure virtues only being retained. Hence it is self-evident the effects should prove as they have sure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

3/4 All orders promptly attended to. 4/4 April 2, 1853.

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CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at Dr. MARDEN'S.

Goodnow's Building. Quincy, Dec. 10.

STOCK AND STAND
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his STOCK OF GOODS, with GOOD WILL, LEASE OF STORE, &c., on very favorable terms.

The above presents a rare opportunity to any person wishing to engage in business in an old established stand, with an excellent run of first rate custom.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE.
Quincy, Feb. 10.

Oyster Saloon For Sale.

WILL be held at public auction, on WEDNESDAY next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the Stock and Fixtures of the Oyster Saloon, near the Bake House, on Hancock street, in Quincy, now kept by Mr. South Crane.

Also—At the same time and place, several other articles of property, desiring the attention of bidders.

H. A. RANSOM, Auctioneer.
Quincy, Feb. 10.

Settlement of Town Accounts.

ALL persons having unsettled accounts with the Town of Quincy are PARTICULARLY requested to present them for settlement at the Selectmen's Room, on FRIDAY next, 16th inst., between 1 and 3 o'clock P. M. And all indebted to the Auditors Establishment may pay the same to Mr. J. P. WRIGHT, the Superintendent.

N. B. It is very desirable that every account should be settled as above, as they are to be credited on the 15th inst.

LEWIS BASS, Selectmen.
HORATIO N. GLOVER, }
WILLIAM ELLISON, } Quincy.

STATEMENT

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1854.

PAID OUT AS FOLLOWS:

For support of prisoners—House of Correction, \$4,479 25

For support of Jail, 1,006 25

For support of House of Correction, 1,006 25

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Selling Off
AT PRICES
To Compare with the Times!

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS,
CARPENTRY WARE,
CROCKERY,
FURNITURE,
FANCY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, &c.,

Will be offered to Customers at prices which will convince them that I am determined to sell.

I will not name any Prices, but assure the public that if they will give me a call they will find

Goods at Prices which will ensure their Sale.

Persons in want of—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

should lose no time before examining my Stock,

which consists of a good assortment of every description.

CALEB PACKARD.
Quincy, Dec. 30.

How the Warm Weather

AND A

Tight Money Market

DRIVES THE BOSTON TRADERS TO

Sacrifice their Goods!

BE SURE AND GET

A NEW SUIT

At the following Low Prices, viz:

\$1-2-2. Good Pants, of various

styles.

\$1-2-2. Cassimere, Ducking, and

other goods, at low prices.

\$1-2-2. Made to order, at low

prices.

\$1-2-2. A fine Custom Made

Suit, at low prices.

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Suit, at low prices.

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER IN SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS,

Dress and Domestic Goods of every de-

scription.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak

Trimnings, Gimps Braids and Embroid-

eries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a

great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS' and BOYS'

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

FURNISHING GOODS:

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES,

CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS,

HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or

furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS

of every quality. I would ask the particular

attention of the public to this branch of my

business.

MILLINERY GOODS:

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will

find always a carefully selected Stock, of the

latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and

trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality; Crockery, China,

Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and

Shades, and a general assortment of House-

keeping Goods. I would respectfully in-

voke the attention of my friends and customers,

to my present varied Stock, to which I am con-

stantly making addition, and solicit a call from

all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d.

CLOTHING

For the Winter of 1854,

—AT—

RUSSELL & Co's,

Town Hall Building, Quincy.

Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

57 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts

and Drawers.

50 to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen

Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms.

5 to 17 " " Collars.

17 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats

25 to 100 " Silk Pocket Hdkfs.

10 to 50 " Suspenders.

57 to 200 " Umbrellas.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes.

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00 " Traveling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods,

to be closed up cheap.

Boys' Department.

\$2 to \$5. Over Sacks.

\$1 1-2 to \$4. Jackets.

\$1 1-2 to \$2. Suit Jacket and Pants.

\$1 to \$3. Cassimere, Cloth and

Duckin' Pants.

50 Cts. to \$2. Vests.

Very truly, the above are bargains! Purchasers,

however, are requested to bring this advertise-

ment with them, as they will then know where

the lot, as we are determined to close up the

Stock of Winter Clothing.

A very short time will "Book and Periodical,"

get to a purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM

OAK HALL,

34 NORTH STREET, BOSTON.

Dec. 30. 3m.

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK SS.

BEFORE Samuel B. Noyes, Esquire, Com-

missioner of Insolvency, in and for said

County.

The second meeting of the creditors of

NORTON QUINCY TIRRELL,

of Weymouth, in said County, Physician, will be

held at the Office of said Commissioner, in Canton,

on the ninth day of March next, at ten o'clock in

the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be

present and prove their claims.

The subscriber has been appointed Assignee in

said case, and has accepted said trust.

HENRY LOUD, Assignee.

East Weymouth, Jan. 27. 3m.

Neat's Foot Oil,

FOR sale cheap for cash, by

D. BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, Oct. 8.

STARTLING, BUT TRUE!

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from

year to year in that pitiable condition as not even

for one day to feel the happy and exhilarating in-

fluence incident to the enjoyment of health.

</

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
Lines to Summer.
BY JENNY-NEW YORK.

I long to see the fields again
Clothed with their verdant green;
To tread the little path that winds
Down by the bubbling stream.
I long to hear the whipp-will
Trill sweet her roundelay,
While seated on yon mossy bank
Watching the waters play.

Thrice welcome back those little birds,
That sought a southern home,
'Ere winter's blast had chilled, alas!
The shelter of their young.
Again I'd hear your warbling notes,
Songsters of summer hours,
Again I'd seek your loved retreat,
Entwined with beauteous flowers.

O, I would leave these festive halls
To dwell where nature smiles
In all her varied loveliness,
Far from these scenes of pride.
Glad I'd leave the flattering train,
Companions of an hour—
If but to watch the little bee,
Flitting from flower to flower.

I love to hear her little hum,
As she gathers her golden store;
So happy seems she as she sips,
Sweetens her treasured bower.
O, for an hour 'mid Nature's wilds,
Far from the haunts of men,
Where nature wreaths her choicest flowers,
To crown her diadem.

There spread my couch where oft I've sat,
Where dreamed from hour to hour,
There twined the rose 'mid evergreen,
To deck my own sweet bower.
I sigh to see the hills again
Clothed with their verdant green;
To tread that little path that winds
Down by yon silvery stream.

The Merry Sleigh.

BY LIEUT. G. W. PATTEN, U. S. ARMY.

Jingle, jingle, clear the way,
'Tis the merry, merry sleigh,
As it swiftly scuds along,
Hear the burst of happy song;
See the gleam of glances bright,
Flashing o'er the pathway white;
Jingle, jingle—how it whirles,
Crowded full of laughing girls.

Jingle, jingle—fast it flies,
Shooting shafts from roguish eyes;
Careless archers, I'll be bound,
Little heed when they are wound;
See them with capricious tricks,
Ploughing now the drifted banks,
Jingle, jingle—mid their glee,
Who among them cares for me?

Jingle, jingle—on they flow,
Caps and bonnets white with snow,
And the faces swimming past—
Nodding through the fleecy blast;
Not a single robe they fold
To protect them from the cold.
Jingle, jingle—mid the storm,
Fun and frolic keeps them warm.

Jingle, jingle—down the hills,
O'er the meadows, past the mills,
Now 'tis slow, and now 'tis fast,
Winter will not always last;
Every pleasure has its time,
Spring will come and stop the chime.
Jingle, jingle—clear the way,
'Tis the merry, merry sleigh,
Port Ontario, (N. Y.) Nov. 27, 1843.

Anecdotes.

The uncle of a Welsh minister, being sorely offended, declared that he should never forgive the offender. The minister asked him if he knew what the Bible said.
"No," said he; "what does it say?"
"Anger resteth in the bosom of fools."
"Well, Thomas," said he, "go instantly and tell the man that I forgive him all. I will not be a fool to please him or any body else."

Some young ladies feeling aggravated by the severity with which their friends speculated on their gay plumes, necklaces, rings, &c., went to their pastor to learn his opinion.
"Do you think," said they, "there is any impropriety in wearing these things?"
"By no means," was the prompt reply—"when the heart is full of ridiculous notions it is well enough to hang out a sign."

A little boy going to church on Sunday, remarked—
"Ma, there goes a woman with a hat on; and, oh, see, mother, she's got boots on, too!"
"Oh, no, my son, you are mistaken; it is only a gentleman with a woman's shawl on!" replied the mother.

A gentleman travelling inside a coach, was endeavoring with considerable earnestness, to impress some argument upon a fellow passenger who was seated in the same vehicle, and who appeared rather dull of apprehension; at length, being slightly irritated, he exclaimed—
"Why, sir, it's as plain as A B C!"
"That may be," quietly replied the other, "but I am D E F."

"Mr. Showman," said a greenhorn at a menagerie, "can the leopard change his spots?"
"Yes, sir," was the reply, "when he gets tired of one spot he can easily go to another."

A case of absence of mind occurred one rainy night when Mr. Peabody came home. He put his umbrella in bed with his wife, and stood himself up in the corner of the room.

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 8 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers' Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 2 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " " " " 1.50
" " " 1 " " " " " 1.00
" " " 1 " " " " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " half " " " 7.00
" " 3 months " " " 4.00
To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not after, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than " 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PAXSON, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDEBRAND, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Per order.

JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of
Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,
OF ANY QUALITY.

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.
(3) Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rails and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Springs, Blind Hinges and Fastenings, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Papers, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Piles, turned.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.
(3) Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

Weymouth, Sept. 9.
JOHN O. FOYE, 3m

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Tutman, as a

MARKET HOUSE.

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM, Quincy, March 18.

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound; Buchanan's Hesperian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balm of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectoant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.

Quincy, Nov. 11.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co., Quincy, March 20.

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.

Quincy, Oct. 8.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.

Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.

H. B. KIRK, W. M. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,

SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29 South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to, at 14-11
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN
Dy Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT,
CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Nov. 26. Weymouth, Mass.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,

—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes;
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.

Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
&c., &c., for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,
&c., &c.

VERY'S Horse and Cattle LOTION,
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Jan. 28.

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, &c., at
DR. MARDEN'S.

Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla,
Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pe-
mento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose
and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Goliath;
French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass;
Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram;
Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 25.

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap.
I. W. MUNROE'S.

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this establish-
ment, now opened near the
South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tablet
to the most elegant and elab-
orate Monument is executed
in the very best style.

Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough competency
in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductors to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and require-
ments of persons in need of such articles.

— ALSO —
GRANITE WORK,
—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c.,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment) and which, as well as
the work, attests the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Breck,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitcomb Porter, South Hingham,
William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Samuel A. Hayward,
Royal W. Turner, Barstable,
South Braintree, George Marston,
Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:
HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of North Brookfield,
HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq.,

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1.

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform
his friends and customers, that he has just
received a cargo of
Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,
a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his
wharf.

Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a
continuance of the same, and hopes by strict atten-
tion to satisfy his many friends and customers.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Quincy, June 3.

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY,
GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)
HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash
EGG, STOVE and NUT COAL.
Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.

Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store
or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early atten-
tion.

Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Teeth.

HOOVER'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings
Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth
Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and
Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash;
Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and
various other Washes and Powders. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, June 3.

Pills and Bitters—Sick Headache.

D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills.
HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.
Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY.

For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28.

AYER'S
PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown that
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunately for
the patient hitherto that almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els. This is not. Many of them produce so much
gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to
counterbalance the good to be derived from their
use. These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been speedily cured by them, we
may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Longness of Stomach,
Biliousness, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action on the liver, and as
sufferers therefrom find prompt and sure relief in Con-
sistency, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofu-
la and Scoury, Colds with soreness of the body,
Cancers and impurity of the blood, in short, any
and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the
Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite and vigor. They purify the blood, and by
their stimulant action on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the body, and restore the
wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism.
Hence, an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but un-
necessary dosing should never be carried too far,
as every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
and is taken to excess. The thousand cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
they suggest themselves to the reason of every
body; and it is confidently believed this pill will
answer a better purpose than any yet lived with, and
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped, they are
pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions see wrapper on the box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evi-
dences of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too appar-
ent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what article to
employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only so, but it is a safe
attack upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout
this section, we need not do more than assure the
people its reality is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the remedy is well as it
was.

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREEN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.

ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
&c., &c. For sale at
DR. MARDEN'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.

Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Complexion.

TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion, For
the Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk o'
Roses, Amandine for Tan Sunburn &c., &c.
For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!!

30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY
B

younger teachers, that it is against the law to send children to school under five years of age. But notwithstanding this, some parents have sent their children, and the little school has set there day after day, without the least notice being taken of them. And it has been further said by some of the teachers that children should be taught their alphabet first.

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
To Caroline.

BY JENNY—NEW YORK.

Come sing my favorite song to night,
For my heart's oppressed and lone;
And I would hear thy voice again,
Warbling sweetly 'round my home.

Come sing my favorite air, sweet Cox,
Those you have sung in by-gone hours,
I feign would yield my soul again
To music's witching power.

Those strains, sweet echoes of the past,
Linger round my memory yet;
Those dear old songs you used to sing,
And these, I never can forget.

Such is Life.

Life to the daisy rose you see,
Or like the blossom on the tree,
Or like the dainty flower of May,
Or like the morning of the day,
Or like the sun, or like the shade,
Or like the gourd which Jonas had;
Even so is man, whose thread is spun,
Drawn out, and cut, and so is done!
The rose withers, the blossom blazeth,
The flower fades, the morning hasteth,
The sun sets, the shadow flies,
The gourd consumes, the man he dies.

Like the grass that's newly sprung,
Or like the tale that's just begun,
Or like the bird that's here to-day,
Or like the perched dove of May,
Or like an hour, or like a span,
Or like the singing of a swan;
Even such is man, who lives by breath;
Is here, is there; in life, in death!
The grass decays, the tale doth end,
The bird is flown, the dove descend,
The hour is short, the span not long,
The swan's near death; man's life is done!

Like to a bubble on a brook,
Or—in a mirror—like a look,
Or like a smile in the hand,
Or like a writing on the sand,
Or like a thought, or like a dream,
Or like the gliding of a stream;
Even such is man, whose life is breath,
Is here, is there; in life, in death!
The bubble bursts; the look is forgot,
The smile's flung; the writing's blot;
The thought is past; the dream is gone;
The water glides—man's life is done!

Mankind.

Let us speak of a man as we find him,
And cease to blame him for what we see;
And should a man blame, let's remind him
That from faults we are none of us free.
If thought from the heart could be torn,
And the mind could be read on the brow,
There are many we'd pass by with scorn,
Whom we're reading with high honors now.

Let us speak of a man as we find him,
And heed not what others may say,
If he's frail, then a kind word would bind him
Where coldness would turn him away;
For the heart must be barren, indeed,
Where no love of repentance can bloom,
Then pause, ere you censure with speed,
On a snail or a frown hangs his doom.

Patriotism.

They never fail who die
In a great cause: the black may soak their gore,
Their heads may sicken in the sun; their limbs
Be strong to cry and ease the woe.
But still their spirit walks abroad. Though years
Elope, and others share as dark a doom,
They but augment the deep and sweeping
Thoughts—
Which overspread all others, and conduct
The world at last to freedom. (Byron.)

Anecdotes.

A little boy, after listening some time to his mother's efforts to get a puller to throw in something with everything she purchased, cast his longing eyes on some primers in the trunk. The pedlar, reading his wishes, offered to give him one. The little fellow hesitated, and when urged, said:
"I don't know as I will take it, unless you will throw in something."

"Did you pull my nose on purpose, sir?"
"Certainly I did, sir."
"It is well you did, for I don't allow people to joke with me in that way."

"I don't believe it's any use to vaccinate, for small pox," said a back-wood Kentuckian, "for I had a child vaccinated, and he fell out of a window and was killed, in less than a week after."

Old Gent. "Why don't you go to work, and stop picking your nose?"
Boy. "It's my nose ain't it? and it's Fourth of July too. I'll pick thunder out of it, if I've a mind to."

He was a philosopher, who being pressed to stay a little longer, replied: "I will; fifteen minutes will make no difference. My wife is now as mad as she can be."

A chap from the country, who visited the city to see the Fourth of July, entered one of the hotels and sat down to dinner. Upon the bill of fare being handed to him by the waiter he remarked that he "didn't care 'bout readin' now, he'd wait till after dinner."

"Mrs. Sprigs, will you be helped to a small piece of the turkey?"
"Yes, my dear Mr. Wilkins, I will."

"What part would you prefer, my dear Mrs. Sprigs?"
"I will have a couple of the wings—a couple of the legs—some of the breast—the side bone—some filling, and a few dumplings, as I feel very unwell to-day!"
Wilkins faint!

A young fop, about starting for New York proposed to purchase a life preserver. "Oh you will not want it," suggested the clerk, "bags of wind don't sink."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.	
Citations, 3 weeks,	\$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks,	1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks,	1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks,	1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks,	1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks,	1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks,	1.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square)	1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.	
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks,	1.50
Assignees' " " 3 " "	1.25

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" " " 3 " "	1.50
" " " 3 " " (per half sq.)	1.00
" " " 1 " "	.75

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All Editorial Notices, (per line)	10

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(Signed)	
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BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.	
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.	
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.	
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.	
H. O. HILBRETH, Dedham Gazette.	
J. A. TUCKER, Old Colony Memorial.	
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.	
WILLIAM BENNETT, Massapequa Journal.	
To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.	
Per order.	
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.	
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.	

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THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c., &c.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass, OF ANY QUALITY.

Also—Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Hinges and Rails, for top or bottom; Green Doors, Funnels, Lugs, Blind Hinges and Fastenings; Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Poles, turned.

FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

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WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

JOHN O. FOYE, Weymouth, Sept. 9.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Totman, as a

MARKET HOUSE, and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, and cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.

H. A. RANSOM, Quincy, March 18.

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

WHITE & FRENCH, Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 5, Webster Bank Building, Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE, ASA FRENCH, May 20. if

HENRY A. RANSOM, AUCTIONEER,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage. Quincy, April 8. if

KIRK & TRAVIS, Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure Old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars. H. B. KIRK, W. M. E. TRAVIS, No. 106 Kneeland Street, Boston, April 16, 1855. if

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing,

SUCH AS POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING,

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE, HAS FOR SALE—

LUMBER, Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood, QUINCY CANAL WHARF.

July 10, 1852. if

William E. Colburn's Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY, AT 2 o'clock, P. M., From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20 South Market Street.

All orders promptly attended to. -15- if April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, DEALER IN

By Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES.

all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.

Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. if

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND AND NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass. if Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, DEALER IN—

LUMBER; OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also—Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimensions Furnished at short Notice.

Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.

Quincy, June 12. if

ARNOLD'S Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE, Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c., Weymouth Landing, Mass.

Sept. 9. 3m

QUINCY Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS, Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the

South Quincy Depot—where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.

Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Conductors of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

— ALSO —

GRANITE WORK, —in all its forms—

FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c., furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices. Quincy, July 22. if

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, insure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.

Farmers, Mechanics, Household, Traders, Merchants, and all classes of Property owners, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate customers.

Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT, WILLIAM S. MORTON;

TREASURER, ISRAEL W. MUNROE;

SECRETARY, STEPHEN BATES;

DIRECTORS, Quincy, Milton, William S. Morton, George Thompson, Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock, Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester, Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard, Albert Thompson, Cohasset, Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal, Stephen Bates, South Hingham, William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring, Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater, Royal W. Taylor, Burnstable, South Braintree, George Marston, Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:

HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston, HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR., of Boston, HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield, HON. JAMES MAQUIE of Randolph, HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham, HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy, JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., "

OFFICE, Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple, Quincy, April 1. if

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and customers, that he has just received a cargo of

Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,

a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his

Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention to satisfy his many friends and customers.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Quincy, June 3. if

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY, GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)

HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash EGG, STOVE and NUT COAL.

Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.

Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store, or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early attention.

Quincy, Sept. 30. if

For the Teeth.

HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings' Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal Tooth Paste; Florantine and Chlorine Tooth Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash; Swan's celebrated Lament Tooth Powder; and various other Washes and Powders. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, June 3. if

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not true. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Constiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrophulous and Scabby Eruptions, and all the various Uleers and impurities of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required. They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Eruption of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but the necessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousands of cases in which a physical is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-coated they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity. For minute directions see wrapper on the box.

PREPARED BY JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cure, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and desponding diseases, by the use of this medicine. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what article to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT, Quincy, Oct. 25. if

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREEN-VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scarlet fever.

ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Feb. 11. if

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Etc., Apples, &c., &c. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S, Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and other Vermin, without poison.

Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINATOR, and various other articles for the same purpose. For sale by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Sept. 30. if

Butter! Butter!!

30 to 40 TUBS of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap.

D. BAXTER & Co., Quincy, Oct. 29. if

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External Rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles.

Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy, Feb. 11. if

Cider Vinegar.

300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar, warranted of extra quality, for sale by

H. A. RANSOM, Quincy, May 6. if

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for Invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grains, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.

Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and chills, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington St., rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 1. 451f

IMPORTANT TO THE Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL

UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE. As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

"GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST."

The unparalleled success of this Oil, in the cure of diseases in Horses, Cattle, and other domestic animals, is well known to the farming community. It can hardly be credited, except by those who have seen the light of keeping it in their stables and houses, and a vast amount of pain, suffering and time, are saved by the timely application of this Oil.

It is the name of the sole proprietor, GEORGE W. MERCHANT, Lockport, N. Y., is blown in the side of the bottle, and in his handwriting over the name.

All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly answered.

Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine.

Sold by respectable Dealers generally, in the Eastern States and Canada. Also by

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1855.

NUMBER VIII.

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IMPORTANT

Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL

As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.



"They can't keep House without it."

This oil is of great value in all cases of sore throat, inflammation of the throat, and all other diseases of the throat, and is also of great value in all cases of sore eyes, inflammation of the eyes, and all other diseases of the eyes.

It is also of great value in all cases of sore feet, inflammation of the feet, and all other diseases of the feet, and is also of great value in all cases of sore hands, inflammation of the hands, and all other diseases of the hands.

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OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business. Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village, JOSIAH BABCOCK,
West District, GEORGE H. LOCKE,
Milton, CHARLES BRECK,
Dorchester, ORIN P. BACON,
Weymouth, F. A. KINGSBURY,
Abington, JOSEPH CLEVERLY,
South Scituate, SAMUEL A. TURNER,
New York City, FREEMAN HUNT,
Brooklyn, (N. Y.) GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The Little Old Woman who Dried up and Blew Away.

Many years ago, on the stage road leading from Boston to Plymouth, just out of Weymouth into Hingham, there lived an old woman who went by the name of Sue Ward.

Where she came from no one knew. Some years before the time of which we write, she had taken up her abode in an old house which had been deserted by its former owner, and there she dwelt—all alone—a perfect mystery to the gossip of the neighborhood. She managed to get a living by doing all sorts of odd jobs for the people of the village; by knitting now and then a pair of stockings; by spinning a few knots of yarn, or going out as nurse for the sick. The villagers, also, were quite kind to her. But after a while they began to be weary of being benighted to so mysterious a being. All plotting and questioning to ascertain her former life failed to produce any effect save a stubborn refusal to gratify curiosity, and slight flashes of anger, which all inquirers agreed boded no good.

Although the time of which we write was after the excitement concerning the Salem witches, yet belief in such beings had not wholly died away, especially among the older portion of community. Could they not quote the Bible and the godly Mr. Mather in support of their doctrine?

By and by strange stories began to be circulated concerning old Sue Ward. It was said that being vexed by Deacon Burr, she gave utterance to a muttered curse, and the next morning the deacon's best heifer was found dead, in such a strange position that none but the devil could have brought her there. Then, as Mistress Ward was walking home one very cold night, uncle Joshua overtook her in his nice new wagon. She asked him to carry her home, as she was tired. But he replied that he could not, as it was rather off his road, and he was in a hurry.

"May you be longer reaching home than I am," exclaimed she, and but a moment afterwards his horse fell, broke both shafts of the new wagon, and what was worse, his own leg.

These stories, somewhat magnified, perhaps, in the telling, were soon in the mouth of every one in the village. Soon they spoke of her no longer as Mistress Ward, or old Sue Ward. She possessed the three great requisites for a witch of that time. She was old, ugly and poor.

With such an evil suspicion hanging about her, it is no wonder that many who had formerly befriended, now avoided her. Even the little children, having heard the mysterious talk of their parents, as they passed her in the streets, clasped one another's hands more tightly, and, gazing at her with half-frightened looks, went hurriedly on, though some of the larger boys would sometimes shout after her.

Matters were thus, as one wild, windy November night, old Sue sat by her fire in her lonely hut. She had been out to gather the faggots of which the fire was built, and meeting some rude boys on her return, they had taunted her with unseemly words. Not often would such words have affected her so much. But as the screaming wind howled through the branches of the forest, and she heard the moanings of the dying autumn, thinking all the while that she had not where to look for help through the coming winter, what wonder that she felt like cursing the day in which she was born!

She did curse it most bitterly. Her wicked, withered old heart was lifting itself up in

blasphemy as she sat by her fire that night, and gazed intently into its flames as they lighted her miserable room.

"Why can't I die?" muttered she to herself. "As if seventy years of sorrow, seventy years of sin, wasn't enough for one mortal! Doesn't the Bible say that three score years and ten are the limits of life? I, without friends, with none of the comforts which belong to age, old, poor, miserable, half-starved and cold; and she drew up closer to her fire, and continued: "I would drown myself, but the water is cold. I have not strength enough to kill myself any other way. Why is there no other way but dying to be rid of the world! If folks could cast off life as they do an old garment! I've heard of old women that dried up and blew away. The Lord knows I'm dry enough already. Why, if he will not let me die, will he not blow me away? I should not care if it was to a warmer place than this, where old women don't have to go out after faggots." And she grinned a most wretched grin, showing one worn yellow stump of a tooth.

"Good evening, mother Ward," said a voice at her elbow.

She turned and saw just at her side a little old man dressed in black. A quick, active old fellow he seemed, as, without being asked, he drew the other of the two rush-bottomed chairs—all the seats the room contained—up to the fire.

"Who are you? What do you want?" asked old Sue, as soon as she had a little recovered from her astonishment at this sudden interruption.

"A poor, cold traveller, who wishes to warm himself at your fire," replied he, just glancing at her with his keen black eye. Oh, it was the wickedest eye that you ever saw, so full of malice and devilry, so glittering and snake-like.

"You are welcome to the little warmth a wretched old woman's fire can give you. But you have not yet told me your name, though I ought to know it, as you seem to know mine."

"I go under different names," replied he; "those who are most familiar with me, call me by a nickname, but my proper name is Beel Z. Bub. But why do you call yourself wretched?"

"Have you not lived in the world long enough to know?" replied she, almost fiercely. "There are grey hairs on your brow, and the wrinkles on your face will number almost as many as mine. Is it not always wretched to be old? But perhaps you have warm friends who cheer you with their presence, and sustain you by their love?"

She paused a moment, as if waiting for a reply. But the old man sat with his elbows resting on his knees, looking steadfastly into the fire with his cunning eyes. The old woman continued—

"Perhaps you do not know what it is to outlive all the friends of youth, to wander away among strangers, and to be shunned and despised by them, to be treated and hooted at as a witch, as one who has dealings with the devil, when I know no more of the devil than you do."

"Not perhaps as much," said he, in an undertone.

She went on, not hearing, or not heeding him.

"You may not have felt all the wickedness of your soul rise up against your persecutors, prompting you to curse them as I have cursed them, time and again, and curse them now. Oh, the good Christian souls, who pretend to be so pious and holy, who roll up their eyes at the very sight of me? I should not wonder if some of them had more dealings with Satan than myself."

"No doubt of it," rejoined the old man.

Old Sue went on, feeling a strange, thrilling pleasure in telling her wicked thoughts to the old man at her side, whose eyes gleamed brighter and looked more evil, the more wicked she grew.

"And I was thinking what a mockery it would be for me to say the Lord's Prayer."

"Our Father?"

The old man gave an uneasy start as she said these words, yet remained quiet, as she repeated no more, but snuffing her skinny hands together, she exclaimed—

"Why should I call him my father? Has he treated me as a child? Has he not left me here in my old age, to rags, and poverty, and abuse, when he might have taken me to his blessed home beyond the skies long before this. Death would long ago have been welcome to me."

"Why don't you kill yourself, then?" asked the old man softly.

"I was thinking of that just as you came in. But it is an ugly, terrible business to take one's own life. If there were only some other way to rid one's self of the world! Did you ever hear," continued she, speaking in a low, confidential tone, "did you ever hear of any old woman that dried up and blew away?"

The cunning-eyed one for a while spoke not a word. He sat there still and quiet, looking fixedly into the fire. But all at once he burst out with a wild stave of a song. The words so wrought upon the imagination of mother Sue, that—she knew not why—she began to stamp her feet in accompaniment, and when he came to the chorus she joined her shrill treble to his cracked bass, and the strange melody rang out clear and piercingly:

I walked out the other night,
The wind was blowing high;
I clasped my cloak about me tight,
I wished that I might die.

CHORUS. O, for those rare, good times of old,
When women, I've heard say,
If winds were high, or weather cold,
Dried up and blew away.

The venerable gentleman sang three more verses, and at the end of each, stamping his foot, shouted, "Chorus!" again. And they sang it through again, till the old walls of the room echoed with the wild scream of their voices.

"Those good old times may come again," said the old man, after they had finished singing. "But there is a certain state of feeling to which every one must arrive before they can vanish from the earth. People in the old times often reached it, than at present."

"What is that state?—I will attain unto it," said mother Ward.

"I think you will; perhaps you have. Know, then, good mother, that all things here on earth are vanity. What is lighter than vanity? Doth not the slightest breath stir the leaf of the willow? But vanity is lighter than even the willow's leaf? I said all things were vanity; all things but love are so. It is that which binds men to earth. Were it not for the love which human beings bear to one another—puff—and away they would go, mine forever. Now, mother Ward, tell me, have you rid yourself altogether of love?"

"I find many who declare they have done thus, and when I wonder they do not blow away, lo! down deep in their heart, covered over, it may be, with the glitter of mammon, with the dross of selfishness, one little particle of love, which keeps them from being altogether vain. But I am preaching! Tell me, I say, have you rid yourself altogether of love?"

Old Sue sat still and thought. Her mind went back through the path of weary years to the days when, a happy child, she had clung with affection to those who cherished her under their roof, who called her their darling; she traced her own life as she grew up a wayward beauty; her love poured out in its wealth and tenderness upon one her parents deemed unworthy; her rebellion and forsaking of all for love of him who was to be father and mother to her; her few short months of happiness, and a terrible awakening as the earth received to its bosom her love, her only joy, save an infant life, which only kept her grief from laying herself by old Sue in the grave.

Old Sue buried her face in her hands and wept as the memory of these times came so vividly upon her. The evil eye looked gloomily.

But memory would not stop here—at his death and her treasure's birth. It told over wrongs. The consciousness of finding herself without money, and consequently without friends, in a great city; the long days of travel, with the little one in her arms, to the home of her childhood; the winter's night that heard her timorous knock at the door, and—

The one at her side looked smilingly. The tears had dried, and fondest hate scowled forth from her face.

And the same wild night heard a father's curse upon his offspring; it saw a woman, faint and footsore, go forth; with its winds and storms it hushed a child's cry forever, and wrought long months of disease upon the mother. From that bed of sickness, memory told her how she rose with vows of vengeance, but it did not dare to dwell upon the unnatural crimes which followed, of vain endeavors to escape remorse, of her flight over the sea, of the years she had wished to die.

She rose from her seat trembling and pale—for she had dared to think upon her sinful past. She had a parent's love, and it had cursed instead of blessing her; she was a dearer love and it died from her; a child's love had blossomed in her heart, but it was rudely killed and its death terribly avenged. She had no other love—all was unfriendedness and hate.

"Are you ready to go?" said the old man calmly. He knew that she was his.

"Let me first warm myself before my journey," replied she. Then she gathered all the faggots into the middle of the room, and kindled them. The room blazed in a moment. As the flames leaped fierce and hot, "I am ready," said she.

That night good John Benton came riding from Plymouth. As he approached old Sue's hut he saw the fire burst forth from the windows, and, strangest of all, two shadowy forms, like clouds of dust, gliding far away

above the burning flames, flying into the darkness of the night, while a gust of wind mightier than ever he had before felt, almost blew him from his horse.

These things he averred to the crowd who had collected around the burning dwelling. And what confirmed the narration was, that no bones could be found among the ruins—neither was Sue Ward seen any more.

This is a story believed by many persons to the present day, and on account of which, every old house thereabouts has a horse-shoe nailed to its door, and this maxim prevails—
CHERISH LOVE LEST YOU BECOME VANITY.

Friends.

It is an old and wise saying, that one has many friends when their services are not required. But the moment they are appealed to in the way of relief, that moment friendship becomes extinct. It is good to have a friend, but bad to want one. A real friend is as rare as a black swan. We are often deceived in real friends; we are led astray by their honeyed words. One who is susceptible looks at the smoothest face, and explores not the heart. Friends seek friends for many objects, not so much for real respect or company, as for something to be gained. Friends of this sort have a heart as black as that of his Satanic Majesty, and about just as much conscience. They possess themselves of his majesty's graces, and get the better of the susceptible, and leave them to mourn their lot until they are swallowed up in despair. Others will seek friendship for the good time they have in each other's company, without any intention of doing wrong. This is rather commendable, but there should always be an aim in seeking one's friendship, — an aim above mediocrity. The cultivation of friendship should tend to improve one's habits, one's morals. In doing so, there is real enjoyment,—there is nothing base at the bottom of it. When one seeks friends for something to be gained, and that something cannot be had, how soon friendship turns to hate; it cannot be otherwise; the first motive was bad, and the result springs from it. How cautious one ought to be in making friends, and how easy it is to cultivate the friendship of many. Without a suspicious thought, one is led to a precipice, and over its height he is thrown by those whom he could not have believed would have been guilty.

Spurious friends will do many bad acts with a smooth face. Others again will appear as our friends by telling us of our faults, when their own faults are far greater than those whom they accuse. There is no occasion to make things appear worse than they are, because the darkest side is always before us. It is only inflicting a double punishment without any happy result, for the accused is more likely to become worse. Such friendship is base, unseemly and poisonous. Point out the way to better our condition, and do not sink deeper into that over which he is lamenting. Cheer up, never frown upon one who has been unwise, because the accused may have a chance to retaliate.

Zimmerman says:
"There are a sort of friends, who in your poverty do nothing but torment and taunt you with accounts of what you might have been, had you followed their advice; and this privilege comes from the comparative state of their finances and yours."

The inspired Kirke White says:
A heart formed for the gentler emotions of the soul often feels as strong an interest for what are called brutes, as most bipeds are apt to feel for each other. Montaigne had his cat; I have read of a man whose only friend was a large spider; and Trenc, in his dungeon, would sooner have lost his right hand than the poor little mouse, which grown confident with indulgence, used to beguile the tedious hours of imprisonment with its gambols. For my own part, I believe my dog, who, this moment, seated on his hind legs, is wisely surveying me, as if he was conscious of all that is passing in my mind,—my dog, I say, is as sincere, and, whatever the world may say, nearly as dear a friend as any I possess; and, when I shall receive that summons which may not now be far distant, he will win me a funeral requiem over my grave more piteously than all the hired mourners on Christendom. Well, well, poor Bob has had a kind master of me, and, for my own part, I truly believe there are few things on this earth I shall leave with more regret than this faithful companion of the happy hours of my infancy.

Yes, the dumb animal is ready to sacrifice itself for us; thereby showing its real friendship without deception. In it we find no other instinct than that of a true friend; it has nothing to gain, and perhaps little to lose, and all its goodness springs from pure love. Its pride consists in our kindness towards it, and its life is at our command. Man cannot compare with it; he is selfish; always in view of something to gain. The brilliancy of pretended friends just as deceptive as brass is to gold. We lead prying minds into our better sympathies, and then they give us wormwood and gall for our consolation. We must have a mind of our own, and be prepared to see the surface, and not take all that is said as coming from the heart.

Common Courtesies.

It is the little everyday courtesies of life which betray the true Christian and gentleman,—those simple expressions of regard and interest, those little kindnesses and forbearances, which he has an opportunity to practice every hour of his life. They are the unfailing indices of character. They are more eloquent of virtue than all great actions or high sounding professions. The heart from which they do not continually flow, like sparkling streams down the hill side, is barren of all true excellence. That religion which consists merely in gifts to the church treasury, scrupulous attendance upon church meetings, unqualified adherence to creeds and creed makers, firm belief in original sin, (which is not so original a thing after all) harsh judgments of the wicked, and great devotion to the far-off heathen; but which sets at naught the sweet charities of life, and makes no account of the common amenities of society, is but as sounding brass and tinkling cymbals. The hearty, "How d'ye do?" "I'm glad to see you," "How's your wife?" "Good luck to you," and all the other greetings which are interchanged by passers-by, fall upon the heart like good seed, and give growth to all those gentle affections and humble virtues, which are to the mind what the luxuriant undergrowth of shrubs and flowers is to the earth. The smile of kindness which you bestow upon the care-worn laborer, fall like sunshine upon his heart and warm all his faculties into new life and beauty. The word of comfort which you speak to the homeless wanderer goes deep into his soul and kindles a new fire among its decaying embers. The mark of esteem and reverence which you extend to the aged man on whose brow is written, in deep characters, the history of many sorrows, recalls to his mind the faded hopes and joys of youth, and causes his pulse to beat with renewed vigor, and his eyes to glisten with unworldly brilliancy. The look of sympathy shed upon the child of sorrow, or the word of consolation whispered into his ear, extracts the poison from his cup of sorrow, and tinges with the golden hues of hope the cloud which be-shadows his path.

In the hallowed precincts of home, how much depends upon the countless and nameless acts of a kindly spirit! How often a kind word or a reproving smile will extinguish the spark of harsh feeling which else had been fanned by the rude breath of passion into a devouring flame! By warding off an unkind expression of hasty wrath with a forbearing and forgiving look, how easily we disarm all anger and restore the soul to serenity and love. Is there a quarrel,—a fierce dispute,—a war of words in the family circle; how easily one gentle spirit will subdue the rude elements, and make the thoughtless destroyers of domestic peace hang their heads with shame.

Yes, it is these words of kindly remembrance, sown along the dusty thoroughfares of earth, which make the poetry of life, and which, falling upon a heart which has been broken up by vicissitudes, take deep root, and soon garnish the mind with flowers of perennial beauty.

Laughter.

We are not one of those who believe it a crime to laugh. On the contrary, we consider laughter a blessing,—a great conservative. It is this which binds humanity together. It is the golden shower of the Danae-earth, in which all her joys are begotten. What worth the while would society afford if it were not for this faculty of expressing our satisfaction at beholding familiar faces, and giving vent to the mirth which an interchange of happy thoughts and faces provokes! Think of a friendly gathering without laughter,—a May without flowers,—a summer without sun! Think of the kindly greeting without a smile; society without laughing. We might conjure in the fancy, perhaps a world of strangers; but it would be a world devoid of all that is lovable in life—a vast charnel house peopled with skeletons. But the supreme benefit of laughter is displayed in the closer and dearer relations of life. This is it which unites household bands. This is it which gives the heart its charm, and makes the fire gleam warm and bright—yea the old home where we were born in is filled with laughter from floor to garret. In every room old echoes forever linger of old laughter we loved. To be sure, there is no home but there are sorrows which may sanctify it; but it is not for the tears we have shed within the threshold that we adore it. God knows we have sufferings and grief enough in the broad and garish light of the world, that home should not be endeared to us by afflictions and woes. No, it is for its joys and pleasures, not its sighs and sadness—its sunshine, not its gloom—its laughter, not its sorrow, that we love it. Out upon your "Serious Families"—your grave parents in the family circle! They

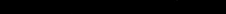
freeze rapture in the fountain. Their children are not children. They are old as soon as out of the cradle; and when they finally become men and women, they are mere entities. Whenever wit commands us, wherever joy provokes us, whenever ridicule demands, wherever pleasure invites us; and whenever and wherever we may spread the sway and dominion of laughter, without irreverence, without injury to the good, and without giving needless umbrage to our fellows, then and there should we laugh, and laugh heartily, as if it were not the labor we delight in, but the faculty which rules over us.

Origin of Phrases.

"He's cut a Dido." It is told in history that Dido, a queen of Tyre, about eight hundred and seventy years before Christ, fled from that place on the murder of her husband, and with a colony settled on the north coast of Africa, where she built Carthage. Being in want of land, she bargained with the natives for as much land as she could surround with a bull's hide. Having made the agreement, she cut a bull's hide into thin strings, and tying them together, claimed as much land as she could surround with the long line she had thus made. The natives allowed the cunning Queen to have her way, but when anybody played off a sharp trick they said he had "cut a Dido;" and the phrase has come to our day.

"He's caught a Tartar." In some battle between the Russians and Tartars, who are a wild sort of people in the North of Asia, a private soldier called out, "Captain, hold on there, I've caught a Tartar!" "Fetch him along then," said the captain. "Aye, but he won't let me!" said the man; and the fact was that the Tartar had caught him. So, when a man thinks to take another in, and gets bit himself, they say, "He's caught a Tartar."

"Carrying the war into Africa." In one of the famous wars between Carthage and Rome, about two thousand five hundred years ago, Hannibal, the Carthaginian leader, and one of the most wonderful men of antiquity, led his army into Italy, and for several years continued to threaten the city, and lay waste the surrounding country. Scipio, a Roman General, saw the necessity of getting rid of Hannibal and his forces. So he determined to lead an army into Africa, and threaten Carthage; and thus make it necessary for Hannibal to return home for its defence. This scheme had the desired effect; and all the time this retaliating upon an enemy, by adopting his own tactics, is called "carrying the war into Africa."



Old Colony

AND
Fall River Railroad.



**DEPOT CORNER OF SOUTH A
KNEELAND STREETS.**

*On and after Monday, Jan. 1st, 1855, Trains
leave Boston for Quincy and Way Station*
7.30, 8.30, A. M., 2.00, 2.30, 4.45, 5.
9.15, P. M.

** On Tuesdays 11.15, Saturdays at 10 P. M.*

For Boston and Way Stations,
6.59, 7.42, 8.19, 10.26, A. M., 1.51, 4.
5.35, P. M.

(*) Passengers are not allowed to carry baggage above \$50 in value, and that personal, and notice to receive, and an extra amount paid at the rate of the weight of a ticket, for each article.

GEO. HAYEN, Superintendent
 Boston, Dec. 30th, 1854.

Express to Boston.

THE Subscriber will commence running
 Express Wagon, on Monday, Jan. 3th
 and from Boston, for the transportation of
 Merchandise, Packages, etc., and respectfully
 state its share of public patronage, for which
 he is desirous to give strict attention to orders
 carefully in conveying all articles entrusted
 to his care.

Orders may be left at the Union Store, W.
 Wyman Abernethy's; Hancock House, C.
 & L. Curtis' Store. In Boston, orders
 be left at 34 Elm Street.

Hours of departure will be 9 o'clock A.
 M. from Quincy, and 5 o'clock P. M. from Boston.
 GEORGE D. FOLETT
 Quincy, Jan. 6.

FOR SALE,

ONE half acre of Land only half a mile

to walk from the depot, churches, stores, business, &c. &c. Inquire of the Editor of the Quincy, Feb. 3.

Real Estate for Sale.

ABOUT three-fourths of an acre of land with the buildings thereon, being a Bake-house, Grocery Shop and a Stable, situated on Locust Street. The whole or part will be sold on purchases.

Apply a lot of land with two Hungers.

2nd lot on Canal Street.
 Also—A site of Land on Faxon's Plain,
 called.) Apply to
 Quincy, July 22. J. & H. H. FAXON
 if

To Let,
 THE Building now occupied by Bailey &
 Sons a Sash and Blind Manufactory, and was
 built expressly for that business. Possession
 given on the 1st of December next. Apply to
 Quincy, Sept. 23. HENRY WOOD
 if

To Let,
 THE large and convenient Stable, formerly
 occupied by Simon Gillett and lately by
 Ben Bowitch.
 Application may be made to Mr. BOWDITCH
 or to

To Let,
IN COHASSET.
FINE Store, Dwelling House and Stable recently built, and very convenient—the Dwelling connected with large Chamber suitable for a large Retail Trade, and Six Clothing Manufactory, or Furniture Warehouse, an excellent stand for business, near the Depot on the road from thence to Scituate and M. field. Terms moderate.
For further particulars inquire of JOHN

LOTHROP, or **D. T. LOTHROP**, near the E.
1892, if Oct.

Particular Notice.

JENNIE Subscriber will close his business
on the 15th of March ensuing, disposing of
remains after that time at public auction,
therefore give this notice to all indebted to
immediate payment, and request all who
claims to present them.

MEATS, PROVISIONS, etc., will be kept
at the above time, and sold at the lowest price
for cash. FRANCIS MARDE
Quincy, Dec. 30, if

Selling Off
—AT A—
Great Discount

Great Discount
FROM FORMER PRICES. ALL KINDS
DRY GOODS
Please call and examine.

I. W. MUNRO
Quincy, Jan. 6. tf

Eastern Brick.
JUST landed and for sale, a cargo of
TERN BRICK, by
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Quincy, August 12. Brackets' Win
tf

Francis Marden
WOULD inform the public that he has
by fitted up the shop lately occupied by
SAMUEL COPELAND, and is ready to furnish
with Men's of the very best quality.
Quincy, April 2. tf

Painted Carpeting.
4-4, 6-4, 8-1—of the best quality
for sale by **I. W. MUNRO**
Quincy, May 13. tf

Almanacs for 1855.
OLD FARMER'S ALMANAC, by Robert Thomas.
 Brown's Almanac, Pocket Memorandum and
 account Book; Family Christian Almanac
 many others—sold at the
QUINCY BOOKSTO.
 Quincy, Oct. 21. if

Pills and Bitters—Sick Head
D. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm
 SOULE'S

Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE
REMEDY. For sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN
Quincy, Jan. 28.

Poetry.

"Boroboola-Gha."

A stranger preached last Sunday,
And crowds of people came,
To hear a two hour sermon
With a barbarous sounding name;
'Twas all about some heathens
Thousands of miles afar,
Who lived in a land of darkness
Called "Boroboola-Gha."

So well their wants he pictured,
That when the plate were passed,
Each listener felt his pockets,
And goodly sums were cast;
For all must lend a shoulder
To push the rolling car
That carried food and comfort
To "Boroboola-Gha."

That night their wants and sorrows
Lay heavy on my soul,
And deep in meditation
I took my morning stroll,
Till something caught my mantle
With eager grasp and wild,
And looking down with wonder,
I saw a little child.

A pale and puny creature,
In rags and dirt forlorn;
What could she want, I questioned,
Impatient to be gone;
With trembling voice she answered,
"We live just down the street,
And mammy she's a dying,
And we've nothin' left to eat."

Down in a wretched basement,
With mould upon the walls,
Through whose half-buried windows
God's sunshine never falls;
Where Cold, and Want, and Hunger,
Crouched near her as she lay,
I found a fellow creature
Gasping her life away.

A chair, a broken table,
A bed of dirty straw,
A hearth all dark and cheerless—
But these I scarcely saw,
For the mournful sight before me,
The sad and sickening show—
O! had I ever pictured
A sight so full of woe!

The famished and the naked,
The babes that pine for bread,
The squalid crowd that huddled
Around the dying bed;
All this distress and sorrow
Should be in lands afar;
Was I suddenly transported
To "Boroboola-Gha!"

Ah, no! the poor and wretched
Were close behind the door,
And I had passed them heedless
A thousand times before,
Alas! for the cold and hungry
That met me every day,
While all my tears were given
To the suffering far away.

There's work enough for Christians
In distant lands we know;
Our Lord commands his servants
Through all the world to go,
Not only for the heathen;
This was his charge to them—
"Go, preach the word, beginning
First at Jerusalem."

O! Christian, God has promised
Whoe'er to these has given
A cup of pure cold water,
Shall find reward in Heaven,
Would you secure the blessing,
You need not seek it far;
Go find in yonder hovel
A "Boroboola-Gha."

Oswego, Dec. 5, 1851.

Anecdotes.

A Welsh clergyman applied to his diocesan for a living. The bishop pressed him one; but, as he was taking leave, he expressed a hope that his lordship would not send him into the interior of the kingdom as his wife could not speak Welsh.

"Your wife, sir," said the bishop; what has your wife to do with it, she does not preach, does she?"

"No, my lord," said the parson, "but she lectures."

A city clerk visited the Shakers at Lebanon, some time since, and as he was wandering through the village, encountered a stout hearty specimen of the sect, and thus accosted him:

"Well, Broadbrim, are you much of a Shaker?"

"Nay," said the other, "not overmuch, but I can do a little that way."

"I should like to see how you perform."

"I can accommodate thee, friend," said the other, quite cool, and seized the astonished customer by the collar, and nearly shook him out of his boots.

A once happy couple sat down to dinner, and a well-cooked cat's head was laid on the table. The lady, who was carving, asked her husband if he wanted any of the brains, as she thought he needed some.

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Administrator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " " 1.50
" " " 3 " " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " " 1 " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " " half " 7.00
" " " 3 months " 4.00

To be changed at the option of the Advertiser, not often, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDETH, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES THURMAN, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massachusetts Journal.
To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.

Per order,
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.
THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c., &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass, OF ANY QUALITY.
Also—
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful pattern.
8-1/2 Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Lids and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Pinned Irons, Blind Hinges and Fasteners, Patent Window Springs, Tarred Paper, Fence and Chain Balusters; Framing Pins, turned FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.
PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.
WINDOW FRAMES made to order.
8-1/2 Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.
JOHN O. FOYE.
Weymouth, Sept. 9. 3m

New Provision Store.
THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Tutman, as a

MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18. 4f

Coughs, Colds, etc.
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoorhound; Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balm of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expecterant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.
Quincy, Nov. 11. 4f

Paper Hangings.
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 4f

Salt Pork.
FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.
Quincy, Oct. 8. 4f

WHITE & FRENCH,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 5, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. 4f

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. 4f

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars.
H. B. KIRK, WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853. 4f

ALL KINDS OF Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS, BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS, AND EVERY VARIETY OF BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY PRINTING.
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. 4f

William E. Colburn's
Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20 South Market Street.
All orders promptly attended to. 4f
April 2, 1853. 14-11

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,
DEALER IN
By Goods, Crockery, Glass and Hardware,
together with a full assortment of choice W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 4f

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VERMONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. 4f

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it for their interest to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find a full assortment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. 4f

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.,
Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders, &c., for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail, &c., &c.
VERY'S Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25. 4f

Perfumery, Oil, etc.
CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Deodorants, &c., at
DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. 4f

Superior Articles for Cooking.
EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Barnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 23. 4f

FLANNELS.
BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White size, at 25 cents per box.
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap, at
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 4f

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite attention to this establishment, now opened near the South Quincy Depot—where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.
Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Conductors of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

—ALSO—
GRANITE WORK,
—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, &c., &c., furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as the price, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. 4f

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, insure Real and Personal Property against the hazard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Householders, Traders, Merchants, and all Owners of Property not exposed to hazards, are solicited to patronize this Company; every effort will be made to accommodate customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons residing at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance, will be promptly attended to.
PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, William S. Morton, George Thompson, Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock, Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester, Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard, Albert Thompson, Cohasset, Whitcomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal, Stephen Bates, South Hingham, William B. Duggan, Alfred Loring, Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater, Royal W. Turner, Sumner A. Hayward, South Braintree, George Marston, Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:
HON. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
HON. JOSIAH QUINCY, JR., of Boston,
HON. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
HON. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
HON. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., of Quincy.

OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. 4f

COAL!
THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and customers, that he has just received a cargo of
Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,
a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his wharf.
Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention to satisfy his many friends and customers.
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT,
Quincy, June 3. 4f Brackett's Wharf.

Coal and Wood.
ADAMS & HERSEY,
GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)
HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal, and a large quantity of Wood—Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.
Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store or with Geo. W. Keaton, will receive early attention.
Quincy, Sept. 30. 4f

For the Teeth.
HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls, for Polishing Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth Paste; Bennett's Dentifrice; Dr. W.'s and Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Oriental Wash; Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and various other Washes and Powders. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, June 3. 4f

Stone's American Salve,
AN excellent article, in boxes twice the usual size, at 25 cents per box.
Perry's Hungarian Salve.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, July 29. 4f

Butter! Butter!!
30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap
Quincy, Oct. 29. 4f D. BAXTER & Co.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, &c. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles. For sale by
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. 4f

Cider Vinegar.
300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar, warranted of extra quality, for sale by
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, May 6. 4f

AYER'S PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity, but it is better that they should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Constiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrofula and Scirrhus, Colds with soreness of the body, Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousands cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity. For minute directions see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cure, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—
MRS. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28. 4f

Cure for Canker, etc.
DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREENVILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
Quincy, Feb. 11. 4f Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Fruits.
FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, &c., &c., Apply, &c., &c. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. 4f Goodnow's Building.

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and other Vermin, without poison.
Person's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINATOR, and various other articles for the same purpose. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30. 4f

For the Complexion.
TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, For the skin of a Thousand Flowers, Milk of Rose, Amianthus for Tan Stubborn &c., &c., For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7. 4f

Butter! Butter!!
30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY BUTTER, for sale cheap
Quincy, Oct. 29. 4f D. BAXTER & Co.

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains, rheumatism, &c. Put up in bottles of three sizes—small for trial bottles. For sale by
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. 4f

Cider Vinegar.
300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar, warranted of extra quality, for sale by
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, May 6. 4f

Apothecary Store.
MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mittens, Fresh Brushes, &c., &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.
She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States.
Washington st., near Stone Temple,
Quincy, Nov. 1. 45f

IMPORTANT TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.
GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST

"They can't keep House without it."
Experience of more than sixteen years has established the fact that Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil, or Universal Family Embrocation, will cure most cases, and relieve all suffering.

Sprains, Sweeney Ringbone, Windfalls, Pol. Evil, Callosities, Cracked Heels, Galls of all kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Fallow, Stiff, Sand Cracks, Strains, Lameness, Pounded Feet, Scratches or Greases, Mange, Rheumatism, Bites of Animals, External Poisons, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites, Bala Corns, Wounds, Burns and Scalds, Chills, Chapped Hands, Champs, Contractions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c., &c., &c.

The unparalleled success of this Oil, in the cure of diseases in Horses and Cattle, and even in human flesh, is daily becoming more known to the farming community. It can hardly be credited, except by those who have seen the bottle of keeping it in its original and unopened state, a vast amount of pain, suffering and time, are saved by the timely application of this Oil.

Get a Bottle of the Oil, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine. Sold by respectable dealers generally, in the United States and Canada. Also try

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Quincy.
Also by Wm. T. Rind, Dedham; Geo. W. Bird, Brookline; Zenas Snow, Randolph; D. M. Swift, Milton; Wholesale and retail by Wells & Potter, P. R. Slater & Co. and D. Taylor, Jr. & Co., Boston.
Quincy, Nov. 18. 4f

Toys and Fancy Articles.
BY calling at DR. MARDEN'S, corner of HANCOCK and GRANITE STREETS, you will find a splendid assortment of
TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
Such as Dolls, Horses, Lions, Elephants, Dogs, Cats, Rabbits, Monkeys, and Fowls of all descriptions.
Also—Wagons, Buggies, Chaises, Cabs, Sleighs—Villages, Military Companies, Dining Sets, Tea Sets, Nine Pins, Tops, Rattles, Whistles, Flageolets, Clarionets, Trumpets, Harmonicas, Conch Shells, Toy Guns, Boxes, Fancy Baskets, Kaleidoscopes, Bird Cages, Paint Boxes and Brushes, Transparent Slates, &c., &c., and at reduced prices, as a natural result of the Massachusetts Elections.

Quincy, Nov. 18. 4f
Over 100,000 Boxes Sold in Five Months.

DEVINE'S COMPOUND BITCH LOZENGES.
THE GREAT REMEDY IS AT LAST DISCOVERED! For Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma and Consumption. Certificates of cures may be found in the Circulars, and the world is challenged to produce such cures as are effected by faithfully using this cheap and pleasant luxury. Manufactured by S. D. FULLER & Co., No. 4 Wilson's lane, Boston.

P. R. SLATER & Co., General Wholesale and Retail Agents, No. 3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the country; also, by the Manufacturers, No. 4 Wilson lane, Boston, Mass.
Boston, Sept. 23. 6m

Soaps and Perfumes.
GUINCE'S Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette.
Guinco's Pearl Powder; Harrison's Magnolia Balm; Shand's Lily White; Swift's Orris and Chalk Balls; Chinese Meen Fung, a celebrated Toilette Powder; French's Bell Powder for infants; Puff Boxes; &c., &c. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, March 11. 4f

Dried Apples.
2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25. 4f

De Reges.
I. W. MUNROE has just received another yard—about half the value of them.
Please call and see them.

Tooth Ache!
THERE every person who meet, who is afflicted with the Tooth Ache, that he may find an article at DR. MARDEN'S which will effect an instantaneous and permanent cure without the cold steel or the least danger of injury from the application of the remedy.
Quincy, Dec. 2. 4f

DEVOT

VOLUME XIX.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Han-

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor

CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance, delayed until the end of the year, the Dollars will be required.
No subscription nor advertisement continued previous to the payment of ages, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements correctly and consigned at the customary prices, and will for until ordered out.
The privilege of annual advertisers their own immediate business.
Letters and communications, postage receive

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.

Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Grist, cracked Wheat, Sage, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.

Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and Shells, patent Nursing Shields, Tanners, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-chair Mittens, Flesh Brushes, &c., &c.

Fresh European Leeches always on hand.

Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States.

Washington, at rear of Stone Temple, Quincy, Nov. 3. 45f

IMPORTANT

Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S

CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL

UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE

As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

GOOD FOR MAN & BEAST.

It is a most valuable remedy for all kinds of throat and lung diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of whooping cough, croup, and all other inflammatory affections of the respiratory organs.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of skin diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of eczema, psoriasis, and all other inflammatory affections of the skin.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of eye diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of conjunctivitis, keratitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the eye.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of ear diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of otitis media, otitis externa, and all other inflammatory affections of the ear.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of nose diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of rhinitis, sinusitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the nose.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of mouth diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of stomatitis, gingivitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the mouth.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of throat diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of pharyngitis, tonsillitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the throat.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of lung diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of bronchitis, pneumonia, and all other inflammatory affections of the lung.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of chest diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of pleuritis, emphysema, and all other inflammatory affections of the chest.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of stomach diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of gastritis, duodenitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the stomach.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of intestinal diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of enteritis, colitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the intestine.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of liver diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of hepatitis, cholecystitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the liver.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of gall bladder diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of cholecystitis, cholelithiasis, and all other inflammatory affections of the gall bladder.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of pancreas diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of pancreatitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the pancreas.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of spleen diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of splenitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the spleen.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of kidney diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of nephritis, and all other inflammatory affections of the kidney.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of bladder diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of cystitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the bladder.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of ureter diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of ureteritis, and all other inflammatory affections of the ureter.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of prostate diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of prostatitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the prostate.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of testis diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of orchitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the testis.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of epididymis diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of epididymitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the epididymis.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of vas deferens diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of vas deferensitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the vas deferens.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of penis diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of balanitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the penis.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of scrotum diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of scrotitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the scrotum.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of perineum diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of perineitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the perineum.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of rectum diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of rectitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the rectum.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of sigmoid colon diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of sigmoiditis, and all other inflammatory affections of the sigmoid colon.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of descending colon diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of descending colitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the descending colon.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of transverse colon diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of transverse colitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the transverse colon.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of ascending colon diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of ascending colitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the ascending colon.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of cecum diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of cecitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the cecum.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of appendix diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of appendicitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the appendix.

It is also a most valuable remedy for all kinds of small intestine diseases, and is especially recommended for the treatment of small intestineitis, and all other inflammatory affections of the small intestine.

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OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street.

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.

Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.

Railway Village,	JOSIAH BABCOCK.
West District,	GEORGE H. LOCKE.
Milton,	CHARLES BRECK.
Dorchester,	JOHN F. BACON.
Weymouth,	F. A. KINGSBURY.
Alington,	JOSEPH CLEVELY.
South Scituate,	SAMUEL A. TURNER.
New York City,	FREEMAN HUNT.
Brooklyn, (N. Y.)	GERSHOM DREW.

Miscellaneous.

The Perils of Housekeeping.

Miss Charlotte Jones was the daughter of a worthy and enterprising carpenter, who, settling in a thriving village, became, in due time, a builder, a contractor, and a fore-hand man. His wife was as industrious as himself, and more ambitious; and among other blessings, they had one fair daughter, Miss Charlotte, who was as pretty, as charming, indeed, as was necessary to make the smartest and cleverest young man in the place fall in love with her—which he did.

Certainly he did. He was a medical student, in the doctor's office right opposite. As he sat there studying anatomy or making bills, he could see Miss Charlotte in the parlor or the garden. He could hear her play on the piano-forte, and sing; could see her doing all sorts of wonderful worsted and crocheted work; and he came to think that parlor one of the most delightful places in the world.

Well—it was a love affair, all mutual and pleasant; calls and moonshine, music, billets, blushes, bouquets, long Sunday evenings, and finally "Ask Pat!"—and then a wedding—about of course the diploma came first, and the petting of the successful carpenter, became Mrs. Dr. Simmons.

And Dr. Simmons, who had received the honors of a medical college rather young; and who thought it needful to raise all the whiskers he could by industrious shaving, and a course of Macassar, and to mount a pair of spectacles beside, to make him look old enough, had decided to commence business in a small but growing village, in a neighboring county; where, as it happened, Mr. Jones owned a neat cottage, of which, with its acre garden lot, he made his daughter a marriage present; and there, on the termination of the wedding tour, they took up their residence. The good Mrs. Jones had put every thing "to rights." It was in the most exquisite "apple pie order," and no young couple just beginning housekeeping, was ever any better fixed.

Mrs. Jones, good soul, had always done her own work. Help was a dreadful bother. Charlotte had been carefully educated. She could do everything—that is, everything that is ever taught to young ladies. She knew all sciences and nearly all languages; that is, a little. She could do all kinds of fancy work. Her worsted cats and wax flowers were wonderful; so were her water color drawings, and her mono-chromatic sketches were "high art." Everybody said so.

But, somehow, Mrs. Jones, from a habit of doing everything herself, had not given Miss Charlotte a fair chance in kitchen and laundry and in other housekeeping accomplishments; while Charlotte had a vague idea that all those common things were perfectly easy, and as they were not taught at school, she concluded that they came by nature. So she commenced her housekeeping in a dream of blissful anticipations. They took possession of their fine little house one summer's evening. Mrs. Jones saw them all properly fixed, and had gone home.

They wakened with the early birds. Dr. Simmons dreamed that somebody was thundering on the door, to knock him up to see a patient. It was his horse pawing to be fed. "Well, Lotty dear," said the grave doctor, who was in his twenty-third year, to his wife of seventeen; "shall we make a beginning now, rise early, and attend to business?"

"Oh, by all means. I'll jump up and get breakfast."

"And I'll feed Pomp, and weed the garden."

So the Doctor watered and fed his horse,

and hoed his potatoes a little, and then took a peep into the neat little kitchen to see how the "Darling Lotty" was getting on with breakfast. Her face was very red, and her hands very black; her hair was powdered with ashes. It was plain that she had trouble; but she spoke pleasantly for all that, when she said—

"Do go away, Charles, that's a dear, till you hear the bell ring. Breakfast will soon be ready."

Well, he waited. He read, then he whistled, then he figured, then he wound up the clock, then he looked at his new case of instruments, and wondered how soon he should cut off his first leg; then he got very hungry, and at last the bell did ring, and he went to breakfast.

The Darling Lotty was looking a little better, but still rather anxious.

"Have you had a hard time, darling?" inquired the Doctor, cautiously.

"Oh, not very. The fire did not kindle well at first, and the stove smoked."

"Did you open the damper?"

"Dampier! why no. Has it got a damper? Well, I'll remember next time. Now have some coffee."

The Doctor took his cup, stirred it about, looked rather hard at it; and then at darling Lotty.

"Well, what is it? I'm sure I don't know what makes it full of those specks. I boiled, and boiled it."

"Yet it don't seem to be settled. Did you put in any fish skin?"

"No, I forgot."

"No matter. It will do very well. Now darling Lotty, I'll take an egg. Why! It's as hard as a brickbat."

"Hard! Now how can they be hard, when they were boiling all the time I was making the coffee and the toast?"

"Ah toast! let us try that. A little burnt, but very good; there, don't cry, darling; it'll be all right next time."

After showers came sunshine, and this one cleared off. The Doctor laid aside his dignity and helped wash the dishes; and then put his horse in the sulky, took the new saddle bags and drove off furiously, to see some imaginary patients, till dinner time, while darling Lotty blocked out a worsted parrot, that bid fair to be the wonder of her next winter's parties. But this, like all pleasures, came to an end, for there was dinner to get, and that dinner was to make up for the breakfast. The Doctor liked a nice dish of boiled victuals—so she made a fire, and peeled the potatoes, beets, carrots, turnips, parsnips, and put them, with a nice spare-rib of fresh pork into the kettle, and set them to boiling. There was a rousing fire; the water boiled furiously, and she went up stairs to put a few stitches into the parrot. Pretty soon she became conscious of an unpleasant odor; she sniffed and wondered, and then put in the eye of the parrot. But the unpleasant odor became stronger, and at last she thought proper to go in the direction it seemed to come from; and that happened to be in the kitchen. The stove was red hot; so was the kettle of boiled victuals; and a nice smother was rising from it. The Darling Lotty dashed a dipper of water into the kettle—bang!—and such a cloud of steam! The kettle was cracked, but the Doctor had just come home hungry, the table was set and the dinner was soon dished.

The Darling Lotty took her place at the head of the table. She was flushed and nervous, and ready for a fit of hysterics; but the Doctor was so cheerful, and tender, that she began to feel quite happy. But the poor dinner. It did not smell exactly right; it seemed to have caught on the bottom of the kettle, the Doctor said; then the potatoes were boiled into a pulp, while the beets and turnips were quite hard. The fresh pork rather wanted salting.

"Charles, dear!" said Lotty very sadly.

"Well, Lotty, darling, what is it?"

"I'm afraid the dinner is not very nice."

"Well, it is a little scorched; and not exactly managed all regular and all that sort of thing, you know; but what signifies? We'll try the dessert."

"Oh."

"Well, darling, what's the trouble?"

Lotty ran into the kitchen, and there was her poor, forgotten plum pudding in the stove oven just burnt to a cinder. It was black as coal—a fine carbonaceous specimen, as the Doctor learnedly remarked, as he finished, or rather made his dinner, on some bread and butter.

The darling Lotty mourned over her disasters, but took comfort in the brilliant plumage of her parrot, which Dr. Simmons could not sufficiently admire. She was also comforted with the thought that the next meal was tea, which she felt sure she could accomplish. And when the hour drew nigh she made up a fire; and by this time she had learned how to manage that. Then she took some flour and milk and butter, with plenty

of saleratus, to make them light, and mixed up some nice biscuits and put them in the oven, and then she made tea; and when all was ready, she rang the bell with great emphasis. And, truth to say, the table was very nicely arranged, and the tea service of gold and china was beautiful.

Dr. Simmons smacked his lips with great gusto. He took a cake, and tried to break it, but it did not seem to break readily. Then he tried his knife. It cut like cheese; also, it was very yellow, and smelt and tasted rather strongly, the Doctor said, of free alkali. So it did, in fact, for there had been no acid to neutralize the saleratus, and set free its carbonic acid, and of course nothing to make the cake rise. The Doctor explained it all very learnedly; and then, as he felt thirsty, took a sip of tea, of which he was very fond. But he made a wry face.

Lotty was in consternation. "Is not the tea right? It must be! I put in a great deal and boiled it ever so long. I'm sure it hasn't got the strength it soon will have."

"My darling Lotty, tea is a delicate and odoriferous plant, and should be prepared as an infusion, and not as a decoction. Bring me a little tea, darling, and some hot water, and I will soon make a good cup of tea; and he did.

The poor darling Lotty. It took all the endearments of a tender husband in the honeymoon, to keep her from downright despair. But the day's lesson had not been lost, and she had determined to have such a nice breakfast as should make up for all.

Morning came; and our young Doctor gallantly offered to assist in getting the morning repast; but no; Lotty was determined to do her own work. She mixed her cakes according to the learned suggestions of the evening previous. The coffee was clear—greatest comfort of all. She rang the bell, and sat down in triumph.

The Doctor broke a biscuit; it was capital. The egg was just right. Then he tasted the coffee, and it came out of his mouth as soon as it was in. And such a face! Doctors are not squeamish; young Doctors particularly. They know what bad tastes and bad smells are; but this—

"Why, Charles?" cried the darling Lotty, "what is the matter with the coffee?"

"That is what I would like to know. Lotty, darling, I know you do your best, and the biscuits and eggs are beautiful; but what did you put in the coffee?"

"Why, Charles, you said it must have some fish skin to settle it; and the only fish in the house is some herrings, so I skinned two of them, and put the skin in the coffee!" and poor Lotty burst into a paroxysm of tears.

But there came sunshine soon, that made it all pleasant weather. Lotty had invited an old school friend to visit her. She came soon after breakfast, and, as it happened, her housekeeping education had not been neglected. She absolutely knew everything. Mrs. Hale, Miss Leslie, even Mrs. Glass or Mrs. Ruddle could not excel her. She was a walking cook book, and a lively little treatise on domestic economy.

Never was a visitor more welcome, and now the darling Lotty learnt every possible thing—to wash and mend, and bake, and cook everything; and became the nicest little housekeeper extant, while the Doctor, by aid of his venerable appearance, and rapid driving in the sulky, rode into an extensive practice, and was never tired of boasting of the excellent cooking of his Darling Lotty.

"I Can't" and "I Can."

We pity the man who has continually upon his lips—"I Can't." If he is asked to do this—"I Can't." If he is requested to go there—"I Can't." If he is solicited to aid a new enterprise—"I Can't." Is he appealed to for charity—"I Can't." Is he reminded of a bad habit, and advised to reform—"I Can't." And so he goes through the world with his "I Can't's," a drone in society, doing nothing for himself or any one else, more knowing, do-nothing piece of human flesh, without back-bone, or heart, or soul, or blood, preventing the progress of humanity as the ice mountains block up the polls from the intrepid discoverer.

"I CAN'T" has done more mischief in the world than the biggest rogue that ever went unwhipped. It has made paupers and filled almshouses; it has created cowards, and drunkards, and vagabonds; it has made children go barefoot in winter time, and destitute broken-hearted wives in the midst of God's choicest blessings; it has hung upon the young like a millstone, and palsied the arms of the middle aged and gray-headed. It is the handmaid of ignorance and the forerunner of crime. Let it have its way and the world would become desolate; no seed would be sown, no harvest gathered. Instead of the rose would spring up the thistle; the rude hawk would take the place of the luxurious mansion. No schoolhouse would stand by the road side; no church bell ring in the village; no temple be raised to worship God

in, and no race fit to worship if there were one.

And we no less admire the man who feels that he can do something, declares it, and does it. With the words "I can" upon his lips, he helps himself and helps others. By his efforts the crooked paths are made straight—the rough places smooth. The confidence and energy with which he enters into any good work is the surest guarantee of its success. Poverty is relieved, crime diminished, and the vicious reformed. Men do his bidding, and the elements are subjected to his will.

And what if he fails? Not every one who says "I can," will succeed. Some will fail, perhaps. And what if they do? It is better to try and not succeed, than to make no effort. Besides, there is no such thing as fail to him who honestly and earnestly strives to improve the condition of himself and others. He may not be successful in business. The curious machine upon which he has spent years of sleepless nights, may not be perfect by himself; but others follow in the light which emanated from him, and profiting by his example, will take up the work and complete it, and the world shall reap its benefits.

"I CAN" gives life to humanity—power to man. It has raised the race from barbarism to civilization. It inspired Columbus, and has inspired all discoverers in science and art. Poets, philosophers, statesmen, sages, heroes have achieved their victories under its influence. It has levelled for estrand filled barns; built villages, cities, school houses, colleges, churches,—roads and railways—tunnelled the earth, bridged the ocean, and brought lightning from the clouds. And it has done, and is doing, all that is worth being done, and can be done, to make man in reality but a little lower than the angels, to raise him to that height of physical and moral greatness for which his Creator ordained him.

Away then, with your "I can't's," and make way for your "I can's," for "I can's" will have their way any how. They may be overpowered, but not conquered,—rising stronger even from defeat, they will yet be victorious.—Lynn Bay State.

Memento Rings.

Heroes, philosophers, poets—indeed men of all classes leave remembrances in the shape of rings

feeds the world with delicacies, and obeys their king, and exercises many virtues, and promotes the interest of mankind, and is that state of good things to which God hath designed the present constitution of the world.

—Jeremy Taylor.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, March 10th, 1855.

"BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE."

Annual March Meeting.

At the annual Town Meeting held March 5th, 1855, the following business was transacted, viz:—George Marsh, Moderator.

Town Clerk.

George L. Gill, (American, elected) 377
George Savil, (Citizen's) 53
I. Munroe, 11; I. W. Munroe, 2; Horace B. Spear, 1.

Town Treasurer and Collector of Taxes.

Stephen Morse, Jr., (American, elected) 358
I. W. Munroe, (Citizen's) 81
Henry Burr, 1

Selectmen and Assessors.

Jacob F. Eaton, (Am. and Cit's, elected) 437
Bryant B. Newcomb, (Am. elected) 378
George Marsh, (American, elected) 342
Daniel Baxter, (Citizen's) 84
Lewis Bass, (Citizen's) 71
Wm. S. Morton, D. Baxter, Joseph W. Robertson and Ebenezer Adams, 2 each; N. Cummings, J. Clements and Job Sals 1 each.

General School Committee.

Rev. W. W. Dean, (Am. and Cit's, elect) 441
Edwin W. Marsh, (American, elected) 357
Wm. W. Baxter, " 366
Samuel Thomas, Jr., " 359
Elijah Baxter, " 360
Lorenzo Johnson, " 360
George L. Gill, " 360
Rev. Wm. P. Lunt, (Citizen's) 86
Wm. B. Duggan, " 86
Wm. S. Morton, " 84
Henry F. Smith, " 82
George White, " 77
Noah Cummings, " 74
Capt. John W. Shaw, 2; Adam Curtis, I.
W. Munroe, F. Smith, Geo. Marsh and Lewis Bass, 1 each.

Constables.

Seth Adams, (Am. and Cit's, elected) 458
George Crane, " 440
Washington M. French, " 438
Abel Wright, (American, elected) 370
Geo. H. Locke, (Citizen's) 72
E. S. Fellows, 2; John A. Green, James Newcomb, 3d, Nathl B. Prouty and William Derry, 1 each.

Overseers of the Poor and Work House. J. F. Eaton, George Marsh and Bryant B. Newcomb.

Surveyors of Highways. Jacob F. Eaton, Bryant B. Newcomb and George Marsh.

Fence Viewers. Ebenezer Adams, Urban Cudworth and Wm. W. Baxter.

Surveyors of Lumber. Richard Newcomb, Shadrach Wade, J. G. Brackett, Seth Adams, Washington M. French, Wm. Parker Jr., Warren J. Vinal and Charles C. Brackett.

Field Drivers. Urban Cudworth, Geo. W. Spear, Harvey French, Samuel S. Pickering, Geo. Spear, 3d, Charles Swift, John C. Underwood, Ebenezer B. Hersey, Seth Crane, Job Faxon and F. A. Lapham.

Pound Keeper. Bryant B. Newcomb.

Surveyors of Wood and Bark. To be appointed by the Selectmen.

Auditors of Accounts. George Savil, Wm. W. Baxter, Samuel Thomas, Jr., Lorenzo Johnson, Thaddeus Churchill, James Bradford and John B. Bass.

Voted. That the accounts of the Town be made up and audited to the first day of February, 1856, and that the Auditors be instructed to print their Report in pamphlet form and distribute one to every family in Town, previous to the annual March meeting.

Voted. That the Assessors make an economical contract with the Collector of Taxes as possible.

Voted. To accept the Report of the Auditors of Accounts.

Voted. That the thanks of the Town be presented to the Chairmen of the Board of Auditors for services for several years past.

Voted. That the Repairs of Highways be referred to the Surveyors of Highways.

Voted. That the Town's Land be annexed to the Almshouse establishment, and improved under the direction of the Overseers of the Poor; and that the income of the Coddingdon donation, viz: 75 dollars, be appropriated towards the support of Schools.

Voted. To pay the Town Clerk 35 dollars and Treasurer 40 dollars for services the past year.

Voted. That the Town do authorize the School Districts to choose Prudential Committees, and that they be authorized to select and contract with Teachers.

Voted. To pay Members of Engine Companies, two dollars each, and Stewards thirty dollars each, for services the past year.

Voted. To grant the use of the Town Hall and Lyceum Room for Temperance purposes, free from all expense, when not previously engaged.

Voted. That the Town favor that our Representatives in the Legislature be in-

structed to forward the several petitions for annexation from Braintree Neck and Dorchester; also, the Ferry Company at Quincy Point; and also informally the petition of Tilden and others in reference to Weymouth and Braintree Turnpike.

Voted. To build a new School House in the South and also in the Centre Districts, at an expense not exceeding 7000 dollars each.

Voted. To choose a Building Committee of five who were instructed to have full powers as to the adoption of plans for said School Houses. Chose Bryant B. Newcomb, Wymman Abercrombie, Adam Curtis, Ensign S. Fellows and Israel W. Munroe.

Voted. That the Selectmen be instructed to build a new house for the Niagara Engine Company, large enough to accommodate said company.

Voted. That the Selectmen be authorized to sell the Engine House now occupied by Niagara Engine Company, when the new one is completed.

Voted. That the use of the Hown Hall and front room in the Town House be granted for the use of Company A, Second Regiment, Republican Liberty Guard.

Voted. To choose a Committee of three to move the Adams Library to some suitable place whenever the room in which it is now kept shall be wanted by the said Military Company. Chose Jacob F. Eaton, B. B. Newcomb and George Marsh.

Voted. That said Company be released from the debt they now owe the Town for the use of the Town Hall.

Voted. Not to transcribe the old Braintree Records.

Voted. That the Selectmen purchase a safe for the preservation of the Town Books and papers.

Voted. To indefinitely postpone the subject of building a new School House, in the West District.

Voted. To choose a Committee to consider what disposition should be made with the old West District School House, and report at some future meeting. Chose Wm. B. Duggan, J. W. Robertson and Geo. H. Locke.

Voted. To accept the Report and adopt the Resolves of the New Cemetery Committee, Dr. Wm. S. Pattee, Chairman, in relation to the laying out, enclosing and establishing the New Cemetery.

Voted. To raise 24,000 dollars for the following purposes, viz:

For Support of Poor and Repairs on Highways 2400 00

Engine Expenses 1000 00

Repairs on Town Buildings 500 00

Interest on Town Debt 877 00

Discount, Collecting and abatements on Taxes 1000 00

Pay of Town Officers 680 00

Finishing upper story of North District School House 350 00

Completing Squantum Street in South District 750 00

Miscellaneous Expenses 1088 00

Support of Schools 7550 00

Enclosing and other Expenses of New Cemetery 3600 00

New School House in South District. 1000 00

" " Centre " 1000 00

" Engine " Niagara E. Co. 1000 00

Payment in part of Town Debt 1000 00

Pay of Chief Engineer 15 00

4 Assistant Engineers, 10 each 40 00

Voted. That the sum of 24,000 dollars be assessed upon the Polls and Estates, according to law.

Voted. That a discount of four per cent be allowed to all persons who pay their taxes on or before the first day of September next, and that the Collector be required to pay in all the money which he collects previous to that time, and the balance on or before the first day of January next—that all Taxes must be collected on or before the first day of January next, and that the Collector be required to pay interest on all money not collected and paid in by the first day of February next.

Voted. That all Poll Taxes be paid in fourteen days after demand.

Voted. That the Town Treasurer be authorized to borrow, from time to time, such sums of money as may be necessary to meet the demands against the town, under the direction of the Selectmen, to any amount not exceeding 20,000 dollars.

Voted. That the money to be raised for Schools be apportioned among the Districts by the Board of General School Committee.

Voted. That the Selectmen, School Committee and all Committees who require money to carry out any duty entrusted to them, be instructed to report to the Town at the next Annual March Meeting, what sums of money should be raised for the ensuing year, and how it should be appropriated.

Voted. That Wm. S. Pattee, Wm. S. Morton, Geo. H. Locke, Ensign S. Fellows, Eldad Worcester, Joseph G. Brackett, Lewis Bass, Wm. Ellison and Horatio N. Glover be a standing Committee on the New Cemetery

Weymouth Statistics.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE QUINCY PATRIOT.—
Town Clerk's Office,
Weymouth, Feb. 24, 1855.

Enclosed you will find a brief abstract of the registration of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, in the town of Weymouth, for the year ending December 31st, 1854.

Yours Respectfully,
ORAN WHITE, Town Clerk.

Number of Marriages Registered 50
Of which born in the United States, (both parties,) 42
One party, 6
Of foreign birth, one party 2
Both parties, 6

Number of Births, 225
Females 116, Males 109,
Of parents born in the United States, 151
Of both parents of foreign birth, 62
One parent, 10
Duplicate births, 2

Number of Deaths, 96
Males 48, Females 48,
Born in the United States, 92
Of foreign birth, 4

Arranged by months.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
12	23	22	14	17	20	22	28	17	21	17	22	255
6	12	7	2	3	4	3	5	6	1	5	6	59
6	7	11	11	5	8	9	13	9	6	8	9	96

MILTON TOWN OFFICERS. At the annual election in Milton, on Monday last, the following gentlemen were elected town officers for the ensuing year, viz:

Selectmen and Overseers of Poor, Samuel Babcock, Jesse Vose and John Gould.

Assessors and Surveyors of Highways.—Samuel Babcock, Jesse Vose, John Gould, Josiah Webb and Jason Reed.

Town Clerk. Jason Reed.

Town Treasurer. Charles Breck.

School Committee. J. H. Morrison, A. K. Teele, Josiah Webb, John Tucker, John Sals, John Gould and Amos Poole.

Constables. John D. Bradley, George W. Tarbox and Samuel Everett.

For the Patriot.

Lyceum.

"I have seen cedars fall,
And in their room a mushroom grow,
I have seen comets threatening all,
Vanish themselves."

The last spasm has been given! The last groan has been uttered, and the Quincy Lyceum, after having dragged out a miserable existence, lives only in the annals of history.

The last gun has been fired, and our worthy President retires from his arduous duties with all the laurels of a scanty vote of thanks hanging in rich profusion around his head.

"*Sic transit gloria.*"

The proceedings at the last meeting of this Association, were truly affecting. At an early hour the Hall was quite full. Old and young, simple and gentle, seemed to appreciate the fact that, that was the last meeting which they should have the pleasure of beholding our President in his official capacity, or be delighted with that deep and stirring pathos which was wont to charm and melt calculated the half hour preceding the time for commencing the meeting passed wearily by. At last the door opened, and with dignified step, which would have done honor to a Roman senator, our worthy President took his accustomed seat. After the tremendous applause with which he was received had subsided, he arose and with modest mien addressed the audience already spell-bound, and gaping to catch the first words of his sublime eloquence. After informing the audience that that would finish the course of lectures for the season, and consequently would be the last time he should have the honor to appear before them in his official capacity, and in fact at all, as he was about to move out of town, he thought it not inappropriate to the occasion to express his heartfelt thanks for the honor they had conferred on him, and the confidence they had placed in him.

While he was in the very act of complimenting the members of the Lyceum for the politeness he had received, a voice rudely interrupted the strain of eloquence into which I could imagine he was about to enter, with the exclamation, "Mr. President!" Everything appeared to have been arranged, for upon the instant, immersed from behind the desk a huge pair of whiskers and moustaches. The President gracefully recoiled and Mr. B—— took the stand. It required but a moment, and the customary vote of thanks were put, and there on the Secretary's book may doubtless be seen recorded the usual tribute (in such cases) to departed worth. Thus ended the preliminaries. Here the audience, as if by mutual consent sent forth a deep, long, sigh; what was its peculiar force at that time I could not well make out, but suppose they were grunting their approbation.

The Lecturer of the evening was next introduced by our President, Mr. Congdon. He commenced by invoking the aid of his peculiar Muse in a classical and pleasant manner. His little sarcasms on the age of steam, were marked with much humor and wit. His appeals to the age of classic poetry were well got up, and his whole composition showed a natural tact which is not commonly

found. One thing seemed to be wanting to render his lecture attractive, and that was, a more studied style of delivery; with this acquisition, he would succeed in compelling even "those of a most vinegar aspect, to show their teeth by way of smile," and furnish quite a pleasing entertainment.

Continued next week.

"*IGNOTUS.*"

For the Patriot.

Know-Nothingism Reviewed

Mr. Editor:—"Ciare," it seems, was surprised that his communication of the 16th should be noticed. Probably, like some ambitious schoolboy, who makes his first greatest effort in composition, and though thoroughly dissatisfied with it himself, puts it forth, trusting to the tender judgment of others, he was agreeably surprised that it was noticed at all.

"Ciare" in noticing my remarks, says he admires my wit,—*admiris but does not understand.* As to "making a mistake in his figures, I would say that I took the real profits netted to the State. His ideal reckoning I will treat of at another time, confining my remarks for the present to his last communication.

"Ciare" has figured out very nicely the Almshouse account; let him also reckon up the Prison account. One other thing he has forgotten, the profits netted to the State by the violation of the Liquor Law. The transgressors in this town being mostly foreigners, he could (even after deducting Clerk's board at Dedham) make out a nice little item in their favor.

In regard to the first extract which he makes, I would state that I do not believe it is the design of the Know-Nothing party, or of J. M. Clayton himself, to deprive foreigners of the rights of conscience; so in this, I can perceive no particular favor granted by Washington to foreigners. Second extract: "The cause of America is the cause of liberty, and is the cause of every American citizen whatever may be his religion or descent, the United Colonies know no distinction, but such as slavery, corruption, and arbitrary dominion may create." I re-echo the same sentiments, and so will every true American—"as slavery, corruption, and arbitrary dominion may create." Was it not in opposition to these very things, that the American standard was first unfurled to the breeze? Are not these the very things that the American people are now battling against?

The third extract is of the same tenor as the first. Again I say, it is not of the creed of the American party to endanger the religious rights of any ecclesiastical society, or ought in it that tends to spiritual tyranny, or any kind of religious persecution. The fourth and fifth extracts contain the same sentiments in different language.

In regard to the sixth extract, I would state that it was in time of war, and the Canadians were thought to be sympathizers with the Colonies, and hostile to the Mother Country; whereas, now, is a time of peace, and it is not a foreign, but a domestic enemy, to be feared.

As regards fetching over Highlanders to this country, every American will agree with the sentiments of Washington,—*"as they are a hardy and industrious race, well calculated to form new settlements, and will in time become good citizens."* They are moreover an independent, liberty-loving people, honoring our system of education, and untrammelled by the fetters of superstition and priestcraft! And then "Ciare" should bear in mind that this was then a new country, with a very scant population, and that settlers were wanted faster than the natural increase would supply. "Ciare" certainly would not class a body of Scotch Highlanders with a ship's cargo of bog-trotters from the interior of Ireland.

That we should want to keep up with Europe in Mechanics, is a very natural admission, and that the result should be obtained by importing workmen from Europe, no Know-Nothing would, I am sure, make any objection. At that time the country was new, and agriculture was the main object of pursuit. Mechanic arts were neglected because of the slow returns received for money and labor laid out. When there was felt the want of this branch of business, it was but natural to turn to Europe for those inventions and workmen of which the country stood so much in need. No American will object at the present time, to the introduction of inventions from Europe if they are an improvement on our own; or of workmen if there are no Americans as capable. Europe does not disdain to copy our inventions, why should we theirs? I shall not follow "Ciare" farther in his argument; suffice it to say, that by nothing he has quoted, has the sentiments expressed by Washington materially differed from the American party; on the contrary, he has shown a striking coincidence between them.

CERVANTES.

CLAM CHOWDER.—Granite Saloon again. Mr. French, at the above celebrated quarter of delectable viands, is out again with a very tempting bill of fare,—Clam Chowder with the fixings, at noon and in the evening. Mr. F. appears as much interested in our temporal wants, as the fathers of the Church are for our spiritual comforts. Success we say to both professions.

A CARD.

The Officers and Members of Niagara Engine Company return their sincere thanks to the Proprietor of the Granite Saloon for the invitation to partake of his delicious Chowder on Monday evening last, and would recommend all lovers of that popular article to give him a call on Saturday of every week. Our thanks are also due to the gentleman who so kindly furnished us with instrumental music on that evening.

Also, to "Parker Family" for the beautiful songs discoursed at that time.

W. M. FRENCH, Foreman.
J. HALL, Jr., Clerk.
Quincy, March 10. 1w

Special Notices.

NEW UNION STORE. All those in favor of forming a new Union Store, to be situated in the center part of the Town, will please meet at the Lyceum Hall, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 14th, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Quincy, March 10. 1w

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Question for Discussion:—"Are Secret Societies in accordance with a Republican Government?"

The public are invited to attend and participate in the debate.

CHARLES L. VEAZIE, President.
BENJ. F. CURTIS, Secretary.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 6th inst., Mr. Zebadiah Williams, Jr., of Milton, aged 49 years.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE Subscriber being in feeble health, offers for sale his Estate situated on the corner of Hancock and Temple streets, in the town of Quincy, consisting of about one half acre of land with the buildings thereon.

The above affords a rare opportunity for the capitalist, merchant or mechanic to avail himself of a desirable location for any kind of business, it being in the centre of the town, and within one minute's walk of Old Colony Railroad Depot, and many public buildings, &c., &c., all of which has a tendency to increase its value. Terms reasonable. Apply on the premises to

DANIEL FRENCH.
Quincy, March 10. 1f

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR sale, the Homestead of the late Dr. THOMAS PHIPPS, situated on School street, near the centre of the flourishing town of Quincy, in the midst of Churches of every denomination, and surrounded with the best of Schools; within three minutes walk of the South Quincy Depot. The house is a large double frame building, containing fourteen rooms, with a large and convenient barn and outbuildings, the whole of which have been lately painted, and are now in good order. The lot contains about 2 1/2 acres of excellent land, with a front on School street of about 150 feet.

Also, two Superior Building Lots, in the vicinity of the above, situated on the new street, lately accepted by the town.

For terms and other particulars, enquire of Lewis Curtis, on the premises, Henry Southon on Quincy Point Road, or Isaac Adams, Esq., No. 20, Court street, Boston.

Quincy, March 10. 4w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

At the New Builder's Depot, Weymouth Landing. 1000 DOORS—all sizes. 1500 VINYL DOW SASHES, glazed and unglazed. 1200 WINDOW BLINDS, painted and unpainted.

Also, a large assortment of NEW HARDWARE, COPPER, WOOD, AND CHAIN PUMPS, Carpenter's Tools, EDDY'S PATENT BEE HIVES, &c. &c. &c. And a great variety of Building Materials, too numerous to mention. For less than Boston prices.

Weymouth, March 10. 6n

PROPOSALS.

WILL be received by either of the subscribers, on or before MONDAY, March 19, 12 o'clock, noon, for building a Fence about twenty-one hundred feet around the new Cemetery, in Quincy.

Specifications for said Fence will be ready for examination at the office of Dr. Wm. S. Pattee, on TUESDAY, the 13th inst.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, } Committee.
FENSON S. FELLOWS, }
Quincy, March 10. 2w

Norfolk Agricultural Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE NORFOLK AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held at the Phoenix House, in Dedham, on WEDNESDAY, March 28th, at 10 o'clock, for the choice of Officers, Trustees, Committee of Arrangements, and also for transacting any business which may regularly come before the Society.

The State Agricultural publications, pamphlets, list of premiums, and a variety of Foreign Seeds received from Washington, will be distributed gratis among the members who shall attend the meeting.

EDWARD L. KEYES, Sec'y.
Dedham, March 10. 3w

FOR SALE.

FIVE Shares in Quincy Loan Fund Association, held at QUINCY BOOKSTORE, Quincy, March 10.

NOTICE.

LAND WARRANTS secured for Soldiers and Seamen under the act of March, 1855, who were in actual service fourteen days, under State or United States officers, in the war of 1812, Florida war, or war with Mexico, and for their widows and children now minors, unless 160 acres are warranted and have already been obtained, and whose warrants, less than 160 acres, new ones can be procured sufficient to make up that amount, on application to the subscriber.

Wm. B. DUGGAN.
Quincy, March 10. 3w

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber has taken the building on Granite street, corner of Hancock, opposite Goodnow's building, for the purpose of transacting

The Painting Business.

His friends and the public are respectfully solicited to bestow upon him a share of patronage.

Quincy, March 10, 1855. J. B. BASS.

PROPOSALS.

WILL be received by either of the subscribers, on or before MONDAY, March 19, 12 o'clock, noon, for building a Wall in front of the New Cemetery, in Quincy.

Specifications for said Wall will be ready for examination, on Tuesday, the 13th inst., at the office of Dr. Wm. S. Pattee.

Wm. S. MORTON, } Committee.
GEORGE H. LOCKE, }
Quincy, March 10. 2w

Express to Boston.

THE subscriber having become proprietor of the Express heretofore run by Wm. E. Colburn between Quincy and Boston, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage, for which he will answer all orders with despatch and take pains to have all packages carefully conveyed.

Orders may be left at the stores of George H. Locke and H. P. Doble, in the West District, at the shop of James Edwards on Granite Street, and at the Tin Manufactory of Charles Holmes.

Orders in Boston may be left at Nos. 24 and 25 Brattle Square.

Leaves Boston at 2 1-2 o'clock P. M.
Quincy, March 10. JOHN B. DREW. 8w

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Proprietor of the following tract of land in the town of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, is notified that the same is taxed in the tax list committed to the subscriber, the Collector of taxes for said town of Quincy, for the year Eight Hundred and Fifty-four, as follows:—

Asa C. Ford; the dwelling house occupied by him, and barn near the same, situated in the north part of Quincy, near Neponset Bridge, with one fourth acre of land, be the same more or less, in a cross fence land owner unknown, thence northerly by said land about six rods to a lane leading to the aforesaid Turpike, thence easterly by said Lane about ten rods to line of said Turpike, thence southerly about six rods to point beginning. The amount of tax on said property is seven dollars and sixty-eight cents. And if no person shall appear to discharge said taxes on or before the thirty-first day of March, instant, at Two o'clock, P. M., I shall proceed to sell on the premises, by public Auction, so much of said tract of land as shall be sufficient to discharge said taxes, and all necessary intervening charges.

STEPHEN MORSE, Jr.,
Collector of Quincy.

Quincy, March 10, 1855.

N. B.

I hereby authorize Seth Adams Esq., to measure and prepare for me the

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
LINES TO —
BY JENNY, NEW YORK.

I would leave thee not dearest 'mid sorrow and
tears,
Oppressed and lone, a prey to sad fears,
Though friends tempt my footsteps, far from
thee to roam,
Believe me, my heart's sad, — sad, sad as thine
own.
Thine own will I be, though in seeming not near,
My spirit will linger the lone hours to cheer;
The past, thy fond voice, weave round my path-
way a spell,
While treasure'd lies thine image 'mid my heart's
silent cells.

The heart has its dreamings, through all changes
I find,
Wild secret yearnings, at times undefined;
That come like a sceptre the pages to unfold,
That we feign would dispel, still bought not with
gold.

I would leave thee not lonely, but as a bird
seeks her nest;
Soon, O soon, 'I'll return to repose on thy breast;
Though distant fondly love thee, — idol of my soul,
With passion too deep, for absence to control.

John Littlejohn.
BY CHARLES MACKAY.

John Littlejohn was staunch and strong,
Upright and downright, — scorning Wrong;
He gave good weight and paid his way,
He thought for himself, and he said his say;
Whenever a rascal strove to pass
Instead of silver — money or brass.
He took his hammer, and said, with a frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

John Littlejohn maintained the Right,
Through storm and shine, in the world's
despite;
When fools or quacks desired his vote,
"Dressed with arguments learnt by rote,
Or, by coaxing, threats or promise, tried,
To gain his support to the wrong side,
"Nay, nay!" said John, with an angry frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

When told that kings had "a right divine,"
And that the People were herds of swine —
That Nobles alone were fit to rule —
That the Poor were unworthy of school —
That senseless Toil was the proper fate
Of all but the wealthy and great,
John shook his head, and swore, with a frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

When told that events might justify
A false and crooked policy,
That a decent hope of future good
Might excuse departures from rectitude,
And a lie, if white, was a small offence,
To be forgiven by men of sense,
"Nay, nay!" said John, with a sigh and frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

When told from the Pulpit or the Press
That heaven was a place of exclusiveness —
That none but those could enter there
Who knelt with the orthodox at prayer,
And held all virtues out of their pale,
As idle work of no avail,
John's face grew dark, as he swore, with a frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

Whenever the world our eyes would blind
With false pretence of such a kind —
With humbug, cant, and bigotry —
Or a spurious sham Philosophy —
With Wrong dressed up in guise of Right,
And Darkness passing itself for Light,
Let us imitate John, and exclaim with a frown,
"The coin is spurious . . . nail it down."

Anecdotes.

"Madam," said a cross-tempered physician
to a patient, "if women were admitted to pa-
radise, their tongues would make it a purga-
tory."
"And some physicians, if allowed to practice
there," replied the lady, "would make it a desert."

"How do I look, Pompey?" said a young
dandy to his servant, as he finished dressing.
"Elegant, massy; you look bold as a lion."
"Bold as a lion, Pompey? How do you
know? You never saw a lion."
"O, yes, massa, I seed one down to massa
Jenks, in his stable."
"Down to Jenks, Pompey! Why, you
great fool, Jenks hasn't a lion; that's a jack-
ass."

"Can't help it, massa, you look just like him."
A raw down easter was recently hired by
a cabinet maker, and like a true Yankee, man-
aged to pass for more than he was worth.
One day the proprietor showed him a very
pretty mahogany veneered bureau, and told
him to "smooth it off," as the purchaser would
call for it in the course of the morning. Short-
ly after Johnny Raw made his appearance in
the warehouse.

"Well, John, have you made that bureau
shine well?"
"Wall, I guess it don't look bad; but 'twas
a tarnation job, though. I couldn't get at it any
other way, and I took the fore plane, and
peeled the darned bark off on't!"

"Oh, dear!" exclaimed an urchin, who
was chewing a green apple, "I swallowed a
know-nothing."
"A know-nothing?"
"Yes, he is givin' me the grip."

"Bridget, where is the tea-kettle?"
"Please, ma'am, Mr. O'Neill, the new
boarder, is washing his feet in it."
"Exit O'Neill, three feet in advance of an
empty coal scuttle."

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth
Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors
and Publishers, in said Counties, August
21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.
Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian,
3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Adminis-
trator, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3
weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of
Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees, " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads,
&c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and
other Legal Notices not embraced above,
3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or
less, (per half square) .75

SPECIAL NOTICES.
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " 3 " (per half sq.) 1.00
" " 1 " (per half sq.) .75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.
All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10
YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " half " 7.00
" " 3 months " 4.00
To be changed at the option of the Advertiser,
not often, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year with-
out being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square,
one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the
same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously
for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or
Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts
to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.
Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall
constitute a square.

(Signed)
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and
convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing,
for the sale of Building Materials, HARD-
WARE, &c.
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort-
ment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,
OF ANY QUALITY.
—Also—
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and
beautiful patterns.
33- Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn
Door Rolls and Rods, for top or bottom; Oven
Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fast-
eners, Patent Window Screens, Tinned Paper, Fence
and Sash Balusters, Framing Pins, turned.
FIRE and GARDEN ENGINES—the latest
and best kinds.
In short, nearly every article usually needed in
the erection of any common building, all of which
will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES
always on hand.
WINDOW FRAMES made to order.
33- Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in-
vited to call and examine my Stock.
Weymouth, Sept. 9. JOHN O. FOYE.

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that
he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by
Mr. Gridley Tutman, as a
MARKET HOUSE,
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of
MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality,
cheap for cash.

**Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP-
PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD,**
etc., constantly on hand.
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, March 18.

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety
of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c.,
among which are—
Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound;
Bachan's Haggan Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pec-
toral; Hollis's Balm of America; Wistar's and
Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and
Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup;
Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; War-
ren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with
Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Bur-
nett's, and various other preparations for the cure of
the same diseases.
Quincy, Nov. 11.

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings
and for sale cheap for cash.
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 25.

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate
article, wholesale or retail.
Quincy, Oct. 8.

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20.

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8.

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure Old Wines
& Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickness.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
H. B. KIRK,
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1853.

ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood,
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's

Quincy and Boston Express
LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,
At 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.,
From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 20
South Market Street.
33- All orders promptly attended to. — 63-
April 2, 1853.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN
**Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and
Hardware,**
together with a full assortment of choice
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES,
all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices
and delivered at any part of the Town free of ex-
pense.
Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND and NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.

—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—Also—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.
33- Purchasers will find it to their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12.

ARNOLD'S

Patent Sash Lock,
The Best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

**Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,**
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,
etc., etc.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION,
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 25.

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil,
Hair Dye, Dentifrices, etc., at
Dr. J. M. JARVIS'S.
Quincy, Dec. 10.

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla,
Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, P.
ment, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose
and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine;
French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass;
Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram;
Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 25.

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White
Flannels, twilled and plain—for sale cheap,
I. W. MUNROE'S.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.
McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near
—South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from
the simplest Grave Stone or Ta-
blet to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is exe-
cuted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough compe-
tency in the Art of Designing, en-
ables the Conductors of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and re-
quirements of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK,

—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.
A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well
as the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
33- Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully exe-
cuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22.

Insurance against Fire.

THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Household,ers, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Compa-
ny; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM S. MORTON;
TREASURER,
ISRAEL W. MUNROE;
SECRETARY,
STEPHEN BATES;
DIRECTORS,
Quincy, Milton,
William S. Morton, George Thompson,
Israel W. Munroe, Charles Brock,
Gideon F. Thayer, Dorchester,
Thomas C. Webb, H. W. Blanchard,
Albert Thompson, Cohasset,
Whitecomb Porter, Solomon J. Beal,
Stephen Bates, South Hingham,
Thomas Curtis, North Bridgewater,
Randolph, Sumner A. Hayward,
Royal W. Turner, Barnstable,
South Braintree, George Marston,
Apollon Randall.

References, by permission:

Hos. GEORGE T. BIGELOW of Boston,
Hos. JOSHUA QUINCY, Jr., of Boston,
Hos. AMASA WALKER of North Brookfield,
Hos. JAMES MAGUIRE of Randolph,
Hos. SOLOMON LINCOLN of Hingham,
Hos. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSHUA BRIGHAM, Esq., "

OFFICE,

Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1.

COAL!

THE subscriber takes this method to inform
his friends and customers, that he has just
received a cargo of
Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,
a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his
wharf.
Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a con-
tinuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention
to satisfy his many friends and customers.
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
Quincy, June 3.

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY,
GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point).
HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash
EGG, STOVE and NUT COAL.
Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.
33- Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store
or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early atten-
tion.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Teeth.

HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings
Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal
Tooth Paste; Florence and Chlorine Tooth
Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and
Thacher's Tooth Salts; Odontalgic Wash;
Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and
various other Washes and Powders. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, June 3.

Stone's American Salve,

An excellent article, in boxes twice the usual
size, at 25 cents per box.
Perry's Hungarian Salve.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, July 29.

AYER'S PILLS,

A new and singularly successful remedy for the
A cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indi-
gestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers,
Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflamma-
tions, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back,
and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed,
very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Me-
dicine is not more or less required, and much sick-
ness and suffering might be prevented, if a harm-
less but effectual Cathartic were more freely used.
No person can feel well while a costive habit of
body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and
often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided
by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative.
This is alike true of Colds, Feversish symptoms, and
bilious derangements. They all tend to become or
produce the deep seated and formidable distempers
which load the bowels all over the land. Hence a
reliable family physic is of the first importance to
the public health, and this Pill has been perfected
with consummate skill to meet that demand. An
extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Profes-
sors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing
any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures
have been effected beyond belief, were they not sub-
stantiated by the most accurate and disinterested
Dr. A. J. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston,
and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high
professional character is endorsed by the
Hon. E. W. EVERETT, Senator of the U. S.
ROMNEY C. WINTHROP, Ex-Speaker of the House
of Representatives.
ABRIOT LAWRENCE, Minister Plen. to England.
JOHN B. FITZGERICK, Cath. Bishop of Boston.
Also, DR. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of
New York City, endorsed by
Hos. W. L. MARY, Secretary of State.
Wm. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America.
S. LEVAND & Co., Prop'r of the Metropolitan
Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred
certificates, from all parts where the Pills have
been used, but evidence even more convincing than
the experience of eminent public men is found in
their effects upon trial.
These Pills, the result of long investigation and
study, are offered to the public as the best and
most complete which the present state of medical
science can afford. They are compounded not of
the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues
only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical
process in a state of purity, and combined together
in such a manner as to insure the best results. This
system of composition for medicines has been found
in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a
more efficient remedy than had hitherto been ob-
tained by any process. The reason is perfectly ob-
vious. While by the old mode of composition, every
medicine is beset with more or less of acrid,
irritating and injurious qualities, by this each indi-
vidual virtue only that is desired for the curative
effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qual-
ities of each substance employed are left behind, and
nothing but the pure and beneficial is retained. Hence it
is self-evident the effects should prove as they have
proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a surer,
more powerful antidote to disease than any other
medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine
should be taken under the counsel of an attending
Physician, and as many are competent to judge of a
remedy without knowing its composition, I have
supplied the accurate Formulae by which both my
Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of
Practitioners in the United States and British Amer-
ican Provinces. If, however, there should be any
one who has not received them, they will be
promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how
few would be taken if their composition was known! Their
life consists in their mystery. I have no
mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open
to all men, and all who are competent to judge of
the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of
their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was
promoted by scientific men to be a wonderful
medicine before its effects were known. Many em-
inent Physicians have declared the same thing of
my Pills, and even more confidently, and are will-
ing to certify that their anticipations were more
than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the
internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it
into healthy action—remove the obstructions of
the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of
the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and
by continuing, wherever they exist, such derange-
ments as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped, they are pleasant to take,
and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from
their use in any quantity.
For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY

JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.
SOLD BY
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 28.

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREN-
VILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker,
sore-throat and scarlet fever.
ATWOOD'S Canker Drops.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—
Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples,
etc. etc. For sale at DR. MARDEN'S,
Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building.

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30.

For the Complexion.

TOMPKIN'S Orange Flower Lotion. For
tame's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk o'
Roses, Amaranth for Tan Suburb &c. &c. For
sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7.

Butter! Butter!

30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY
BUTTER, for sale cheap
for cash by
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29.

Cramps, Pains, etc.

DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External
and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, rheu-
matism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three
sizes—small for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11.

Cider Vinegar.

300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar,
warranted of extra quality, for sale by
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, May 6.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-con-
tinued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of su-
perior Family Medicines, selected
with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked
Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Out-
flour, Corn Starch, Broma, &c.
Jellies, Raspberry and Lem-
on Syrup, Guava Paste, &c.
Shoulder Braces and Sup-
porters of various kinds, Gum
Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass
Pipes and -bells; patent Nurs-
ing Shields, Tubes, and Bot-
tles, spread Plasters, Glass
and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Horse-hair Mit-
tens, Flesh Brushes, &c. &c.
Fresh European Leeches always on hand.
Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and
attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular me-
dicine of the day, as they appear in this and other
States. Washington St., near of Stone Temple.
Quincy, Nov. 1.

IMPORTANT

TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

over the road, in his own vehicle, be the milkman, expressman, or pleasure-traveller, will be benefited, as these hollow rails lie at such distances apart as to accommodate most carriages, and being on the public road, are at the service of any one. We shall thus have, besides the cars, at all seasons of the year, a smooth and dry road to the city, which will be an inducement to increased travel, that will more than compensate the Neponset Turnpike Corporation for any privileges they may grant to the Company. I hope, Mr. Editor, that you will present this subject to our town's people, and that our Representatives in the Legislature will see that a charter is obtained, that the road may be in operation before the coming summer shall have passed. EXTENSOR.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, March 17th, 1855.

BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT ARE WE.

European News.

By the arrival of the steamship Africa we have dates from Europe to March 2d.

The death of the Emperor Nicholas was announced in the British House of Lords by Lord Clarendon, and in the House of Commons by Lord Palmerston, on the night of March 2d. It is stated that he died of apoplexy, after an attack of influenza. The news was received from a telegraphic dispatch sent by the British Minister at Berlin, and another from the Minister at the Hague. This event will have a powerful influence on the affairs of Europe, and perhaps may entirely change the policy of Russia.

It is said that the draft of a general treaty is prepared, which will be presented at the Conference. This document secures the integrity of Turkey, prevents future encroachments of individual powers, and guarantees the rights of Christians. All the Plenipotentiaries had arrived, and the Conference was to meet on March 5th. Prussia is making efforts to come to an understanding with the Western powers. There has been a battle at Eupatoria between the Russians under Gen. Osten Sacken, and the Turks under Omar Pasha. The Russians had 25,000 men and 83 guns. The battle lasted about five hours, and the Russians were repulsed with a loss of 500 men; the Turks lost about 350 killed and wounded.

The British Ministry has again broken up, and Lord Palmerston had some difficulty in forming a new one; he has succeeded, however, in patching it up for the present. There has been some riots in England; the mob broke into several shops in Liverpool, and gutted them entirely, but quiet has been restored.

The Emperor of France is said to be about going to the Crimea to superintend the campaign in person, but it is thought that he will be dissuaded from the project. A French frigate with 600 souls on board has been lost in the Straits of Bonifacio.

SCHOOL REPORT OF CHELSEA. In reading this document, we found the following flattering notice of our late townsman, Geo. Newcomb, Esq., which we feel gratified in placing before our readers:—

The committee, aware of the success which had attended the year's labor of George Newcomb, Esq., in the Grammar School, were unanimous in the desire to procure his services for another year, even upon a salary increased a hundred dollars. And at the end of the year we are still of one opinion as to his qualifications and ability as a teacher. He has been faithful and zealous in his labors, and actively interested, not only during school hours, but at all times for the prosperity and happiness of the children and youth. The private and public examinations have been interesting and very satisfactory. In the opinion of your Committee, good progress has been made in the several branches taught; more especially in reading, spelling, and arithmetic, also some good specimens of writing and map-drawing. The general appearance of the school is much improved. The year has been one of peace and prosperity, no formal complaints have been made to the committee, nor have they had occasion to make any to parents or teacher. The attention paid to the statute, which we have quoted, relating to the morals of children, has been gratifying to the Committee. This rare and excellent quality in Mr. Newcomb, we trust, is valued and appreciated.

KEEN SATIRE. In the published report of the accounts of the Town of Braintree is found the following, under head of Education and Reformation.

Books - - - \$50 00
Two Cages - - - 40 00
Handcuffs - - - 3 00

Reformation forsooth! No comments are needed, but merely a suggestion that it is a good plan to call things by their right names.

GREAT SALE. Attention is called to the advertisement, which will be found in our columns, of the well known "Brook Farm," in West Roxbury. This sale offers to purchasers of Real Estate, Farm Stock and Farming Utensils, the greatest chance for good investment which has been placed under the hammer, in Norfolk County, for many years. The sale is positive, and without reserve to the highest bidder. Cal. Thompson, the popular auctioneer, will give you bargains.

A LIBERAL OFFER. We learn that Rev. W. W. Dean, Pastor of the Universalist Society in this town, has been offered the liberal salary of thirty-six hundred dollars a year, to take charge of a similar society in San Francisco, California. The reverend gentleman, we understand, is undecided relative to the urgent request. His flourishing Society in this town will deeply regret his removal, as his ministrations have been productive of great good in the cause of Christianity.

OMISSION. In the published report of the proceedings of the Town Meeting, in our last paper, the following votes were omitted:

Voted—To accept the Report of the School Committee.

Voted—That the School Committee be instructed to have their Report printed and distributed to every family in town.

APPOINTMENT. Bryant B. Newcomb, Esq., of this town, has been commissioned by Gov. Gardner and Council, a Justice of the Peace, for and within the County of Norfolk.

***NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.**—"SAR" has victoriously crossed the Granite Hills of this State, and the K. N.'s have thus carried the Legislature, elected a Governor, and three members of Congress.

HORSE TRACK RAILROAD.—A petition, headed by the Hon. Josiah Quincy, has been presented to the Legislature for an act of incorporation, for a Horse-track Railroad from Quincy to Boston, over the Neponset Turnpike. Other petitions, in aid of the first one, are in circulation and should be signed by every voter in town. The many inconveniences, high fare, etc., which our citizens have experienced in getting to and from the City by the Old Colony Corporation, should arouse them to united efforts to carry this feasible project into speedy effect. Read the article of "Extensor," on this subject, which will be found in our columns of to-day.

WORTH SEEING. Go to the Lyceum Room, this afternoon and evening, and see the Wild Men of Borneo—one of the most astonishing sights which has ever been on exhibition in this place.

PAINTING BUSINESS. Our readers who want Painting, or any thing connected therewith, done in good shape, had better give our friend, Mr. J. B. Bass, a call; he may be found at the shop, on Granite street, opposite Goodnow's Building. Try him and you will be satisfied.

CREDIT. The poetical effusion on our last page should have been credited to F. M. Adlington of Weymouth, but which was overlooked through mistake. He is a welcome contributor to our columns, and his articles of prose and poetry much admired by our readers.

CLAM CHOWDER. French, of the Granite Saloon, intends to excel to-day, any of his previous efforts in making Clam Chowder, which will be ready in season to answer dinner orders. Ye'lovers of this luxury be on hand for an epicurean feast.

MILTON AFFAIRS. We are indebted to the kind attention of our friend, Charles Breck, Esq., for a pamphlet copy of the "Auditor's Eighteenth Annual Report of the Receipts and Expenditures of the Town of Milton" for the past year. We thank our friend for this favor, and shall examine its pages hereafter in the hopes of gleaming something of interest for our readers.

THE REIGN OF ART. In this wonderful age, Art lays her master touches on almost every thing. The ceilings over us and the carpets we tread on, are hallowed by Art. Art winds the railway through the mountains and the mud makes her machines of wood and iron, to act as if with knowledge and annihilates space with lightning tamed down to the tutelage of a boy. Nothing is too lofty for her touch and nothing too humble. A new proof of this old conviction has just fallen under our notice, in the shape of a CATHARTIC PILL, from the Laboratory of that world renowned Chemist, Doctor J. C. AVER.

If we understand the subject, he has carried that article to the farthest perfection of which it is capable. Instead of employing Drugs in its composition, as we had always thought the necessary and only way, he has with consummate skill extracted the virtues of the medicines to be employed and combined them alone in their purity together. The composition is then mixed and rolled by machinery and steam power, into a spheroid pill which is wrapped in an envelope of gelatine, for protection from the effects of weather or time, and then thickly coated with sugar, to serve as its passport over the palate. Notwithstanding all this labored perfection they are offered to the public at less than one cent each. However humble the department we think this may be safely characterized as the consummation of Art in its line.—*Morning News, Ball.*

GENERAL COURT. The Legislature is progressing with public business, but there is no signs of an adjournment.

For the Patriot.

The Lyceum.

"You have seen the cedars fall,
And in their place a mushroom grow,
I've seen a young man threaten all,
And no one be frightened."

Mr. Editor:—In your last number I read a communication from your invaluable correspondent "Ignotus," and as I am one who goes in for fun in this world, I was, as you may guess, very much amused. I have but one fault to find—the "young un" don't stick exactly to the truth—he says the last convulsive throw has been given and the bucket kicked by that good old institution, the Quincy Lyceum; now, such is not the fact, it may not have been conducted so well during the past season as in former years. It was most shamefully disturbed by young people, some older and some younger than "Ignotus." Much confusion did exist, and the members of that "organs" body were grievously and many times disappointed in the lecturers, but for all that it "still lives," and in due time I have no doubt we shall be called together to elect a new, perhaps a better board of managers. I am certain we shall do the thing up brown if "Ignotus" will only put his shoulder to the wheel. Much has been said during the past season about noise and confusion, and there is no mistake about it—some of the meetings might be likened to Babel—but who were the disturbers—were they small boys? the boys done their share; but two-thirds of all the disturbance was created by that class to which "Ignotus" belongs—persons who are old enough to behave decently in public—persons who I fear never will arrive to years of discretion. Ignotus says, "a scanty vote of thanks hung in rich profusion round the President's head," "Sic transit gloria." The vote was unanimous, but what does he mean by "Sic transit gloria?" we have examined all the Latin works we could find including those to be found in the great and useful "Adams' Library." (By the way let me inform your readers how to gain knowledge from the Adams' Library, and your wish to read any of the books it contains. Make a written application to the clerk of the directors, informing him of your wish to read something contained in the Library. He will lay the communication before the full board, at their next meeting, and if they decide to let you read you will be notified to that effect, and one of the board appointed to go with you to the library room, and for fear you may be a dishonest person, the director will be instructed to stay with you, and thereby prevent your carrying off or destroying any of the books; this is certainly a convenient and careful arrangement.) I have come to the conclusion, he meant to say, I am "sick of transient glory," and therefore will make perpetual glory settle on my name by writing in the papers, and no matter whether I tell the truth or not. Again he says, that while the President was piling the compliments on the members in great shape, "a voice rudely interrupted the strain of eloquence" by crying out, "Mr. President," and that every thing being out and dried, the President snuck away and "Mr. Whiskers" made his appearance on the stand, and the usual vote of thanks was passed. If every thing was cut and dried of course there was no interruption, no rudeness.

Now that is too bad—how could any body be so lost to all senses of honor in these enlightened days, when wire-pulling is entirely done away, as to be guilty of "log rolling," and that against the wishes and consent of my friend "Ignotus." I don't wonder he is disgusted with such doings, for one so young, so unsophisticated, knows but little of the secret springs that move society, and a sight of the elephant fairly turned his brain. Well, poor fellow, live a little longer, get loosened from your mother's apron strings, stroke your downy chin till here and there a "bristle" appears, join the K. N.'s, take a part in their "midnight orgies," get rid of your milk and water sensibilities, and such things will cease to wound your young and tender feelings. Once more, he says, our President Mr. Congdon, introduced the lecturer; that is certainly a mistake, for my friend Ed. Avery, Esq., holds that office, and Mr. C. was the lecturer; but we must be charitable and excuse the mistake, for the reason that the young man's brain was turned by the noise the young folks made, by the eloquent remarks of the President, by the stentorian voice exclaiming "Mr. President," and lastly by the terror occasioned by the sudden appearance of so much whiskers from behind the desk.

Tom Muddle.

For the Patriot.

Lyceum—No. 2.

Never were the affairs of the Lyceum in a more flourishing condition than at the close of the administration of Mr. Thayer. Ardent, zealous, and even enthusiastic in whatever he undertook, he entered upon his duties as President of our Lyceum with an interest in the cause of literary improvement, only equalled by his determination to render the course profitable and interesting, and at the same time to maintain such a standard of order and decorum during the exercises as would constitute the Lyceum a pleasant resort for the most punctilious.

This he did not attempt to effect by an appeal to the "feline and asinine" propensities of his audience, but in a dignified, yet imperative manner, by an appeal to their common sense and politeness. How he succeeded, every unprejudiced person will acknowledge. A better course of lectures has never in my opinion been listened to in this place; and when it was announced that a certain lecturer would hold forth upon a certain evening, we were always sure of finding him present. No subterfuges. No delays. Everything went on with the precision of clock work. More than this; a debt of the preceding year was disbursed; and the course lasted into April, I think. But enough of this.

"Good actions crown themselves with lasting bays,
Who well deserves, needs not another's praise."

In spite of all this regularity with which affairs were carried on, there were those narrow minded and envious individuals, who took every opportunity to call into question his every action, and that too, not unfrequently during the meetings.

Whenever this was the case, the audience was much amused by the "Non plus" condition in which the aggressor found himself. I have in my mind one individual in South Quincy, who was quite fond of this mode of procedure, but whose assinine qualities would not permit him to see the ridiculous position in which he was so often placed.

Those who were present at the meeting when it was announced that the funds had given out, and heard the proposition made by the gentleman alluded to, to raise more, can well attest to the *Marsh*—*y* position in which he suddenly found himself.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing,
Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring."

Where is our old friend Lishnahago this winter? He is of that kind, I reckon, which the Good Book speaks of as "Straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel;" for if he could find it in his head to *gas* so much last season, he might find something this, to *criticise* and that too, without showing much india-rubber in the composition of his conscience. Perhaps he is somewhat more closely connected with the Lyceum this year, and thinks it would be *A*—*very* bad policy to allow his ears and claws such a luxurious growth as formerly, for fear of being mistaken as belonging to the "feline or assinine" tribe. Or perhaps he has come to the very sensible conclusion to which the poet had evidently arrived when he described the critic,—

"Hot, curious, noisy, proud, the scribbling fry,
Burn, hiss, and bounce, waste paper, ink, and die."

I have been enquired of, why I came down so hard on our late President in my last. Strange how ones' motives will oftentimes be perverted. Down on him! How so? If to add a little color to eulogy, for the sake of bringing out the prominent part of the performance in a little bolder relief constitutes the "down on him," then I plead guilty. Alas! others beside "Republicans are ungrateful."

"Ignotus."

THE FIREMEN'S BALL.—The Union Firemen's Ball, at the Hancock House, on Friday, 9th instant, was an excellent affair. More than eighty couples were present, and all enjoyed themselves in good earnest. The music, by White's Full Band, fully answered expectations. The whole affair was one of pleasure, and in which all seemed delighted.

Special Notices.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

CHARLES L. VEAZIE, President.

BENJ. P. CURTIS, Secretary.

Deaths.

In this town, March 12th, Mr. Freeman Dow, aged 36 years and 7 months.

"I saw him on the bed of death,
Stern illness galed his brow,
I watched him short and fleeting breath,
And marked him gently bow
To that grim monarch's cold grave,
Who takes us all in trust,
And knew that none, but One, could save
That form from early dust."

"But all was still and tranquil there,
There was no troubled swell;
His spirit peacefully breathed a prayer,
Then whispered, '—All is well!
And thus a gentle spirit's gone,
To seek its home above,
And mingle with that holy throng,
With Him whose name is Love."

WITHDRAWAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that we have withdrawn ourselves from Union Store. Division 430, and that we shall not hold ourselves responsible for debts contracted by the same after this date.

SAMUEL F. NEWCOMB,
CHARLES F. RICHARDSON,
SAMUEL NEWCOMB,
SUMNER LEAVITT.

Braintree Neck, March 17th, 1855. 3w*

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of

ELIZABETH WELD,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

*And all persons having demands against the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

W. W. BAXTER, Administrator.

Quincy, March 17th. 3w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE School Committee of Quincy will meet at the Selectmen's Room, on TUESDAY, April 24, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining Teachers. Prospective Teachers, who have contracted with new Teachers, are requested to present them at that time, for examination.

The Public Schools of Quincy will commence on MONDAY, April 9th, and forty-six weeks will constitute the school year.

The Committee will meet at the High School Room on WEDNESDAY, April 4th, at 2 o'clock P. M., to examine applicants for admission to the High School. Applicants must bring certificates of good moral character from their former teacher.

By order of the School Committee.

E. W. MARSH, Sec'y.

Quincy, March 17.

Centre School District.

To the inhabitants of the Centre School District qualified to vote in Town Affairs.

YOU are hereby notified to meet at the Lyceum Room in said District, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth day of March, current, at Seven o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:—

1st. To choose a Moderator.

2d. To choose such District Officers, as the law requires.

3d. To choose any Committee, and to hear and act on the Report of any Committee.

Dated at Quincy, this Twelfth day of March, A. D. 1855.

EDWIN H. SAVIL, District Clerk.

Quincy, March 17th. 1w

PAY UP.

Particular Notice.

ALL those indebted to GEORGE SAVIL & CO. either by note or account, are particularly requested to call and pay up previous to April 10th. All accounts unsettled at that time will be left for collection.

Quincy, March 17.

TO LET.

PART of the House of the Subscriber, containing five rooms, within a few minutes walk of the Depot. Apply on the premises to

GEORGE W. KEMISON.

Quincy, March 17.

BY N. A. THOMPSON.

(Office in Old State House, State street, Boston.)

Large Sale of Real Estate in WEST ROXBURY.

THE WELL-KNOWN "BROOK FARM," INCLUDING LAND, BUILDINGS, FARM STOCK, FARMING UTENSILS, &c., AT AUCTION.

By order of the City Council of the City of Roxbury, will be sold by Public Auction, without reserve to the highest bidder, on THURSDAY, March 22d, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises

THE WELL-KNOWN "BROOK FARM,"

including the Buildings thereon, situated in West Roxbury, about one mile from the Spring St. Depot, on the Dedham Branch Railroad, eight miles from Boston.

The farm consists of about 180 acres of mowing, pasture and tillage land, all lying contiguous, and is said to be one of the best and most productive farms in Norfolk county. It is under a high state of cultivation, well fenced, and has upon it a large number of young and thriving fruit-trees.

The buildings consist of a large 2 story House, about 42 feet square, having 8 large square rooms and 4 finished attic chambers; one large two-story Building, about 30 by 110 feet adjoining the main house; and a small 1 1/2 story Building, about 20 by 26 feet, attached to the long building. These are nearly new, having been erected by the City of Roxbury, about three years since, in the most thorough and substantial manner, expressly for an almshouse, and they possess all the accommodations required for a public institution of that character. In addition to these buildings, there are on the place a Cottage, convenient and very pleasant modern built Cottage, situated about 40 rods from the main building; and a large Building now used for storage, which can be converted into a dwelling house at a trifling expense, having been used for that purpose by the former occupants of Brook Farm.

—ALSO—

A tract of Land used in connection with the farm, known as the "KEITH LOT," situated within about one-third of a mile from the Depot above named, containing about 22 acres, very pleasantly situated and well adapted for house lots. This tract will be sold separately.

The City Council of Roxbury, having determined to remove the inmates of this establishment forthwith, will sell the whole property without regard to price, and will offer it upon such favorable terms of payment as cannot fail to be satisfactory to purchasers. Only ten per cent. of the purchase money will be required to be paid down in cash, and the balance in fifteen equal annual payments, bearing interest. The sale is therefore well worthy the attention of capitalists, farmers and speculators of real estate, and should also command the attention of persons in pursuit of a site for the location of any public or private institution or establishment requiring agricultural facilities, in a healthy, quiet and easily accessible situation.

—ALSO—

Immediately after the sale of the real estate, will be sold a variety of articles of personal property, used on or about the farm, among which are the following:

One pair of very fine draft OXEN;
Two good draft Horses;
A number of SWINE;
1 large Ox WAGON;
1 large Two Horse WAGON;
1 light EXPRESS WAGON;
1 pair DOUBLE HARNESSES;
2 large Ox CARTS; 1 large CART for Horses;
1 large FARM ROLLER; 1 new OX SLED,
and a variety of Farming Utensils, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

About 100 cords of excellent MANURE.

March 17. 1w

Insolvent Notice.

NORFOLK SS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

THE Third Meeting of the Creditors of EUGENE CLARK, of Quincy, in said County, State Court, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at the Court Room of Francis Hillard, Esq., Commissioner of Insolvency, in Roxbury, on the 21st day of March, next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., when said creditors may be present and prove their claims.

WILLIAM B. DUGGAN, Assignee.

Quincy, March 17. 1w

BOUNTY LANDS.

THE Subscriber will prove claims for officers, soldiers, marines, widows of the same, or their children, who were minors when the act of Congress of 1832 was passed, and procure Land Warrants therefor upon the most reasonable terms.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY.

Weymouth, March 17.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second meeting of the creditors of JOSEPH W. RICHARDSON, of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, Insolvent Debtor, will be held at the Court Room of the Commissioner of Insolvency, Charles Endicott, of Canton, in said County, on the 21st day of April, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present, and prove their claims, and the insolvent Debtor will apply for a discharge.

The subscriber also gives notice that he has been appointed Assignee of said Estate of said Richardson.

By order of Charles Endicott, Esq., Commissioner of Insolvency for said County.

THOMAS SMITH, Assignee.

Cohasset, March 17.

Rhodes' Fever & Ague Cure.

FOR the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, and other diseases that have the same origin. It is highly recommended for those going to, or returning from, California or the Western States. No injurious effects to the system can result from its use.

For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 17.

GLYCERINE CREAM.

A new preparation, for rendering the skin soft and clear, &c., &c., adapted for the use of clapped hands, face lips, &c.

For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, March 17.

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber has taken the building on Granite street, corner of Hancock, opposite Goodnow's building, for the purpose of transacting

The Painting Business.

His friends and the public are respectfully solicited to bestow upon him a share of patronage.

Quincy, March 17, 1855. J. B. BASS.

PROPOSALS.

WILL be received by either of the Subscribers, on or before MONDAY, March 19, 12 o'clock, noon, for building a Wall in front of the New Cemetery, in Quincy.

Specifications for said Wall will be ready for examination, on Tuesday, the 13th inst., at the office of Dr. Wm. S. Patton.

Wm. S. PATTON, } Committee.

GEORGE H. LOCKE, }

Quincy, March 10.

To Boot & Shoe Manufacturers.

WE wish to call the attention of the Trade to the following GOODS, which we are prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:—

Black Duckskin and Cassimere, } for Tops.

Drab and Brown, }

For sale by SHOE DUCK AND CANNISS.

ROOF WEB, from 1/2 inch to 1 1/2 inch, in white and colors.

GALLOONS, in Black and Colors.

MACHINE TWIST, do.

LINEN MACHINE THREAD, Black and Gold, 3 and 6 cord.

SEA ISLAND HANK THREAD, Black & Gold.

SHOE BUSKINS, of all descriptions.

SILK and COTTON WARP LASTINGS.

BROWN, DIX & CO.

No. 52 Milk Street.

Boston, Feb. 17.

Mayer's Furniture Polish.

It renovates old Furniture; it preserves the varnish; it removes Paint, Stains and Oil Spots. For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 17.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

At the New Builders' Depot, Weymouth Landing. 1000 DOORS—all sizes. 1500 WINDOW SASHES, painted and unpainted. 1200 WINDOW BLINDS, glazed and unpainted.

Also, a large assortment of

NEW HARDWARE,

COPPER, WOOD, AND CHAIN PUMPS.

Carpenter's Tools,

EDDY'S PATENT BEE-HIVES, &c. &c. &c.

And a great variety of Building Materials, too numerous to mention

Poetry.

For the Patriot.

Freeman Hunt,

EDITOR OF THE MERCHANT'S MAGAZINE

The poets are by nature kings,
Away on Fancy's wings they rise;
Soaring above all earthly things,
To make an Empire in the skies.

And from their castles in the air,
They scatter gems of beauty round;
The good, the beautiful and rare,
Within the poets' realms are found.

And oft the muses they inspire,
To picture many a fairy scene;
But there is one whose aim is higher,
HUNT of the Merchant's Magazine.

What is there a seeking youth
That 'bove the muses wings can soar,
'Tis honest, plain, far searching truth,
Whose watch tower looks creation o'er.

The author of the Magazine,
Makes useful truth his aim and pride;
And thousands know his work has been
The Merchant's sure and faithful guide.

All honor to the working man,
Whose labor lightens others toil;
With nerve to act and skill to plan,
To draw the wealth from every soil.

The distant nations own his worth,
And far and near his praise has rung;
They value more his book of truth,
Than all that e'er our bards have sung.

Gentility.

Gentle it is to have soft hands,
But not gentle to work on lands;
Gentle it is to be loved,
But not gentle to earn your bread;
Gentle it is to be kind and low,
But not gentle to sow and plough;
Gentle it is to play the lute,
But not gentle to reap or mow;
Gentle it is to keep a pig,
But not gentle to hoe and dig;
Gentle it is to be in trade to fail,
But not gentle to swing a flail;
Gentle it is to play the fool,
But not gentle to keep a school;
Gentle it is to cheat your tailor,
But not gentle to be a sailor;
Gentle it is to fight a duel,
But not gentle to cut your fuel;
Gentle it is to be rich and gay,
But not gentle to cook or bake;
Gentle it is to have the blues,
But not gentle to wear thick shoes;
Gentle it is to be in wealth,
But not gentle to have good health;
Gentle it is to be a friend,
But not gentle to play the mend;
Gentle it is to make a show,
But not gentle poor folks to know;
Gentle it is to run away,
But not gentle at home to stay;
Gentle it is to smile and smile,
But not gentle to shun all guile;
Gentle it is to be a knave,
But not gentle your cash to save;
Gentle it is to make a bet,
But not gentle to pay a debt;
Gentle it is to play at dice,
But not gentle to take advice;
Gentle it is to be a swindler,
But not gentle plain clothes to wear;
Gentle it is to know a lord,
But not gentle to pay your board;
Gentle it is to be a ship and hop,
But not gentle to tend a shop;
Gentle it is to waste your life,
But not gentle to love your wife.

Anecdotes.

A little prattler, who had been "brought up" upon the Graham system, asked what she should have to eat when she went to heaven.

"The bread of life my dear," was the reply.

"Will there be any butter on it, ma?" was the quick retort.

"You'll come to want, I'm afraid," said an old lady to a fast young gentleman.

"I have come to want already," was the prompt reply; "I want your daughter."

The old lady screamed, then went into the next room.

"Wife," said a married man, looking for his boot-jack, after she was in bed, "I have a place for all things, and you ought to know it by this time."

"Yes," replied she, "I ought to know where you keep your late hours, but I don't."

An Irish dragon on hearing that his mother had been married since he quitted Ireland, exclaimed, "Murder! I hope she won't have a son older than me—if she does, I shall lose the estate?"

"Stand aside, my little boy, I want to pass."

"Don't call me a little boy, sir, I have smoked and chewed these two years."

"How late is it?"

"Look at boss and see if he's drunk yet; if he isn't it can't be very much after eleven."

"Does he keep good time?"

"Splendid! they regulate the town clock by his nose."

"Ma," said a youngster, after reading the Life of Napoleon, "If Bonaparte was a hero, wasn't Joan of Arc a shero?"

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors and Publishers, in said Counties, August 21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Citations, 3 weeks, \$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks, 1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks, 1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Executors' Notices, 3 weeks, 1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks, 2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square) 1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.

Messengers Notices, 2 weeks, 1.50
Assignees' " 3 " 1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.

County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks, 5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square) 1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square) 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.) 1.25
" " " 3 " " " " 1.50
" " " 1 " " " " " " " 1.00
" " " 1 " " " " " " " 75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.

All Editorial Notices, (per line) 10
YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.) 12.00
" " " half " " " 7.00
" " " 3 months " " " 4.00

TO BE CHANGED AT THE OPTION OF THE ADVERTISER.

Not offered, however, than once a month.
All Advertisements running one year without being renewed, (per square) 10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.

Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than 5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.

Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.

ONE SQUARE.

Twelve lines of Minion or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.

(Signed)

JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.
BLOSSOM & EASTERBROOK, Hingham Journal.
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.
H. O. HILDETH, Dedham Gazette.
JAMES T. TURNER, Old Colony Memorial.
GEORGE PHINNEY, N. Bridgewater Gazette.
WILLIAM BENNE, Massponing Journal.

To be inserted in the several Newspapers published in Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.

Per order. JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.

Building Materials.

THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARDWARE, &c.

Will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Doors, Blinds, Sashes and Glass,

OF ANY QUALITY.

Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.

Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Bolts and Kicks, for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Irons, Blind Hinges and Fastenings, Patent Window Springs, Tinned Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters; Framing Pines, turned.

FIRE and GARDEN LAMPES—the latest and best kinds.

In short, nearly every article usually needed in the erection of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.

PAINTED BLINDS and GLAZED SASHES always on hand.

WINDOW FRAMES made to order.

Carpenters and Builders are respectfully invited to call and examine my Stock.

Weymouth, Sept. 9. JOHN O. FOYE. 3m

New Provision Store.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Gridley Tottman, as a

MARKET HOUSE.

and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS and VEGETABLES, of the best quality, cheap for cash.

Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED APPLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, &c., constantly on hand. H. A. RANSOM. Quincy, March 18. 4

Coughs, Colds, etc.

MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are—

Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Hoarhound; Buchanan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expectorant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; Warren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases. Quincy, Nov. 11. 4

Paper Hangings.

JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 4

Salt Pork.

FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail. Quincy, Oct. 8. 4

WHITE & FRENCH,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 5, Webster Bank Building,

Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.

GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.

May 20. 4

HENRY A. RANSOM,

AUCTIONEER.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public in the disposal of Real and Personal property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage. Quincy, April 8. 4

KIRK & TRAVIS,

Dealers in Teas and Coffees

OF THE PUREST QUALITY.

Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines and Liquors as imported, and suitable for invalids and sick.

Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Havana Cigars. H. B. KIRK. W. M. E. TRAVIS. No. 106 Kneeland Street. Boston, April 16, 1853. 4

ALL KINDS OF

Job Printing,

SUCH AS

POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,

BILL-HEADS, BLANKS, CARDS,

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY

PRINTING.

Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office, WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,

--- HAS FOR SALE ---

LUMBER,

Nails, Lime, Brick and Sand

--- ALSO ---

Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.

QUINCY CANAL WHARF. 4

July 10, 1852.

William E. Colburn's

Quincy and Boston Express

LEAVES BOSTON DAILY,

At 2 o'clock, P. M.,

From 24 and 25 Brattle Square, and 29

South Market Street.

For all orders promptly attended to. 4-11
April 2, 1853. 14-11

ISRAEL W. MUNROE,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and

Hardware,

together with a full assortment of choice,

W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES, all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices and delivered at any part of the Town free of expense. Quincy, Jan. 22, 1853. 4

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,

Counsellor at Law,

Commissioner for the States of

MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-

MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE

ISLAND and NEW YORK.

Weymouth, Mass. 4

Nov. 26.

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.

--- DEALER IN ---

LUMBER;

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

--- ALSO ---

Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.

Dimension Frames furnished at short Notice.

For all orders promptly attended to. Quincy, June 12. 4

ARNOLD'S

Patent Sash Lock,

The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes yet invented, sold by

JOHN O. FOYE,

Owner of the Patent Right.

DEALER IN

Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,

Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,

Weymouth Landing, Mass. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.

T. K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders, &c., &c., for Coughs, Colic, Indigestion, Horse Ail, &c., &c.

Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.

DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.

For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 28. 4

Perfumery, Oil, etc.

CHOICEST Perfumery, Cosmetics, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Dentifrice, &c., at

Dr. MARDEN'S. Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building. 4

Superior Articles for Cooking.

EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla, Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pimento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose and Peach Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine; French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass; Sage; Suckers; Savory; Sweet Margarin; Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Nov. 25. 4

FLANNELS.

BLUE, Blue Mixed, Red, Yellow, and White size, at 25 cents per box.

Perry's Hungarian Salve. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, July 29. 4

QUINCY

Marble & Granite Works.

MONUMENTS,

Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,

RESPECTFULLY invite

attention to this establishment, now opened near the South Quincy Depot, where MONUMENTAL work of every description, from the simplest Grave Stone or Tablet to the most elegant and elaborate Monument is executed in the very best style.

Long experience in the business, and a thorough competency in the Art of Designing, enables the Conductors of these works to carry out the ideas and suit the various tastes and requirements of persons in need of such articles.

--- ALSO ---

GRANITE WORK,

--- in all its forms ---

FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS, MONUMENTS, STEPS, TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS, Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc., etc., furnished to order, by

C. R. & C. Mitchell.

A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all done in the Establishment) and which, as well as the work, attest the skill and competency of the Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are respectfully invited to call and inspect them.

Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully executed with despatch and at reasonable prices. Quincy, July 22. 4

Insurance against Fire.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than the ordinary ones obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of acrimonious and injurious qualities, by this each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of each substance employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. Hence, it is self-evident the effects should prove as they have proved more purely remedial, and in Pills a surer, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently expedient that my medicine should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not be consulted in every case, I have supplied the accurate Formula by which both my Pectoral and Pills are made to the whole body of Practitioners in the United States and British American Provinces. If, however, there should be any one who has not received them, they will be promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines now offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known! Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

JAMES C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

SOLD BY

Mrs. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.

Quincy, Oct. 28. 4

Cure for Canker, etc.

DR. WEAVER'S Canker Cure. GREENVILLE'S Vegetable Extract, for canker, sore-throat and scarlet fever.

ATWOOD'S Canker Drops. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Feb. 11. 4

Fruits.

FRESH Lemons, Oranges and Figs; also—Dates, Prunes, Tamarinds, Eve's Apples, &c., &c. For sale at Dr. MARDEN'S. Quincy, Dec. 10. Goodnow's Building. 4

Rats and Mice.

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and other Vermin, without poison.

Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINATOR, and various other articles for the same purpose. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Sept. 30. 4

Coal and Wood.

ADAMS & HERSEY,

GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)

HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash EGG, STOVE and NUT COAL.

Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD. Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store or with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early attention. Quincy, Sept. 30. 4

For the Teeth.

HOOVER'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings' Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash; Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and various other Washes and Powders. For sale by

MRS. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, June 3. 4

Stone's American Salve,

An excellent article, in boxes twice the usual size, at 25 cents per box.

Perry's Hungarian Salve. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, July 29. 4

AYER'S PILLS,

A cure of all Bilious diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Fevers, Gout, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Inflammations, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Side, Back, and Limbs, Female Complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, very few are the diseases in which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be prevented, if a harmless but effectual Cathartic were more freely used. No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails; besides it soon generates serious and often fatal diseases, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. An extensive trial of its virtues by Physicians, Professors, and Patients, has shown results surpassing any thing hitherto known of any medicine. Cures have been effected, beyond what could have been anticipated by persons of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of truth.

Among the many eminent gentlemen who have testified in favor of these Pills, we may mention: DR. A. A. HAYES, Analytical Chemist, of Boston, and State Assayer of Massachusetts, whose high professional character is endorsed by the Hon. ROBERT C. WINSTROP, Ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ABRAHAM LAWRENCE, Minister Plenipotentiary to England. JOHN B. FITZPATRICK, Cath. Bishop of Boston. DR. J. R. CHILTON, Practical Chemist, of New York City, endorsed by Hon. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State. WM. B. ASTOR, the richest man in America. S. LELAND & Co., Proprietors of the Metropolitan Hotel, and others.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred certificates, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but evidence even more convincing than the experience of eminent public men is found in their effects upon trial.

sive obedience and the Divine right of kings.

"Junior" can consult Hallam, or Lingard, or Balmes, for the proof of what I state, and all I ask of him is to judge for himself, and if he finds that I am right, that he will be one less in the number of persecutors for conscience sake.

CIARE.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, March 24th, 1855.

BORN TO NO MASTER, OF NO SECT AREA WE.

CITIZENS' VALEDICTORY BALL. A good time is coming at the Hancock House, on Thursday evening next, March 29th, to which the whole world "and the rest of mankind" ought to be present.

Our old friend, Col. Geo. H. French, who, for many years, has been indefatigable in his endeavors to please and provide for those who have been his guests, is soon to bid us farewell.

The Citizens' Valedictory Ball will be projected for his especial benefit, and we know of no person who, either as landlord or gentleman, is more worthy or deserving this demonstration. Tickets will be sent to no one; but every body is hereby most cordially invited to attend the festival, and give our worthy landlord and his amiable wife a real bumper of a benefit.

Tickets may be procured of Messrs. Franklin Curtis, Luke Rideout, and Henry A. Ransom.

THE NEW POSTAGE LAW. The instructions to Postmasters, issued by the Postmaster-General, may be found under the head of "Special Notices." The law takes effect on the First of April next, after which time all letters in the United States must be prepaid.

COUNTY TREASURER. Sufficient towns have voted to ensure the election of Chauncey C. Churchill, Esq., of Dedham, the K. N. candidate, to the office of Treasurer for Norfolk County.

FAST DAY. The Governor and Council of this State have appointed Thursday, April 5th, as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer, and the Governor has issued his Proclamation accordingly, which we shall publish next week.

THE BUFFALO BOARD OF TRADE AND THE MERCHANT'S MAGAZINE. The Boston Daily Advertiser introduces the subjoined resolutions, with the remarks, that "we have often taken occasion to notice this valuable magazine, which has now become a recognized authority in mercantile circles at home and abroad," &c.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade of Buffalo held at the Corn Exchange, January 19th, 1855, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Trade of Buffalo recognize in the monthly periodical, known as *Hunt's Merchant's Magazine and Commercial Review*, a work eminently well adapted to the purposes of the class to whom it is addressed, and fulfilling in a complete degree the intentions and design indicated in its general plan. That in recommending it to the favorable consideration of all business men, we are instigated by no other motives than those legitimate ones, which induce us to commend a work the like of which is not to be found in this or any other country, and the perfection of which render it intrinsically superior to any similar publication.

Resolved, That we cordially commend to all our merchants and commercial men, the Magazine mentioned—that we extend to its originator, and most able conductor, our congratulations upon the success which has rewarded his earnest exertions, at establishing a high toned periodical, devoted exclusively to the interests of the mercantile and business world.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Board furnish Freeman Hunt, Esq., with a copy of these resolutions, duly certified.

HIRAM NILES, President.
JOHN J. HENDERSON, Secretary.

In passing these resolutions, the Buffalo Board has only followed the example of similar associations in most of the large commercial cities. The Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Pittsburg, and other cities, and the Mercantile Library Associations of the same cities, and others, have been equally lavish in bestowing encomiums upon the labors of Mr. Hunt in the field of literature, which was unoccupied until he entered it here some sixteen years since.

TAILORING. We would advise our friends and all lovers of a tasty and well setting garment to call on John Dinegan. He will endeavor to suit you from the Spring Fashions for 1855, which he has just received.

CLAM CHOWDER. During this day and evening, one of those good old fashioned treats of the above named culinary dish, will be served up at the Granite Saloon, on Granite street, by Loring A. French, the proprietor of the establishment, in his usual superior style.

Lovers of the gastronomic art, and disciples of Epicurus, do not fail to drop in and try the Chowder!

SUSPENSION IN CALIFORNIA. The news by the last steamer was very important. It contained accounts of the suspension of five of the principal banking houses in the State—those of Messrs. Page, Bacon & Co., Robinson & Co., Adams & Co., Wells, Fargo & Co., and Wright's Miners' Deposit. Great excitement prevailed among the merchants, and it is impossible to tell what will be the eventual result of these financial embarrassments.

DENTAL SURGERY. We would call attention to the card of Dr. Stocking, in to-day's paper. He is a Dentist of long and extensive practice and acknowledged ability.

FUTURE PROSPECTS. The following paragraph is from *Hunt's Merchant's Magazine*—

"When the spring opens the canals and the lakes, a stream of breadstuffs will set towards the Old World in uninterrupted flow. The ground sown is the most extensive ever under culture within our limits, and if there be no blight on our harvest, we can feed the nations of Europe, so far as they may need beyond their own production. Previous to the coming forward of the new, the stores of old, which have accumulated at the various points of inland shipment, will be sent forward; and that which was hoarded during the fall, when a high price was offered for it in vain, will be sold far below the rates now current."

GENERAL COURT. The Prohibitory Liquor Bill passed the House by the decisive vote of 284 yeas to 41 nays, and there was 52 absent. This bill had previously passed the Senate by a unanimous vote. Mr. Abercrombie voted in favor, and Maj. Webb against the law.

SPRING GOODS. Messrs. Warren & Co. of Boston, whose advertisement may be found in our columns of to-day, have received an extensive and desirable assortment of goods adapted for the spring season, which they will sell at low prices for cash. Excellent goods at fair rates can always be purchased at this popular place, and all in want who go to Boston to buy should give them the first call.

For the Patriot.
Quincy High School.

MR. EDITOR:—In your paper of last week we observed in an article headed, "Our Schools, No. 4," a calumnious attack upon the High School and its Principal, which seemed to be characterized by all the bitterness of personal enmity. The article is, as we are credibly informed, the production of one who, if report be true, ought rather to seek to redeem his own character from those blemishes with which it is stained, than to detract from the reputation and standing of respectable members of society. In our humble opinion, the charges therein preferred against the school and its principal are baseless. In regard to the discipline as being "faulty," the same may, strictly speaking, be said of all discipline, as being the result of human imperfection. But in our opinion the discipline of this school has always been as free from faults as that of any other with which we are acquainted. Our teacher has always been kind, courteous, and agreeable to all his scholars, always ready and willing to assist them in any branches of instruction which might be conducive to their highest welfare. We consider his mode of instruction such as is best adapted to promote a thorough education. He is confined to the text book in so far only as is essential to a thorough knowledge of the principles therein contained. We are happy to be informed that his services have already been secured for another year. We hope that he will long be retained, and that none will again be found among us so base or so low as to attack one whom we have always regarded as a good and faithful teacher.

HIGH SCHOOL SCHOLARS.

The Lyceum.

"On me when dances are satyric,
I take it for a panegyric."

MR. EDITOR:—I was somewhat surprised at the source from which an answer to my first communication on Lyceums emanated, and not a little amused to find that in making certain allusions to "whiskers," I had unwittingly "bearded the lion in his den." Hence the *grouch*, which "Tom Muddie" sent forth in last week's *Patriot*. Now, on reading Mr. Muddie's communication, I came to the conclusion that either he must have taken offence at my rather impertinent remarks on "whiskers," being himself an amateur "bristle" grower, or else that it was his intense hatred of "aspiring young ones," as he would fain imagine his friend Ignotus, which induced him to take up his cudgel, and lay about him with such Quixotic valor. If for the latter reason, simply the hatred of "young ones," then I would remind him of what Gay says in one of his fables.

"Those who in quarrels interpose,
Must often find a bloody nose."

Well there Mr. Editor! if I had thought of it soon enough, I would not have mentioned "Gay," for the next thing we shall see, will be a notice in the *Patriot*, calling a meeting of the Directors of the "Adams Library," to consult on the propriety of allowing Mr.

Muddie a second time, (provided a person accompany him to see that he doesn't fill his pockets, as well as his head,) the use of the Library, so that he may find out whether the Mr. Gay spoken of above, was a cotemporary of Noah or "Angel Gabriel." By the way I think it quite *condescending*, though not very *sensible* in Tom, to let other ignorant besides himself, know the means of obtaining a little salt; for, as soon as the Directors find that other applications, beside his, come in, they will shut down the gates, and thus poor Tom will suddenly find this, his last resource, for literary improvement, cut off.

Mr. Muddie heads his communication with a most strange concoction of words. Poetry it is not; and, as for prose, it wouldn't pass muster under that head. It is neither prose, poetry, nor blank verse. It is nothing short of a vulgarism. The poet says:

"When ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise."

Still, I do think, that in this case, a little advice would prevent my friend Tom from making any more "bulls," at least of the same nature, in future. In the first place then, Mr. Muddie, you stole the two first lines from me. This I consider quite out of taste. Moreover, you made an attempt to improve on the two last by substituting for the euphonic original, words which, when uttered, make a most discordant grind. Besides, you made a most horrid blunder. No! not a blunder, for I don't really think you knew any better. What I mean to say is, you made most shocking bad English of it. The last two lines of your production reads thus:

"I have seen young men threatening all
And no one to be frightened."

Now the idea of your having seen no one be frightened is quite ridiculous. However, I don't consider that a very bad mistake, considering your limited abilities. By the way, I think that the members of the Lyceum ought to show their appreciation of your abilities in defending the honor of the institution, by at least a vote of thanks, or perhaps a copy of "Mother Goose's Melodies."

"Sic transit gloria" seems to have caused you much trouble and perplexity. Well, I don't wonder. It is not to be supposed that your modicum of sense could unravel such a Gordian knot as three simple Latin words. But really I am rather sorry that I gave you such a "bone," for it must have caused some trouble and expense to the Directors of the "Adams Library," to hire a man to watch you during your researches, and prevent you from purloining any of the books. So much comes from "casting pearls before swine." After taking as much pains as you evidently did to solve the mystery, it appears to me that I wouldn't have blattered right out, and asked advice of that unsophisticated young-un, Ignotus. However, if you want to know so bad, any time you will come down to my house, I'll please you enough to enlighten your understanding on "Sic transit gloria." And for fear you may expose your ignorance in future, by asking questions. I would advise you henceforward to—

"Keep silence when you doubt your sense,
And speak though sure with seeming diffidence."

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"Keep silence when you doubt your sense,
And speak though sure with seeming diffidence."

You seem to think that I am quite unsophisticated, and not posted up, as to the secret springs which move society; and as a means of acquiring a knowledge of such things, you recommend that I should join the midnight orgies of the K. N.'s. Very good business for you to be engaged in, to encourage young men, as you imagine me, "to make night hideous with their howls. Besides, if you are an exponent of that party who are evidently moving the springs, as well as the wheels of society at the present day, it is no wonder that "wire pulling" and "log rolling" have reached such perfection.

"Who's in or out, who moves the grand machine,
Nor stirs my curiosity nor spleen;
Secrets of state no more I wish to know,
Than secret movements of a puppet-show;
Let but the puppets move, I've my desire,
Unseen the hand that guides the master wire."

You say, in your last, "it (the Lyceum) was most shamefully disturbed by young people, some older and some younger than Ignotus." Now this is quite a compliment, and I should be very ungrateful if I did not notice it. Of course, if they were younger and older than myself, then I couldn't have been one of the aggressors. But I think it is about time to wind up, for I am afraid I shall take up more than my share of the *Patriot*, and so—

Farewell Tom Muddie, should you seek to rise, By nonsense heap'd on nonsense, don't despise The young ones; for be assured they often know, As much as older persons who attempt to blow. And should ambition rack your brain, I implore the Muses' powerful strain, Soar up to heaven; bring lightning from the skies, Then write of Jove and his dread mysteries, Talk thou of Troy and Ilium burning towers, Of dread Ulysses, and his mystic powers; Revert to ages, gone and past And praise of Baalam, and of Baalam's ass; Then shall you win an authors' fame, And leave behind a meanly and a name.

IGNOTUS.

Marriages.

In this town, on the 18th inst., by Rev. L. Harlow, Mr. Caleb C. Coombs to Miss Hannah M. Dexter, both of this place.

Special Notices.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will be held at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Question for Discussion.
It is expedient for the Town of Quincy to expend \$1000 for a Gate-way to the new Cemetery.

The Public are invited to attend and participate in the debate.

CHARLES L. VEAZIE, President.
BENJ. F. CURTIS, Secretary.

NEW POSTAGE ACT.
The following instructions have been issued by the Postmaster General to Deputy Postmasters throughout the United States, by which it will be seen that from and after April 1st, letters passing through the mails must be prepaid.

1st. That from and after April 1st, 1855, the single rate of postage on a letter conveyed in the mail for any distance between places in the United States, not exceeding three thousand miles, is three cents; and for any distance exceeding three thousand miles, ten cents.

2d. That from and after April 1st, 1855, pre-payment, either by stamps, stamped envelopes or in money, is compulsory.

3d. That from and after January 1st, 1856, all letters between places in the United States must be pre-paid, either by postage stamps, or stamped envelopes.

4th. That the laws relating to the franking privileges are not altered.

5th. That the existing rates and regulations in regard to letters to or from Canada and all other foreign countries remain unchanged.

Postage stamps and stamped envelopes of the denomination of ten cents will be prepared and issued speedily; also a full supply of one and three cent stamps.

Absolute prepayment being required on all letters to places within the United States, from and after 1st April, 1855, great care should be used, as well in pre-paying the proper amount on letters above the weight of half an ounce as on single letters.

J. A. GREEN, Postmaster.
Post Office, Quincy, March 24, 1855.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 17th inst., Mr. Edward Jones, aged 72 years.

On the 19th inst., Mary L. daughter of Mr. Ensign S. and Mrs. Abby J. Fellows, aged 3 years and 4 months.

On the 20th inst., Mr. Daniel Nightingale, aged 87 years.

On the 20th inst., Mrs. Marcia A., wife of Mr. Harrison J. Dawes, aged 21 years.

"A deep and crimson streak
The dying leaves disclose,
As on Consumption's waning cheek,
Mid ruin blooms the rose."

The scene each vision brings
Of beauty in decay,
Of fair and early-fading things,
Too exquisite to stay."

Real Estate for Sale.
The Subscriber offers for Sale the premises now occupied by the late Rev. Peter Whitney, deceased, consisting of a Dwelling House, Barn and Out-Buildings, with about two acres of well cultivated Land, on which is a good variety of Fruit Trees, situated in the centre of the flourishing village of Quincy, and adjoining the estate of the late Rev. Peter Whitney, deceased. The location is one of the most desirable in the Town for a country seat or a place of business, being in the immediate vicinity of Schools, Churches, and the Old Colony Railroad Depot, and a rare chance is offered for a profitable and safe investment.

A portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage.

For further particulars please apply to the Subscriber on the premises.

JOHN B. GLOVER.
Quincy, March 24.

SCHOOL.
MISS E. CONGDON will open a School for young Masters and Misses, on the 9th day of April next, over the store occupied by Charles Holmes, on Hancock street.

Quincy, March 24.

Livery Stock for Sale.
THE Entire Stock of the Hancock House Stable. Possession given immediately. Terms liberal. Enquire of

G. H. FRENCH.
Quincy, March 24.

AT AUCTION.
WILL be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, April 5th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the FEWS belonging to the stockholders in the Methodist Meeting House, Quincy Point, viz:—Pews No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74. The above FEWS will be sold without reserve.

Conditions made known at sale.

ELENEZER ADAMS, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 24.

BOUNTY LANDS.
THE Subscriber will prove claims for officers, soldiers, marines, widows of some, or their children, who were minors when the Act of Congress of 1855 was passed, and procure Land Warrants thereon upon the most reasonable terms.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY.
Weymouth, March 17.

Old Colony and Fall River RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company, will be held in the Hall, in the Depot of said Company, at the corner of North and South streets, in Boston, on Wednesday the Fourth day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of determining whether they will authorize the issue of Bonds by said Company, and of deciding the amount of said Bonds to be issued; and this notice is given in conformity with an Act of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed April 13, 1854, entitled "An Act to authorize Railroad Companies to issue Bonds."

By order of the Directors,
JAMES H. BAXTER, Clerk.
Quincy, March 24.

Potatoes.
100 to 200 BUSHELS Peach Blaw, and 75 to 100 bushels Chenango Potatoes for Seed, for sale by DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 24.

Furniture at Auction.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY next, the 30th day of March, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the house of Mr. John Joseph, in Piney place, near Mr. John Parker's, a good variety of Household Furniture, consisting of Feather Beds, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureaux, Case Seats, and other Chairs, Card and Dining Tables, Looking-glasses, Sofa, Carpets, Sinks, Window Curtains and Fixtures, Time-piece, China, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stoves, Cooking Utensils, Garden Tools, &c. Also—One Refrigerator.

Conditions at sale.

H. A. RANSON, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 24.

AUCTION.
STONE CUTTERS ATTEND.
LARGE STOCK OF STONE CUTTERS TOOLS

Will be sold at Auction, on TUESDAY, the 3d day of APRIL,

AT the Quarry of Messrs. Whittier, Shelton & Co., in Quincy, the whole of their large stock of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering Granite, consisting in part of Sledge Hammers, Riggers, Blocks, Hammer-jacks, Peen Hammers, Bush Hammers, Drills, Chisels, Points, Crow Bars, Chains, new Steel. Blacksmith's Tools, &c., &c., comprising every kind of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering Granite.

The above will positively be sold to the highest bidder in order to close up the affairs of the above named firm. Terms made known at sale.

GEORGE H. FRENCH, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 24.

FOR SALE.
A LOT of LAND with two Dwelling Houses standing thereon, situated on the corner of Elm and Union streets, in Quincy. Enquire of GEORGE WHITE.

Quincy, March 24.

Notice.
THE annual meeting of the Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in Quincy, April 4th, 1855, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of eighteen Directors.

STEPHEN BATES, Secretary.
Quincy, March 24.

WEYMOUTH AND BRAintree Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
THE annual meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Mutual Fire Insurance Company, for the election of Officers, will be held at the office of said Company, on MONDAY, the 9th day of April next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

ELIAS RICHARDS, Secretary.
Weymouth, March 24.

Cemetery.
SEALED Proposals will be received by either of the Subscribers, until the second day of April next, at noon, for erecting the Gateway of the new Cemetery in this Town.

The proposals will cover the whole expense of building the same.

The material to be of Quincy Granite.

The right is reserved to reject any proposal.

WM. S. MORTON,
GEORGE H. LOCKE, Committee.
WM. S. PATTEE.
Quincy, March 24.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED.

JOHN DINEGAN would respectfully inform the Inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity that he has now on hand a choice assortment of Broadcloths, do. Cassimeres and Doeskins, plain and fancy; also a choice selection of Vestings, of new and very desirable styles.

Gentlemen wishing to obtain a Fashionable and well got up Garment are invited to call and see for themselves.

Ready Made Clothing of every description constantly on hand; also, Gents Furnishing Goods.

Quincy, March 24.

SPRING DRY GOODS.
Wholesale and Retail.

New Shawls, New Silks, New Dress Goods, Embroideries, Linens, Housekeeping Goods.

DOMESTICS, &c.
GEORGE W. WARREN & CO., invite attention to their large and choice stock of Foreign and American

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS.

Wholesale buyers will find here styles of Goods which will give satisfaction to their customers, and at very LOW PRICES for cash or short paper.

192 Washington Street.
Boston, March 24.

Collector's Notice, Quincy.
NOTICE is hereby given to the owners or proprietors of the following described Real Estates, that the same has been assessed in the list of Taxes on unimproved to me by the Assessors of the Town of Quincy to collect, being Town, County and State Taxes for the year 1855; to wit, about 1/2 acre of Land on Mount Pleasant (so called) with a dwelling house thereon, bounded easterly on Land of Francis M. Lincoln, westerly on Land of James McDevitt, northerly on Land of Nathaniel Wilde, and southerly on a private road; amount taxed to Cornfield, place, \$3.09 being the premises now occupied by the family of said Murphy. Also about 15 square rods of land situated on Mount Pleasant, (so called), bounded westerly on a northern on a private road, easterly on Land of Francis M. Lincoln, southerly on Land of Geo. L. Baxter; amount taxed to Frank Hooley, 30 cents. If said Taxes and Costs are not paid previous to Tuesday, the 24th day of April next, I shall, on that day, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises, sell at public Auction, so much of said Estates as shall be necessary for those purposes.

Collector of Taxes of the Town of Quincy, for the year 1855.

LEWIS BASS,
Quincy, March 24, 1855.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Feb. 12, A. D. 1855.

LEWIS BASS, the Guardian of Benjamin F. Bass, Abby Bass, and Samuel Bass, minor children of Isaac Bass, late of Quincy, in said County, Yeomany, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance.

Ordered—That said Lewis Bass notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of May, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, March 24.

Potatoes.
100 to 200 BUSHELS Peach Blaw, and 75 to 100 bushels Chenango Potatoes for Seed, for sale by DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 24.

DR. S. STOCKING.

DENTAL SURGEON.

No. 54 Tremont Row, (up stairs,) Boston.

TERMS FOR THE SEASON.—For an entire upper and lower set of Teeth, complete, from \$16 to \$44. For a full upper set on suction, from \$16 to \$44. For a temporary set, to be worn during the healing and shrinking of the gums, from \$10 to \$16. Parts of sets in favorable cases, from \$1.50 to \$4.00. For Pivot Teeth, set on gold, silver or wood pivots, from \$1.50 to \$3.50. For filling with gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00 according to the size of the cavity. Extracting with the use of the electric, without pain, 25 cents. Cleaning, 50 cents. Without it, 25 cents. All operations warranted, and the finest gold used in settings and fillings. Also for sale, a choice selection of Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powders, and Astringent Powders, for hardening and curing soft and diseased gums.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of Dr. Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear well, and work well; and, what is rather remarkable, he seems to be well pleased with furnishing good work than with exorbitant prices for it,—a trait not common with the profession."—*Evening Traveller*.

"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr. Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice with the more confidence, because whatever he undertakes to do he does well. No one who is acquainted with him can doubt that Nature designed him for a Dentist of the right stamp."—*Morning Post*.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to improve the condition of the mouth, by setting, filling, extracting, cleaning, regulating, &c. the teeth, than Dr. Stocking, of this city. His reputation for dental skill is too well established to be doubted."—*Evening Transcript*.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

DEVOTED TO MORALS, EDUCATION, AGRICULTURE, NEWS AND GENERAL LITERATURE.

VOLUME XIX.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1855.

NUMBER XIII.

Apothecary Store.

MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her friends and the public, for their long-continued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of superior Family Medicines, selected with care.



Also—various articles for invalids, Pearl and prepared Barley, Farina, Groats, cracked Wheat, Sago, Tapioca, Oat-flour, Corn Starch, Broom, &c. Jellies, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Guava Paste, &c. Shoulder Braces and Supporters of various kinds, Gum Elastic Breast Pumps, Glass Pipes and chills, patent Nursing Shields, Tubes, and Bottles, spread Plasters, Glass and Metal Syringes, Bed-pans, Teas, Flesh Brushes, &c. &c. Fresh European Leeches always on hand. Physicians' prescriptions put up with care and attention.

She is also receiving the new and popular medicine of the day, as they appear in this and other States. Washington at, rear of Stone Temple. Quincy, Nov. 1. 45¢

IMPORTANT

Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor.

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL

UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE.
As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.



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For the cure of the above and other diseases, GEORGE W. MERCHANT, Lockport, N. Y., is shown in the side of the bottle, and in his hand, holding over the neck of the bottle, and in his hand, holding over the neck of the bottle, and in his hand, holding over the neck of the bottle.

Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine. Send for Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine. Send for Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine.

Also by Wm. T. Rant, D. D., Quincy, Nov. 18. 1¢

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CHOICE Soaps and Perfumes, and various other articles for the Toilette. Glen's Pearl Powder, Harrison's Magnolia Balls, Shand's Lily White, Swift's Oris and Chalk Balls, Chinese Meen Fan, a celebrated Toilette Powder, French's Bell Powder for infants; Tuff Boxes; etc. etc. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, March 11. 1¢

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2000 POUNDS for sale cheap for cash. DANIEL BAXTER & Co. Quincy, March 25. 1¢

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Dr. SOULE'S Oriental Sovereign Balm Pills. Dr. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters. Dr. Eastman's Celebrated SICK HEADACHE REMEDY. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN. Quincy, Jan. 28. 1¢

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OFFICE OF PUBLICATION,
Over I. W. Munroe's Store, on Hancock Street

JOHN A. GREEN, Editor.

CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, and if delayed until the end of the year, then THREE DOLLARS will be required.

No subscription nor advertisement will be discontinued previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices, and will be charged for until ordered out.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business.

Letters and communications, postage paid, will receive early attention.

AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscribers.
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Miscellaneous.

The Ring and the Slipper;

OR, THE QUAKERESS AND THE SHOEMAKER.

There is much romance connected with the good old town of Lynn. Many a tale of love or of terror is related as having happened there. Many a song might be sung of the enterprise of the men, the beauty of the women, and the diversity and grandeur of the scenery.

Lynn is noted for the freedom of thought of its inhabitants, and here may be found every sect into which the religion of our day is divided, from the modest and quiet Quaker to the presuming and violent come-outer.

The peculiarities of the Quaker sect are well known; but it will be necessary to remind you of some of them, gentle reader, in order that the feelings which are portrayed by our story may be brought at once to your mind, and in their full force.

Your staunch old Quaker wears no jewelry, but dresses in the plainest possible manner. The elders claim jurisdiction over all the acts of the members of the congregation, and exercise it, too. There is also a belief that what is spoken in meeting comes directly from God, and that there is a kind of second sight given to the holy ones, so that they can read the thoughts of the members of their congregation, and be able to speak at once to the point of their peculiar spiritual welfare.

This last belief is gradually losing devotees, but at the time in which our story took place its truth was very generally relied upon.

There is no end to delusion when once admitted; and the miraculous, believed in a single instance, paves the way for all sorts of superstition; and a child educated under the Quaker belief of MIND READING will readily hear and cling with pertinacity to such tales as that it is unlucky to remove a ring which has been placed on your finger by another, or that a hen's crowing or dog's howling is a sign that death is about to enter a family. With these brief remarks we will proceed at once to our story of THE RING AND THE SLIPPER.

That section of Lynn called Woodend is one of the most interesting portions of the place, and here, many years ago, dwelt a substantial old Quaker who carried on a large farm. Neatness was the predominant characteristic of his house and grounds, and a certain closeness, said to be a Quaker virtue, could be plainly seen in all his domestic arrangements. The family consisted, besides himself, of a wife and a daughter whose name was Prudence, and who, under the influence of Friendly training bade fair to do credit to her name.

No prettier face peeped from under a drab bonnet of a Sunday in the church than hers; and many a sly look was cast from the side of the house where the beaux sat primly in their plain coats and broad-rimmed hats, to the seat where Prudence rested, waiting for the moving of the slipper.

The cracked voice of Aunt Hannah as she gave forth the only text she was ever known to preach upon—"In the midst of life we are in death,"—might have been acceptable to those who sat in the high seats, and, resting on their canes, nodded an approval with their heads to sentiments which their sleeping faculties could not comprehend, but the sweet tones and ringing laugh of Prudence, as she greeted friends at the portal, was music in the ears of the Quaker beaux whose spirits had been moved towards her during the whole of that silent morning.

Farmer N. had more room in his house than he knew well what to do with, and so he let

a part to a shoemaker and his wife, who paid a rent in proportion, not to the value of what they enjoyed, but to the prudent and calculating spirit of the farmer. The two families living under one roof soon became intimate and spent much of their time in each other's society.

Everything went on well until Charles B— came to learn the trade of a shoemaker and had his seat in the shop, and his place by the fire and at the table of his boss. Charles was a good fellow, careful, painstaking, and never injured his character in the eyes of his employer by "sprees," but his Quaker neighbor was unwilling to acknowledge his perfection since it was not the result of private meditation, or his own powerful preaching at the most unpretending church in town. "Nevertheless," he was wont to say, "there has much of the heaven of goodness in thee, friend Charles; but thou needest the watchful care of thy elders, lest thou should become corrupted by the ways of the world, which are not after the moving of the good, but rather of the evil spirit."

Charles was modest and retiring, and Prudence was possessed of the same virtues, except when they interfered with her preconceived opinions and superstitions, and then she could battle as bravely as the old founders of her sect.

These two young people often met in the shoemaker's chambers, and their shyness afforded much amusement to both him and his wife. The latter indeed often rallied them upon it, both when they were alone and when they were together in her room, and even went so far as sometimes to rise and hastily leave the room in order, as she said, "that they might have an opportunity to court;" but these things only made matters worse, until one day Prudence asked Charles to make her a pair of shoes, which he readily agreed to. The shoes were finished and given to Prudence, but when she offered to pay for the making of them, Charles declined to receive the compensation, saying that he "had done the work out of kindness and did not want any pay." Prudence insisted, but Charles was firm, so she laid the money upon the table and taking her slippers, left the room.

Charles felt blue. His first advance had been rejected. What should he do? keep the money? he could not think of it. At last a bright thought entered his mind. He would take the money and, putting more with it, would buy some little token for Prudence.

On the next day when they met, Charles taking her hand slipped a ring quickly upon one of her fingers. Prudence blushed, Charles blushed, the shoemaker's wife laughed, Prudence hastily left the room, and Charles went to his seat.

The little circumstance of the ring and slipper had awakened new thoughts and new feelings in our hero and heroine.

Charles was happy as it was, but with Prudence many thoughts passed quickly through her mind and struggled with the other. Her parents must not see the ring. Quakers did not tolerate jewelry, but then it was unlucky to take it off, and her superstition got the better of her parental obedience. With her hand carried carefully under her apron, Prudence went about the house all day, but at supper time, forgetful of the ring, she reached out her arm to pass the tea, and the ring was discovered.

"Prudence, go to thy room," said the father.

"Prudence, hast thou forsaken the faith thou wast bred in, and gone over to the world," chimed in the mother, and Prudence sought her own apartment.

After supper was finished both parents went to Prudence and exhorted, entreated, and commanded her, to tell where she got the ring and to take it off. Her only answer "it would be unlucky, I cannot do it."

Here was a pretty fix. Jewelry worn and parental authority disobeyed, and by one rigidly brought up in the faith and blessed with a name that ought to have been a barrier against all such worldly ways. Day after day the parents attempted to regain their lost authority, but to no purpose, and as a last resort, farmer N— determined to lay the affair before the church. A meeting was called of the elders, and Prudence was arraigned before that tribunal which has caused so much terror to many a seceding Quaker. The regularly ordained preachers exhorted. Those whom the spirit moved drew out their opinion of the heinousness of Prudence's crime. The old women stretched forth bony and unadorned hands in supplication to her, and the old men denied ever having given love-tokens in their youth, and dwelt upon the folly and worldliness of wearing jewelry. The only ring which Farmer N— thought was of any use hung in the nose of his bull, and his wife thought she could imagine something of the same kind through the most prominent part of the farmer's face, by which she managed him.

"Prudence," said the presiding elder, "the spirit hath moved me, to speak unto thee, and inasmuch as thou hast left the faith and departed from the ways of thy fathers, to denounce thy course and pray for thy speedy return unto the doctrines of filial obedience, and that simplicity of dress which shuns jewelry and fine raiment, and robes itself in the sober colors of thy sect. And for the young man to whom thy spirit claves, he is of the world's people, and not for such as thee to consort with, lest peradventure thou shouldst come to evil and thy days be numbered, and the hair of thy parents when it is turned gray be brought in sorrow to their grave."

They people have ordained that thee be sent to Providence, and trained in the way which thou shouldst journey in, by the discreet teachers whom the spirit has placed over that excellent institution, and if thou art found in Lynn after next second day, the church will excommunicate thee, and withdraw its previous influence over thy soul."

Poor Prudence. Love she had not before thought of, but now it sprang up strongly within her. Persecution (for she thought she was persecuted) awakened her heart from its timidity, and it beat loudly for the one who had placed that ring upon her finger. She had gone to the church in the slippers which he had made, but now that she had returned they were too precious to ever again be worn. That ring, whose only advocate had been superstition, now had love to plead for its remaining upon her finger. Under the support of the first it had withstood father, mother, and the church; under the joint influence of the two it would bid defiance to the world.

Poor Charles. No, not poor, he had accomplished his purpose. Prudence loved him, and might yet be his. The hammer, as it fell briskly and heavily upon the stone in his lap, told of the strokes he must make for fortune, and the well waxed thread, as he drew it through his work, sung of the happy termination of his labors.

Second day came, and Prudence was sent to Providence. For three long years she stayed there, and saving the golden circlet about her finger, her garb presented the sober and never-varying appearance of the Quaker; but in her heart, covered by its warm folds, she wore a jewel which no church creed could deprive her of, and which, like the diamond, shone the brighter from the cuts it had received.

For the first year after the departure of Prudence, Charles continued to work at the bench; but after that time, the qualities of industry and frugality which he possessed, won for him the good opinion of a merchant in the neighboring city, and he was offered a place in his counting room. When the three years had passed away, Charles was admitted into the firm; and the intellectual energy of his character had won for him a high place in the opinion of his townsmen.

The Quaker Church had, in the meantime, begun to decline. Coats with the tails a trifle shorter, and bonnets the scoop of which was not quite so deep, made their appearance within its walls every Sunday, and the sliding panels which separated the sexes were seldom closed.

The elders nodded to each other with becoming gravity when they slept, but the young ones smiled across the house, and indulged in dreams more fanciful than Somnus ever inspired. Jewelry and colored cloths might be denounced, but pretty Quakeresses would long for them, and out of the church they married whenever opportunity was presented. Music had its charms, and the daughters of Fox could appreciate and execute it as well as the daughters of the world. The times had changed.

Prudence returned. Farmer N— saw the ring upon her finger; his wife saw it too. Quaker beaux called and went away. Charles called, but did not depart until the day was fixed, and the reluctant consent of the farmer and his wife obtained.

Many a yearly meeting has been celebrated since they were married, but the ring still rests on Prudence's finger, and the slippers are preserved, in remembrance of her love and its trials; and when the children crowd around Charles in the evening, they do not have to coax much to make father tell the story of THE RING AND THE SLIPPER.—Bay State.

Voting Understandingly.

Some years ago, when the Legislature of one of the middle states were framing a constitution, the discussion of its various provisions was very warm and obstinate. Many days had been spent in fiery debate, and the vote was at length about to be taken. Just at this moment, a country member, who had been absent for some days previously, entered the House and took his seat. Another member, who was in favor of the amended Constitution went to him, and endeavored to make a convert of him.

"You must vote for the Constitution, by all means," said he.

"I'll think of it," said the honorable country member.

"But you must make up your mind at once, my man, for the vote is about to be taken."

The country member scratched his head, and seemed puzzled.

"Come, why do you hesitate? Will you promise to vote for the Constitution? I am sure it will give general satisfaction to all."

"I'll vote for it on one condition," said the country member.

"And what is that?"

"And no other, by gracious!"

"But what condition is it?"

"Why, that they let it run through my farm."

Have we a Boy among Us?

What are we to do for boys?

When we were a boy, there were lots of boys that they have gradually grown scarce, until now there is hardly a boy left. As we walk through the streets we read in shop windows—"Boy wanted." When we pick up a newspaper the first advertisement that strikes our eye is—"A Boy wanted." In a word every body wants a boy.

The other day a little fellow about fourteen years of age, (begging his pardon, we took for a boy) applied to us for a situation.

"What can you do?" we inquired.

"A little of almost every thing," was the reply.

"Are you quick at your errands?"

"Well, sir I don't much like to do errands."

"Can you sweep and dust well?"

"Why, sir, young men don't sweep any now-a-days. The women folks have monopolized that branch of the business. It isn't."

He was going to say, sweeping isn't genteel but he hesitated to say his conviction.

"How will you make yourself useful?"

"Why, I'll sit in the office, and answer questions when you are out."

"And how much do you ask for this service?"

"In the neighborhood of three dollars."

"In the neighborhood?"

"Yes sir."

"What do you mean by 'neighborhood'?"

"Simply three dollars, sir—a trifle more or less."

"And you can neither sweep nor run errands."

"O, (a little vexed,) I could but—"

"But what?"

"It isn't exactly the thing."

"Yet at your age, we—"

"Sir," said he, picking up his hat and striding towards the door, "you don't take me for a boy, do you?"

Amused, but not astonished, we asked ourselves the question—What are we to do for boys?

If some Yankee would undertake to get up a lot of boys, he could make a large fortune in a short time; for never within our recollection, have boys been in such demand.

In years gone, hatters used to advertise hats for boys. Now it's hats for young gentlemen. Then there were schools for boys—tailors for boys—sports of all kinds for boys. But that race of boys ran out; young gentlemen took their places.

Have we a boy among us?—that's the question.—Phil. Rem.

Heart Treasures.

The heart has many treasures which are valueless to the world. Who would prize the drawer which contains what were once the playthings of little Ella, who has gone to live with the angels—but her mother? And what will make a father shed such briny tears—tears that will chase each other down his manly cheeks—like again looking upon the tiny cap and cane which Willy proudly called his own the very day before he died?

The grave has a strange hold upon our affections; we are prone to believe something is beneath it we once loved. We cling to the casket when all that made it dear has deserted it. The form of an aged parent rises before us: we cannot disavow the holy counsel he gave us from the form in which he was clothed. We cannot conceive of a disembodied spirit; it must have a form. Imagination gives back our friend in yonder fleecy cloud, or in a twinkling star, or he hovers over us with an angel's wing, something we must have for fancy to linger upon.

We had been a wanderer upon the world's wide stage for years,—nurtured in the school of suffering, and willing at any moment to resign our being: we felt that all our sympathies were dried up; that we were weary and would find go home,—yes, home, and that word rekindled our affection, and we presently were carried back to the spot where we first breathed the vital air. Desolation had left its trace upon every apartment; the low bedroom where we had slept so

many years seemed to have first decayed; the chamber where with my sister I had played in happy childhood, was tenantless, and I was pointed to the high modern dwelling upon the hill as my father's last residence; but my heart-history was with the old home and little farm attached. I stood upon the old door-stone, and busy memory brought again to my sight the reapers in yonder field, or the hay-makers, preceded by my father, who always took the lead. I heard my mother chiding Alice that she had too long stayed away in gathering her wild flowers—but it was a gentle chiding, and then she bade me look upon the dripping buds and moss, and wild honeysuckle, which my sister had so tastefully arranged as a gift to her lover, whom we did not quite love because he would some day pluck our fair flower from the garden of our home. Yes, we stood there, as ever; and the distressing thought came to us, that since the broad blaze of that mid-summer's day, our parents had passed away, and we had not always heeded the last parting counsel,— "Be sure and shun evil company, my son;" the consciousness of this disobedience made the agony of soul which oppressed me now,—for there, in the chambers of memory, stood the sainted purity which made my eyes bedim with tears, I mentally exclaimed, "Would to heaven I could blot the sin of ingratitude from my catalogue of crimes."

I looked upon the three mounds of earth just covered with a slight fall of snow. How pure was such a coating. Was it not an emblem of her who had planted the rose-tree by our father's grave? And the wintry blast swayed a tender stem upon which there were a few decayed snowberries; they clung to the stalk just as innocence was closely embalmed in that young bosom. All was still without, around; why did the life-blood course so hurriedly through my system? There was a heart-history which we will not tell: God grant it may be blotted out by the recording Angel.

methinks I should have shuddered to have wandered thus alone among the graves of strangers. We do not fear to tread where our dearest friends are laid away. We go to commune with them. It softens the affections to recall the image of that innocent prattler who used to sit upon our knee and caress us with his tiny arms, and play games through his fingers. We wonder about what he is now employed, and how we should welcome an interview with the angel who took him. We cannot conceive of his never inquiring for those upon whom he lived while here. Nay, more,—that venerated sire who was always so deeply interested in our successes and grieved over our losses, and encouraged us when disheartened, and whose affectionate love never waned, we would know if he does not love us still?

And when we feel bereaved, and would lie down in the valley beside those who have gone before us, we cannot but anxiously inquire if, with the mingling of our ashes with theirs, we have not a type that our spirits are thus closely again brought in sympathy?—Ballou's Pictorial.

Governor's Proclamation.

A Christian people, recognizing their dependence on the God of Nations for the preservation of their privileges, should consecrate a period to consider His mercies and entreat their continuance, to confess, with humility, personal and national sins, and penitently to invoke Divine forgiveness. Especially are we of Massachusetts called on to observe a custom hallowed by our fathers, and remembering that God is in history, that events and epochs are His footprints, and that nations have their judgment days, to implore Him so to develop His mysterious Providence, as to permit our Republic to work out its mission and destiny, by becoming an example, not a warning, to the nations.

To acknowledge our need of such Divine guidance, without which governments come to naught, I appoint, by and with the consent of the Council, Thursday, the fifth day of April next, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer—

That true religion may be increased everywhere, and the shackles of superstition and idolatry be removed from the ignorant and degraded:

That our country may be prospered, and its inhabitants led to jealously guard their liberties and properly value their privileges—

That the guidance of Heaven may rest upon our Rulers, Legislators, and those who administer the Laws:

That blessings may descend on the seed of the sower and the labors of the husbandman; on the industry of the artisan and on the trackless path of the mariner: on our seminaries of learning and on institutions of benevolence.

Let the people pray that neither our moral sentiments may be crushed down in the education of the intellect, nor our spiritual in-

stincts deadened by the intense pursuit of material interests:

That our country may be spared from war, pestilence and famine, and all the national scourges by which an overruling Providence interposes to check the career of states, to punish national crimes, and to admonish or destroy, according to the behests of mercy or retribution:

That conflicts of opinion may tend to the advancement of the right:

And that another destiny, than that of decline and dissolution may be written upon our annals, for the encouragement of the nations, and the welfare of the coming generations.

Putting its Foot in It.

"Ba-a-a, ba-a-a!" shrieked a half-naked infant of about eighteen months old.

"What's the matter wit mamma's sweet little ducky?" says its affectionate mother, while she presses it to her bosom, and the young serpent in return digs its talons in her face.

"Daden, missis, I know what little massa Dinah wants," exclaimed the cherub's negro nurse.

"You black huzzy! why don't you tell me, then?" and the infuriated mother gives Dinah a douse in the chops with her shoe.

"Why, he wants to put his foot in dat pan of gray wata on de harf!" whimpered the unfortunate darkey.

"Well, why don't you bring it here, aggravating nigger, you?" replies the mother of bawling young one. Dinah brings the gray, and little Jim puts his bare foot in the pan, dishing the milk-warm grease about his sweet little shanks, to the infinite delight of its mamma, who tenderly exclaims: "Did mamma's little Dinmy want to put its teeny weeny footies in the gray? It shall paddle in the pan as it soosey-vooseys, and then it shall have its pooty red frock on, and go and see its pappy-yappy."

Home and Wife on Saturday.

hat and the roof. Let me add that this commodious carriage is lighted by two powerful lanterns, which enable any person present to read comfortably.

THE QUINCY PATRIOT.

Saturday, March 31st, 1855.

The War in the East.

By the arrival of the Atlantic, Capt. West, at New York, we have one week's later news from Europe.

The death of the Emperor Nicholas is confirmed; he died as stated at noon on the 2d of March. The news of his death was received in England, as if it was the news of a great victory. In Paris, some ballad singers had been arrested for singing verses disrespectful to the Czar. The Emperor is succeeded by the Grand Duke Alexander, his eldest son, and his brothers have taken the oath of allegiance to him. He has issued a manifesto, declaring that he will sustain his father's policy, and endeavor to maintain Russia on that highest standard of power and glory, and aim to accomplish the incessant views and wishes of his predecessors; and hopes that the zeal of his subjects will assist him therein.

Menchikoff is recalled and succeeded in the chief command by Gortschakoff, Osten Sacken being second. It is rumored that the Grand Duke Michael had been severely wounded in an engagement on the Scheranga, and had died in Sebastopol of his wounds—this however wants confirmation.

Immediately on the news of the death of the Czar reaching Paris, orders were sent out to press the siege with the utmost vigor. The Russians had received reinforcements, and news of a great battle may be expected by every mail. The Russians seem disposed to take the offensive, and attack the Allies in their lines. The London papers say that the war is only commenced, and that it will be a long and bloody one. A disagreement has arisen between France and England—Napoleon having remonstrated against Mr. Roebuck's committee for inquiry into the conduct of the war. He has said that if the committee continue its session, that the armies of the two countries cannot act together, although they may act for the same object. Lord Clarendon went by express to Bologna and succeeded in glossing matters over, or as the telegraph states made things strait.

England is fast settling down into a second rate power; and it is thought that in order to do away with Roebuck's committee, Parliament will be dissolved.

The report that the Emperor Napoleon intends going in person to the Crimea is still gaining ground, and it is said that all the preparations are made and things arranged at Paris for his departure.

There has been some slight disturbance in Switzerland. In Berlin, the Court went into mourning, and orders were issued for the whole Prussian army to wear the symbols of mourning for four weeks.

NEW FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

At the first meeting of the Dorchester Mutual Fire Insurance Company, held March 27th inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen Directors for the current year.

Dorchester—Asaph Churchill, Edward H. Ruggles, Robert Vose, Otis Wright, Henry Humphrey, Charles A. Wood, Dexter E. Wadleigh and John H. Robinson.

Milton—Samuel Babcock.

Braintree—Norton Pratt.

Dedham—Henry O. Hildreth.

South Canton—Charles Endicott.

Weymouth—James Torrey.

At a meeting of the Directors, Asaph Churchill, Esq., was chosen President of the Corporation, and Robert Rhodes, Secretary.

A TOUGH CUSTOMER.

As the quarter before four train of cars on the Old Colony Railroad from Boston, was nearing North Braintree, on Wednesday last, at the rate of about thirty miles an hour, an Irishman started to go from one car to another, when the wind blew off his cap. Without a moment's thought, he leaped after it, and Major Mel-lur, who saw him and furnishes us the facts, says he made a complete somerset striking on his head with such force as to make a breach in the rear part of his pantaloons. The brakes were applied and the cars stopped as soon as possible. The conductor looked back, and saw the Irishman coming towards the train, waving his hands. Supposing it to be a signal to "go ahead," the train went on and left him. When the train arrived at North Braintree, Mr. Mellur went back to look for the Irishman, and met him coming along as if nothing had happened, though he complained of being a little sore.

RAILROAD TIME.

On reference to the advertisement of the O. C. and F. R. Railroad, it will be observed that a change takes place, on Monday next, in the hours of running the cars.

CLAN CHOWDER.

One of these univalued dishes, "got up" in the Granite Saloon's popular style, will be ready for admiring to-day and evening. Orders for dinners supplied.

Burial of Luther Munn.

The remains of the late Luther Munn of Quincy, one of the "Granite Kings," well and extensively known in the business world as a man of great enterprise, and a heavy contractor, were taken to Gill, (Mass.) and interred March 28th, as we learn from the Greenfield Gazette. The following brief but just tribute was paid to his memory at his grave, by Mr. J. D. Canning:—

"The thought occurred to me, while attending these obsequies, how beautifully, although mournfully, they illustrate the spirit of patriotism, love of one's country—of one's nativity:—LUTHER MUNN was born in Gill; Possessed of that spirit of enterprise, forecast, and calculation which are characteristic of the true New Englander, he pushed his fortunes abroad, and rose to an eminent station in the great business world around us. His name will go down to coming generations with honorable mention, as connected with many of our great public works and enduring operations. I instance only that stupendous enterprise, which, when completed, we may well call the eighth "wonder of the world," the Hoosac Tunnel. But, while enjoying the unclouded light of the sun of prosperity, and surrounded by the din, bustle, and bewilderment of business, he never forgot Gill, the place of his birth. Here it was his intention (as I have been informed,) to spend the evening of his days; and here it was his wish, and long sleep, when the wearisome journey of his life should be over. Mr. Munn was the friend, the adviser, and the well-paying employer of many of our young men who have adventured abroad; some of whom have returned to dwell among us, and some of whom are here to-day to bear witness to the truth which I utter.

Mr. Munn was, also, an old pupil of my beloved father, now in the fields of eternal glory,—one of the many whom he assisted to fit for usefulness in the walks of practical life. At my last interview with the deceased, he expressed himself warmly in the language of gratitude towards his venerable instructor.

I take, my friends, a mournful pleasure in being permitted to pay this tribute, though brief and humble, to the memory and worth of Luther Munn; and to assist in welcoming his mortal remains to repose in this dust—here, amidst these beautiful scenes which he loved to contemplate, lightened and brightened by the sun of his life's morning."

BANK RETURNS.

Following is a statement of the average condition of the Banks named for four weeks ending March 31:

Randolph—Capital \$150,000, loans and discount \$29,882, specie in bank 9,386, due from other banks 18,518, due to other banks 1,363, deposits 54,675, circulation 80,519.

Quincy Stone—Capital \$100,000, loans and discount 187,660, specie in the bank 5,529, due from other banks 13,965, deposits 39,829, circulation 55,956.

Union of Braintree and Weymouth. Capital \$150,000, loans and discounts 202,166, specie in bank 5,733, due from other banks 2,546, due to other banks 4,434, deposits 28,743, circulation 75,989.

A. EVERETT STETSON.

The Hingham Journal, in its "Glimpses in the Legislature," thus speaks of the Representative from South Scituate:—

A. Everett Stetson is a native of Braintree, and a son of Hon. C. Stetson, the late nominee of the Democratic party for Lieut. Governor. He is about twenty-nine years of age, a graduate of Harvard, and quite eminent as a physician. He has resided in Scituate some three or four years, and notwithstanding his antecedents, which are presumed to be purely democratic, he has been called to take an active part in the interests of the town, serving on School Committees and as its Representative.

Dr. Stetson is a man of mind and energy, he can dissect the argument of his opponent, and batter down his untenable positions, as readily as he administers a pill or amputates a limb. He has not indulged in a "set speech" as yet, but is abundantly qualified to do so, as is evident from the brief, pointed, and forcible remarks he utters on the spur of the moment as occasion requires and legislation demands. He possesses qualities that fit him admirably for the duties imposed upon him by the town of his adoption, and in the discharge of his duty at home or in the Legislature, he is fearless and independent, dressing down what he deems deserving it with unsparring irony and sarcasm. His position on one of the Joint Standing Committees, and on other Committees, as well as in his seat, has allowed him to manifest his tact, talent, foresight, and industry as a legislator. He is fast rising in the estimation of his townsmen, as a useful citizen and a skilful physician. They will not be disappointed in him, for he is a sterling man and no mistake.

The Lyceum and "Ignotus."

"Hark from the tomb a doleful sound."

Mr. Editor.—I commence with the above quotation because as a matter of course I must be dead and laid away as food for worms in the cold dark tomb, after receiving such a dreadful mauling from our blackguard

friend, "Ignotus." Young Mr. Goose, the gentleman who, on the same principle that the pot calls the kettle hard names, thinks some people are possessed of "assinine qualities." Show me, if you can, a more complete specimen of the long eared beast than he; in my humble opinion.

"This fellow is wise enough to play the fool, And, to do that well, craves a kind of wit."

He professes to be astonished that I, a miserable ignoramus, should presume to utter or write a word against him. But what of it? I am sure I know him well enough to be certain he is a spookey, as little to be feared as a blind kitten.

A grave coxcomb we may sometimes see, Quite as absurd, though not so light as he; A shallow brain behind a serious mask, An oracle within an empty cask."

Your correspondent thinks he "smells a mice," or in other words that he has bearded the lion, because when he alludes to whisks he hears a growl. I wish it was so, but alas! my face is as smooth as a maid's, and not more downy than his own; so, far from being a man of hair it would be quite impossible to discover the slightest semblance of a bristle on my ugly mug, even with the aid of a powerful microscope. He thinks I am Quixotic in my movements; well, no doubt of it, for I must confess I pitched into one who will do me as little harm as a wind mill; one whose head is of the pumpkin order; but for all that, I had an object in view: I meant by telling truth, to cause, if possible, a jack-ass to bray still louder, and I succeeded.

Now I consider said brayings as of little consequence and hardly worth answering, though for the sake of keeping up the fun I will answer a fool according to his folly. After a careful examination of the "Young un's" vain attempt at satire, the conclusion arrived at is this; it contains no truth, nothing of any value, it is nothing but billingsgate and the veriest trash.

The "Young un" sees fit to try and be funny about the Adams Library. He thinks I am foolish to let others into the secret of gaining knowledge from that quarter, but we must excuse his levity on that point, because of his ignorance of the subject. The statements I made concerning the library are strictly true. It is a fact that the Adams Library is so hampered with rules and regulations that no one can get at it except in the way I mentioned. But of this "Ignotus" knows nothing; he is young and green, (I doubt whether he knew there was such a valuable collection of books in town) and therefore pokes fun when a man of sense would be serious. He accuses me of stealing his poetry, and then goes on to criticize in the most savage manner what he claims as his own, and surely, in order to get along with such doings we must either conclude that he forgot himself, or that he certainly is a fool.

The fact of the matter is, I borrowed the poetry where he did. But hear what he says: "Mr. Muddle heads his communication with a most strange concoction of words. Poetry it is not; and as for prose, it wouldn't pass muster under that head. It is neither prose, poetry, nor blank verse; it is nothing short of vulgarism." Now is it not fun to have "Ignotus" accuse us of stealing his poetry and then to have him criticize it in that savage manner. I think, Mr. "Ignotus" we shall have to consider you one of

"The noisy geese that gabbled in the pond," or we might, with O. W. Holmes, exclaim:

"Is that a swan that rides upon the water? Oh no! it is that other gentler bird, A goose!"

Once more, Mr. "Goose," when you wish to be particularly down on a fellow, and crush him out by showering upon him blackguard, and by accusing him of stealing and murdering poetry, be careful what you say and do yourself. You make the poet Gray speak thus:—

"When ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise."

Now Gray will appear to you if you butcher him in that way; this is what he wrote:—

"Where ignorance is bliss, 'Twere folly to be wise."

Do you see the difference, Mr. "Goose."

Again, you accuse me of murdering the "President's" English, and of making bulls. So far as the "bulls" are concerned, you may have the precedence, you are entitled to it by practice. Let us be fair about it; you do the "bulls" and I will do the bad grammar. And such being the arrangement, let me caution you to beware of such bad sentences as I quote from you, as follows; it is good "Goose" grammar, but bad plain English:—

"It required but a moment, and the customary vote of thanks were put."

It were, were it? well, where did they put it? Perhaps Mr. "Goose" you can make good sense of this:—"At last the door opened, and with dignified step, which would have done honor to a Roman Senator, he took his accustomed seat." Oh! he did, did he? he took his seat with dignified steps; well, most likely he did. Once more, we will excuse your ignorance if you will try and learn. So, let me in conclusion say, I consider "Ignotus" about as great a man as the fellow

"Who saw with his own eyes the moon was round."

Was also certain that the earth was square, Because he'd journeyed fifty miles, and found No signs that it was circular anywhere."

Tom Muddle.

Summary of Intelligence.

ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

Charles L. Flint, Esq., Secretary of the Board of Agriculture of Massachusetts, appeals to the farmers and others of the State who have regard for the public welfare, to do what they can to put a stop to the cruel practice of shooting birds.

A sale of seven thousand bushels of Genesee wheat was made in New York on Thursday last week, at two dollars and seventy cents per bushel. This is the highest price which wheat has been sold at for many years.

Harvard College has secured James Russell Lowell for Professor of Belle Lettres, in place of Mr. Longfellow; ex-Gov. Washburn as Lecturer in the Law School, in place of Judge Loring, rejected.

Bill Poole, the ruffian recently shot in N. York city, lived nearly a fortnight with a pistol ball buried in the centre of his heart. After his death his heart was taken out, and the bullet found in it.

N. A. M. Dudley, of Roxbury, has been appointed a first lieutenant in the 10th (new) regiment of infantry, of the United States Army.

Young men should bear in mind that coats, tails, cigars, profanity, tall shirt-collars and bluster, do not make men.

The total number of votes in Kansas is 3036, as ascertained by the census recently taken. The population of the territory is not stated.

It is stated that the South Shore Railroad, notwithstanding they run a portion of the way over the Old Colony track, will not raise the price of their tickets.

Bonnets in New York city, this season, are not worn so much as they were last; the crowns droop more, and the front is slightly projecting. Flowers and lace are used in their trimming.

Metcalf (K. N.) has about one thousand majority for Governor in New Hampshire.

President Pierce has issued a proclamation putting into effect the Act of Congress of August last, which admitted free of duty the products of Canada and of the Eastern provinces—breadstuffs, fish, coal, etc.—the President having received "satisfactory evidence" that the treaty had been officially accepted by the British Parliament and the Legislatures of the several provinces.

Special Notices.

A meeting of the Adams Literary Association will take place at their Hall, on MONDAY EVENING next, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

Question for Discussion.

Is it expedient for the Town of Quincy to expend \$1600 for a Gate-way to the new Cemetery?

The Public are invited to attend and participate in the debate.

CHARLES L. VEAZIE, President.

BENJ. F. CURTIS, Secretary.

NEW POSTAGE ACT.

The following instructions have been issued by the Postmaster General to Deputy Postmasters throughout the United States, by which it will be seen that from and after April 1st, letters passing through the mails must be prepaid.

1st. That from and after April 1st, 1855, the single rate of postage on a letter conveyed in the mail for any distance between places in the United States, not exceeding three thousand miles, is three cents; and for any distance exceeding three thousand miles, ten cents.

2d. That from and after April 1st, 1855, pre-payment, either by stamps, stamped envelopes or in money, is compulsory.

3d. That from and after January 1st, 1856, all letters between places in the United States must be pre-paid, either by postage stamps, or stamped envelopes.

4th. That the laws relating to the franking privileges are not altered.

5th. That the existing rates and regulations in regard to letters to or from Canada and all other foreign countries remain unchanged.

Postage stamps and stamped envelopes of the denomination of ten cents will be prepared and issued speedily; also a full supply of one and three cent stamps.

Absolute prepayment being required on all letters to places within the United States, from and after 1st April, 1855, great care should be used, as well in pre-paying the proper amount on letters above the weight of half an ounce as on single letters.

J. A. GREEN, Postmaster.

Post Office, Quincy, March 24, 1855.

Deaths.

In this town, on the 23d instant, Mr. Daniel Driscoll, aged 27 years.

On the 27th instant, Mr. Frederick H. Bartlett, aged 27 years and 3 months.

Again has the messenger, Death, entered this family circle, disappointed the expectations of a widowed mother and fondly attached brother and sisters, leaving them to mourn their loss and feel the desolation which the fall-destructor makes in removing an affectionate and dutiful son, and a kind and indulgent brother. But, weep not afflicted mother, dry your tears sorrowing sisters and mourning brothers, remembering the "Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, and blessed be the name of the Lord."

On the 27th instant, Capt John K. Hamilton, aged 57 years and 7 months.

On the 29th instant, Susannah Marsh, aged 60 years.

Funeral this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. Thomas M. Marsh.

In Braintree, on the 23d instant, Mrs. Jane West, aged 55 years.

In Milton, on the 23d instant, Andrew, son of Mr. Andrew J. and Mrs. Abigail Rideout, aged 13 years.

Furniture at Auction.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Charles L. Veazie, Granite Street, a good variety of Household Furniture, consisting of Chairs, Tables, Bureau, Bedstead, Sink, Wash-stands, Looking-glasses, Time-piece, Carpets, Mattresses, Window-curtains and Fixtures, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stoves, and a variety of other articles.

H. A. RANSON, Aucr.

Quincy, March 31.

Quincy Loan Fund Association.

THE regular monthly meeting will be held at the Lyceum Room, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 4th, at 8 o'clock.

LOUIS CONGDON, Secretary.

Quincy, March 31.

Mount Wollaston Bank.

A DIVIDEND of Four per cent. has been declared, payable on MONDAY, April 2d.

LOUIS CONGDON, Cashier.

Quincy, March 31.

Trustees' Meeting.

THE semi-annual meeting of the Trustees of the Quincy Savings Bank will be held at the Lyceum Room, on TUESDAY, the 3d day of April ensuing, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of declaring the semi-annual and an extraordinary dividend, and to transact any other business that may legally come before them.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, Treasurer.

Quincy, March 31.

Quincy Savings Bank.

THE Annual Meeting of the Members of the Quincy Savings Bank will be held at the Selectmen's Room, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of April ensuing, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Officers and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

Per Order.

ISRAEL W. MUNROE, Secretary.

Quincy, March 31.

To Let,

THE House, Barn, Garden, and a large lot of different kinds of Fruit, being the place I now occupy. Also—The House, Barn and Garden adjoining. Apply to WILLIAM TORREY.

Quincy, March 31.

Reform Your Tailor's Bills.

Removed,

Liberty Hall Clothing Store,

HANCOCK STREET,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CALEB PACKARD'S.

D. D. RING.

WILL be happy to wait on his friends, and make up from his large stock of Broadcloth, Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Dressings, together with a choice selection of Fanny Silk and Grandine Vestings into the latest and most approved styles of CLOTHING.

Garments made by him warranted to fit.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods &c., always on hand.

N. B.—Particular attention given to BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gentlemen furnishing their own cloths will be strictly attended to.

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE Samuel B. Noyes, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for said County of Norfolk.

The third meeting of the creditors of

JOHN K. HAMILTON,

of Quincy, in said County, Master Mariner, an insolvent debtor, will be held at the Office of said Commissioner, in Canton, in said County, on the twelfth day of June next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Wm. S. MORTON, Assignee.

Quincy, March 31.

Insolvent Notice.

BEFORE SAMUEL B. NOYES, Esquire, Commissioner of Insolvency, in and for said County of Norfolk.

The third meeting of the Creditors of

OZEN JOSSELYN,

of Quincy, in said County, Trader, an Insolvent Debtor, will be held at the Office of said Commissioner, in Canton, in said County, on the twelfth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where creditors may be present and prove their claims.

Wm. S. MORTON, Assignee.

Quincy, March 31.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale the premises now improved by him consisting of a Dwelling House, Barn, and Out-Buildings, with about ten acres of well cultivated Land, on which is a good variety of Fruit Trees, situated in the centre of the flourishing village of Quincy, and adjoining the estate of the late Rev. Peter Whitney, deceased.

The location is one of the most desirable in the Town for a country seat or a place of business, being in the immediate vicinity of Schools, Churches, and the Old Colony Railroad Depot, and a rare chance is offered for a profitable and safe investment.

A portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage.

For further particulars please apply to the Subscriber on the premises.

JOHN B. GLOVER.

Quincy, March 24.

AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, April 5th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the PEWS belonging to the Stockholders in the Methodist Meeting House, Quincy Point, viz., Nos. 1, 20, 34, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74. The above pews will be sold without reserve.

Conditions made known at sale.

EBENEZER ADAMS, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 24.

Livery Stock for Sale.

THE Entire Stock of the Hancock House Stable. Possession given immediately. Terms liberal. Enquire of

G. H. FRENCH.

Quincy, March 24.

DeMayer's Furniture Polish.

It renovates old Furniture; it preserves the Varnish; it removes Paint, Stains and Oil Spots. For sale by Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 17.

Ginghams.

CALL and see a case of Ginghams, very cheap, at CALEB PACKARD'S Quincy, March 31.

Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company, will be held in the Hall, in the Depot of said Company, at the corner of Kneeland and South streets, in Boston, on Wednesday, the Fourth day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of determining whether they will authorize the issue of Bonds by said Company, and of deciding the amount of said Bonds so to be issued; and this notice is given in conformity with an Act of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed April 13, 1854, entitled "An Act to authorize Railroad Companies to issue Bonds."

By order of the Directors,

JAMES H. BEAL, Clerk.

Quincy, March 24.

AUCTION.

STONE CUTTERS ATTEND.

LARGE STOCK OF STONE CUTTERS TOOLS

Will be sold at Auction, on

TUESDAY, the 3d day of APRIL,

AT the Quarry of Messrs. Whittecher, Sheldon & Co., in Quincy, the whole of their large stock of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering Granite; consisting in part of Shear Poles, Falls, Riggings, Blocks, Hoisting Jacks, Pean Hammers, Basin Chisels, Drills, Chisels, Points, Crow Bars, Chisels, new Steel, Blacksmith's Tools, &c. &c., comprising every kind of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering Granite.

The above will positively be sold to the highest bidder in order to close up the affairs of the above named firm. Terms made known at sale.

GEO. H. FRENCH, Auctioneer.

Quincy, March 24.

SCHOOL.

Ginghams.

WILL and see a case of Ginghams, very cheap, at **CALEB PACKARD'S**, Quincy, March 31. 2v

Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad Company, will be held in the Depot of said Company, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, April 4th, at 2 o'clock P. M., to examine applications for admission to the High School. Applicants must bring certificates of good moral character from their former teacher. By order of the School Committee.

By order of the Directors,
JAMES H. BEAL, Clerk.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

AUCTION.

STONE CUTTERS ATTEND.
LARGE STOCK OF STONE CUTTERS TOOLS.

Will be sold at Auction, on **TUESDAY, the 3d day of APRIL,** at the Quarry of Messrs. Whitaker, Sheldon & Co., in Quincy, the whole of their large stock of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering, consisting in part of Sledge Poles, Falls, Axes, Blows, Hammer, Picks, Points, Crow, Chisels, new Steel, Blacksmith's Tools, &c., comprising every kind of Tools used in Quarrying and Hammering. The Tools will be sold at the highest price in order to close up the affairs of the above firm. Terms made known at sale.
GEO. H. FRISCH, Auctioneer.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

SCHOOL.

MISS E. CONGDON will open a School for young Masters and Misses, on the 9th day of April next, at the store occupied by Charles Conner, on Hancock street.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

Notice.

THE annual meeting of the Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Company, will be held on the 31st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers. By order of the Directors,
STEPHEN BATES, Secretary.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

Weymouth and Braintree Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THE annual meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Mutual Fire Insurance Company, for the election of officers, will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 31st day of April, at 2 o'clock P. M.
THAS RICHARDS, Secretary.
Weymouth, March 24. 2v

Cemetery.

THE Cemetery, recently opened by the Quincy Cemetery Association, is situated on the 2nd day of April next, at noon, for erecting the Gateway of the new Cemetery in this Town. The proposals will cover the whole expense of erecting the same. The material to be of Quincy Granite. The right is reserved to reject any proposal. By order of the Association,
GEORGE B. LOCKE, Secretary.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

NEW SPRING GOODS.

JOHN DINGMAN respectfully informs the inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity that he has now on hand a choice assortment of Broadcloth, do Cassimere and Doeskin, plain and fancy, also a choice selection of Vestings, of new and very desirable styles. Gentlemen wishing to obtain a fashionable and well-cut garment are invited to call and see for themselves. Ready Made Clothing of every description constantly on hand; also, Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

SPRING DRY GOODS.

Wholesale and Retail.
New Shawls, New Silks, New Dress Goods, Embroideries, Linens, Housekeeping Goods.
DOMESTICS, &c.
By **GEORGE W. WAREEN & CO.**, invite attention to their large and choice stock of

Foreign and American STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS.

Wholesale agents will find these styles of Goods which will give satisfaction to their customers, and at very LOW PRICES for cash and short payment.
192 Washington Street.
Quincy, March 24. 4v

Collector's Notice, Quincy.

NOTICE is hereby given to the owners or proprietors of the following described Real Estates, that the same has been assessed in the list of Taxes submitted to me by the Assessors of the Town of Quincy to collect, being Town, County and State Taxes for the year 1853; to wit, about 1 acre of Land on Mount Pleasant (so called) with a dwelling house thereon, bounded easterly by the following GORES, which are well prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:—
Black Doeskin and Cassimere, for Tops, Drab and Brown, for Tops.
SILK DUCK and CANVASS, for Boots.
BOOT WEB, from 1/2 inch to 1 1/2 inch, in white and colors.
GALLOONS, in Black and Colors.
MACHINE TWIST, do. do.
LINEN MACHINE THREAD, Black and Col'd, 2 and 6 cord.
SEA ISLAND HANK THREAD, Black & Col'd.
SILK BUTTONS, of all descriptions.
SILK and COTTON WARP LASTINGS.
BROWN, DIX & CO.,
No. 52 Milk Street.
Boston, Feb. 17. 3v

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of
ELIZABETH WELD,
late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust.
And all persons having demands against the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to
W. W. BAXTER, Administrator.
Quincy, March 17th. 3v

Grass Seed.

JUST received and for sale, Herds Grass, Red Top and Clover Seed, as cheap for cash as can be bought in Boston, at wholesale or retail, by
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LEWIS BASS, the Guardian of Benjamin F. Bass, Alby Bass, and Samuel Bass, minor children of Isaac Bass, late of Quincy, in said County, Yeoman, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance:—
Ordered—That said Lewis Bass submit all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same, at a Court of Probate to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the second Tuesday of May, A. D. 1855, by publishing this Order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.
W. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
Quincy, March 24. 3v

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE School Committee of Quincy will meet at the Selectmen's Room, on **TUESDAY, April 3d,** at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of examining Teachers. Prudential Committees, who have contracted with new Teachers, are requested to present them at that time, for examination.

The Public Schools of Quincy will commence on **MONDAY, April 9th,** and forty-six weeks will constitute the school year.
The Committee will meet at the High School Room on **WEDNESDAY, April 10th,** at 2 o'clock P. M., to examine applicants for admission to the High School. Applicants must bring certificates of good moral character from their former teacher. By order of the School Committee.
E. W. MARSH, Sec'y.
Quincy, March 17. 3v

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber has taken the building on Granite street, corner of Hancock, opposite **Guthrie's building,** for the purpose of transacting **The Painting Business.**
His friends and the public are respectfully solicited to lecture upon him a share of patronage.
J. B. BASS.
Quincy, March 10, 1855. 4v

Norfolk Agricultural Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the NORFOLK AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held at the Phoenix House, in Dedham, on **WEDNESDAY, March 28th,** at 10 o'clock, for the choice of Officers, Trustees, Committee of Arrangements, and also for transacting any business which may regularly come before the Society. The State Agricultural publications, pamphlets, list of premiums, and a variety of Foreign Seeds received from Washington, will be distributed gratis among the members who shall attend the meeting.

EDWARD L. KEYES, Sec'y.
Dedham, March 10. 3v

WITHDRAWAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that we have withdrawn ourselves from Union Store, Division 4th, and that we shall not hold ourselves responsible for debts contracted by the same after this date.
SAMUEL F. NEWCOMB,
CHARLES F. RICHARDSON,
SAMUEL NEWCOMB,
SCHEMER LEAVITT.
Boston, March 17th, 1855. 3v

CLOTHING

For the Winter of 1854,
RUSSELL & Co.,
Terra Hall Building, Quincy.

THE Subscriber having REPLENISHED their Stock, with

New Goods and New Styles.

adapted to the coming season, will fix the full price of all CLOTHING and CLOTHING, ready made, and will be ready to receive the stock; and they promise that garments shall be cut and made to the most thorough manner. Our aim will be to sustain the reputation already acquired of keeping the best place in Norfolk County for the purchase of Clothing—where the man can get good Goods and get also his money's worth.
We have got on hand, a large assortment of rich Velvet Vestings, for the first steamer.

FURNISHING GOODS always on hand.
JOHN RUSSELL & Co.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

Carpeting.

Kimball, Felt & Wentworth,
IMPORTERS and DEALERS,
Mable Block, 322 & 324 Washington Street, BOSTON.

MARCH 1st, 1855.

THE Subscriber have now in Stock a complete assortment of both Foreign and Domestic

CARPETINGS,

Received direct from Manufacturers and large American Sales, and are able to furnish with a French Silk purchased at the reduced rates, to sell at low and choice fabrics and styles at the

LOWEST PRICES.

Our variety embraces best French and English MILTONS, MOSAICS, VELVETS, TAPES, TRIGES, and BRUSSELS.

Also—English and Lowell THREE PLYS—SUE INGRAINS—FAIR CARPETING of every grade—Black and White, all with the low priced Ingrains—Cotton and Cords—MATTINGS—with a full assortment of English and American

OIL CLOTHS,

BRUGETS, FELTINGS, RUGS, etc., etc., to which the attention of purchasers is invited.
Boston, March 3. 3v

To Boot & Shoe Manufacturers.

WE wish to call the attention of the Trade to the following GOODS, which we have prepared to sell on the most favorable terms:—
Black Doeskin and Cassimere, for Tops, Drab and Brown, for Tops.
SILK DUCK and CANVASS, for Boots.
BOOT WEB, from 1/2 inch to 1 1/2 inch, in white and colors.
GALLOONS, in Black and Colors.
MACHINE TWIST, do. do.
LINEN MACHINE THREAD, Black and Col'd, 2 and 6 cord.
SEA ISLAND HANK THREAD, Black & Col'd.
SILK BUTTONS, of all descriptions.
SILK and COTTON WARP LASTINGS.
BROWN, DIX & CO.,
No. 52 Milk Street.
Boston, Feb. 17. 3v

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the Goods and Estate of

ELIZABETH WELD,

late of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, Widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust.

And all persons having demands against the Estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to

W. W. BAXTER, Administrator.
Quincy, March 17th. 3v

Grass Seed.

JUST received and for sale, Herds Grass, Red Top and Clover Seed, as cheap for cash as can be bought in Boston, at wholesale or retail, by

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

CALEB PACKARD.

DEALER in SILKS, SHAWLS, FURS, Dress and Domestic Goods of every description.

Also—White Goods, Laces, Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Gimps Braids and Embroideries, a large lot of Hosiery, and a great variety of fancy articles.

GENTS and BOYS Ready Made Clothing,

FURNISHING GOODS:
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, UMBRELLAS, HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.

FURNITURE,

of every description constantly on hand, or furnished at the shortest notice.

Also—MATTRESSES and FEATHERS of every quality. I would ask the particular attention of the public to this branch of my business.

MILLINERY GOODS?

Customers wishing Goods of this class, will find always a carefully selected Stock, of the latest and best styles. BONNETS, made and trimmed.

CARPETINGS,

of every style and quality; Crockery, China, Glass and Britannia Ware, Solar Lamps and Shades, and a general assortment of House-keeping Goods. I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and customers, to my present varied Stock, to which I am constantly making addition, and solicit a call from all desiring Goods of any kind in my line.

Quincy, Dec. 3d. 2v

How the Warm Weather

Tight Money Market

Sacrifice their Goods!

A NEW SUIT

At the following Low Prices, viz :
\$1 1-2 to 2. Good Pants, of various fabrics.

\$2 1-2. Cassimere, Doeskin, and Broadcloth Pants, at this low price, for a few days, to reduce Stock.

\$2 3-4. Custom Made Doeskin Pants, Canvas Bottoms, and made of as good materials as the Pants for which you usually pay \$5. Closing sale of Winter Clothing.

\$3 to \$5. Fancy Cassimere, Doeskin, and Cloth Pants, of very different patterns, being at least 25 per cent, below the same are usually sold.

\$8 00. A nice Affair for a Gentleman, Over Garments, custom made, usually sold for much more.

\$10 to 12. A Fine Custom Made Overcoat or Sack, made from Drab, Broadcloth, or Fancy Cloth, Broadcloth, and Beaver Cloth, for this low price. Will guarantee that the same garments are sold at from \$18 to \$20.

\$8 to 16. Tailors—An entirely new style of Over Garment, combining gentility with ease and comfort.

\$3 1-2. For an Office and Business Coat—to close out the Stock.

\$8 to 12. Dress and Frock Coats, from Superior Broadcloth and Doeskin, made up in good style and in a faithful manner. All will be sold at these low prices, to close out stock.

\$1 to 1 1-2. Vests, of the latest fashions, for these low prices.

\$2 to 3 1-2. For a Nice Fancy Satin Vest. Also Black or Fancy Silk do., made up in the latest styles.

Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns very lowest prices.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

\$7 1-2 to 150 Cts. Assorted lot of Shirts and Drawers.

50 to 200 " Fine Shirts, Linen Bosoms and Collars.

12 1-2 to 50 " Fine Linen Bosoms.

5 to 17 " Collars.

15 to 25 " Socks.

25 to 150 " Stocks and Cravats.

10 to 50 " Silk Pocket Hdkfs.

37 to 200 " Suspenders.

6 to 17 " Tooth Brushes.

6 to 100 " Hair Brushes.

\$5 00. Traveling Shawls.

Together with a great variety of Fancy Goods, to be closed up cheap.

A copy of the New Book, "Oak Hall Pictorial," gratis, to every purchaser.

ONE PRICE, CASH SYSTEM.

OAK HALL,

34 NORTH STREET, BOSTON.
Dec. 30 3v

BOUNTY LANDS.

THE Subscriber will prove claims for officers, soldiers, marines, widows of the same, or their children, who were minors when the Act of Congress of 1855 was passed, and procure Land Warrants therefor upon the most reasonable terms.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY.
Weymouth, March 17. 4v

FOR SALE.

A LOT of LAND with two Dwelling Houses standing thereon, situated on the corner of Elm and Union streets, in Quincy. Inquire of

GEORGE WHITE.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

Potatoes.

100 to 200 BUSHELS Peach Blow, and 75 to 100 bushels Chenango Potatoes for seed, for sale, by

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, March 24. 2v

New Medicines.

DR. SCHENCK'S Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills.

Hayes's Allied Ointment and Humor Syrup. Fitch's Hair Restorer.

Just received and for sale by
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 17. 2v

Neat's Foot Oil.

FOR sale cheap for cash, by
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 8. 2v

New Tailoring Goods.

J. A. HOLDEN,

WILL reform the inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that he has

Just Replenished his Stock, with a choice selection of Goods, suitable for

AUTUMN and WINTER.

He invites the attention of such as expect punctuality in their wardrobe, for cash only, such being his rule of business, and the reduced rates at which he sells, rendering any other mode of doing business impracticable.

His clothes will always be made with all his care and skill, of the best materials, leaving the garments made by his hands to ADVERTISE THEMSELVES. Those students to combine elegance with economy, will do well and wisely to favor him.

Remember he is not to be undersold by any other establishment, style, quality and finish considered.
Quincy, Nov. 4. 2v

STARTLING, BUT TRUE!

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from year to year in that pitiable condition as not even one day to take to the bed, and exhibiting inducement incident to the enjoyment of health.

THE BLOOMING BRIDE.

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth, and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly and apparently inexplicably, becomes a feeble, sickly, yellow, dolibated wife, with frame emaciated, nerves unstrung, spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress of suffering, and an utter physical and mental prostration, arising from ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which entails disease, suffering and misery, not only to the wife, but often HEREDITARY COMPLAINTS UPON THE CHILDREN.

"UNTO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION," Transmitted CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, HYPOCHONDRIA, INSANE, GOITRE, KING'S EVIL, and other worse Diseases, as a

DREDFUL INHERITANCE FROM THE PARENTS.

And must this continue? Must this be? Is there no remedy? No relief? No hope?

The remedy is ready, and the causes and avoiding them, and knowing the remedies, and benefiting by them. These are pointed out in

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundred Edition, (500,000), 18mo., pp. 250. (For sale by every respectable bookseller, \$1 00.)

A standard work of established reputation, found placed in the catalogues of the great trade sales in New York, Philadelphia, and other cities, and sold by the principal booksellers in the United States. It was first published in 1847, since which time

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

have been sold, which shows the importance of the subject, and the estimation in which it is held as the best popular Medical

BOOK FOR EVERY FEMALE.

the author having devoted his exclusive attention to the treatment of complaints peculiar to females, in respect to which he is yearly consulted by thousands both in person and by letter.

Here every woman can discover, by comparing her own symptoms with those described, the nature, character, causes, of, and the proper remedies for, her complaints.

The wife about becoming a mother has often need of instruction and advice of the utmost importance to her future health, in respect to which her tenderness forbids consulting a medical gentleman, will find such instruction and advice, and also explain many symptoms which otherwise incident to her situation are described.

Many women are suffering from obstructions or irregularities peculiar to the female system, which undermine the health, the effects of which they are ignorant, and for which their delicate feelings seeking medical advice. Many suffering from prolapsus uteri (falling of the womb), or from flux (weakness, bleeding, &c.) Many are in constant agony for many months preceding confinement. Many have difficult if not dangerous deliveries, and slow and uncertain recoveries. Some whose lives are hazarded during such time, will find in its pages the means of prevention, amelioration and relief.

It is of course impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married or those contemplating marriage.

Reader, have you a husband or a father? a wife or a mother? Have you the sincere welfare of those you love at heart? Prove your sincerity, and lose no time in learning what causes interfere with their health and happiness not less than your own. It will avoid to you and yours, as it has to thousands, many a day of pain and anxiety, followed by sleepless nights, incapacitating the mind for its ordinary avocation, and exhausting those means for medical attendance, medicines and advertised nostrums which otherwise would provide for declining years, the infirmities of age and the proper education of your children.

In consequence of the universal popularity of the work, as evidenced by its sale, and the fact that it has been attempted, as well on bookellers as on the public, by imitations of title page, spurious editions, and surreptitious infringements of copyright, and other devices and deceits, it has been found necessary, therefore, to

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

to buy no book unless the words "Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." are on (and) the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU.

Upon receipt of One Dollar THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION is sent (unless free) to any part of the United States, the Canada and British Provinces. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, 129 Liberty Street, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street New York.

New York, Jan. 13. 2v

Millinery and Dress Making.

MRS. L. CLAPP

WOULD respectfully inform the Inhabitants of Quincy and vicinity, that she has opened a shop near the Book Store in Quincy, where she will do MILLINERY and DRESS MAKING in the best styles and latest fashions.

Grave Clothes and Mourning Goods constantly on hand or made to order.

A good assortment of Ribbons and Dress Trimmings constantly on hand.

Quincy, Oct. 28. 2v

PAY UP.

Particular Notice.

ALL those indebted to **GEORGE SAVIL & CO.** either by note or account, are particularly requested to call and pay up previous to April 10th. All accounts unsettled at that time will be for collection.

Quincy, March 17. 4v

THE GREAT KENTUCKY REMEDY!

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

The medicine, when used according to directions, will cure, without fail:—

Scrofula, or King's Evil, Cancer, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Tumors, Chronic Sore Throat, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Gout, the Venereal Disease, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the

Poetry.

For the Patriot.
To One Beloved.

BY JENNY, N. Y.

If when the morning's pale light through my casement is gleaming,
I wake from my dreams 'mid a shadowy seem-
ing,
Back to visions of dreamland again would a slave
be,
But to nestle more close "to the phantom" that
lures me.

If to remember each throb that your voice has
awakened,
When I've felt sadly—alone—by all seemed for-
saken'd,
If for thee oft a fond prayer breaks my soul's
revery,

Why then, O I love, dearly love only thee.

If to feel round my pathway no light but thine
own,
But thy breast to protect me from the world's
cruel scorn,

Thine arm—O no other—can me ever caress,
Why this is love—and I love thee—ever to bless.
If to watch each faint shadow that flits o'er thy
brow,

Silently drink of the depths that lie mirrored
below,
Until my being becomes calmed as a wild trou-
bled sea,

This power ever speaketh, that I love only thee.

If to fold 'mid my heart leave thine image—
thine only—
And hold it there sacred above all that is earthly,
There, feel it a link, between my soul earth and
heaven,

And O that I'd perish, if one word could be
given,
To doat on it there as a miser would his gold,
Away from the world's gaze, so priceless untold,
Until every feeling becomes morbid with its trea-
sure to fly,

To the being that gave it where love ne'er can
die.

If to know 'mid my day dreams no light but
thine eye,
That holdeth all sway o'er my soul's destiny,
I'll ask for the past, my youth 'twas but mine,
That I yearn for these all to lay at thy feet,
If to feel when thou'rt away a strange sickening
feeling,

A void heart unfilled, that defies sober reasoning,
I'll live to the crowd as one bound in a spell,
Why, this is love, and I love, perchance love
thee too well.

The Bride's Farewell.

TUNE—Auld Lang Syne.

Lines composed by a young lady and sung on the
eve of her marriage, on Tuesday, March 20, 1855.

I leave this place no more to dwell, with you my
friends so dear,
This home no longer call I mine, I cannot linger
here;

I go, with fond affection true, to make another
home,
To seek another's happiness, and thus consult
my own.

Companions of my youth, farewell, I'll ne'er
forget the days,
Past days of pleasure, unalloyed with fears of
future care;

Together have we often strayed beside the gurg-
ling brook,
Beneath the elm trees spreading shade, through
many a pleasant nook.

Schoolmates, together have we combed our les-
sons o'er and o'er,
Looking for something far beyond, when school
days were no more;

And when we reached maturer years, and books
and sports were past,
Still have we mingled hopes and fears, and time
still flew as fast.

As we may never meet as oft as we have met
before,
Yet we can still think of the past, those happy
days of yore;

And although fortune prove adverse, and changes
may await,
If faith and hope be with us still, we will fresh
courage take.

Dear friends, with whom in sacred song, our
voices did unite,
Will not fond mem'ry oft recall, those tones with
fresh delight;

And often when again you meet, and music fills
the ear,
Will you not think of the absent one as still to
mem'ry dear.

Kind parents, brothers, sisters all, no more, to-
gether dwell,
As one by one, we leave this roof, and different
stations fill;

Our happy childish days are past, and life with
various cares,
Comes creeping on, with stealthy pace, fills up
our shortening years.

We may not all together meet again while here
below,
Oh! let us preparation make, and be prepared
to go.

To that bright world beyond the skies, where
happy spirits meet,
Around the throne of God the Lamb, and wor-
ship at his feet.

Rates and Rules of Advertising.

In the Newspapers in Norfolk and Plymouth
Counties, adopted at a meeting of Editors
and Publishers, in said Counties, August
21, 1854.

PROBATE NOTICES.	
Citations, 3 weeks.	\$1.50
Allowance of Accounts, 8 weeks.	1.50
Application for Appointment as Guardian, 3 weeks.	1.50
Application for Appointment as Adminis- trator, 3 weeks.	1.50
Application for Appointment as Executor, 3 weeks.	1.50
Administrators' Notices, 3 weeks.	1.25
Executors' Notices, " "	1.25
Commissioners' Notices, 6 weeks.	2.25
Petition to Judge of Probate, and Order of Notice thereon, 3 weeks, (per square)	1.25

CHANCERY NOTICES.	
Messengers Notices, 2 weeks.	1.50
Assignees' " " "	1.25

COMMISSIONERS' AND COURT NOTICES.	
County Commissioners' Notices of Roads, &c., 3 weeks.	5.00
Legislative and Court Advertisements, and other Legal Notices not embraced above, 3 weeks or less, (per square)	1.25

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.	
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per square)	1.25
All Transient Advertisements, 3 weeks or less, (per half square)	75

SPECIAL NOTICES.	
All Special Notices, 1 or 2 weeks, (per sq.)	1.25
" " " " " " " " " " " "	1.50
" " " " " " " " " " " "	1.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	75

EDITORIAL NOTICES.	
All Editorial Notices, (per line)	10

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.	
Advertisements running one year, (per sq.)	12.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	7.00
" " " " " " " " " " " "	4.00

TO BE CHANGED AT THE OPTION OF THE ADVERTISER.	
Not oftener, however, than once a month.	
All Advertisements running one year with- out being renewed, (per square)	10.00

BUSINESS CARDS.	
Business Cards, not exceeding half a square, one year, not less than	5.00

ADVERTISING AGENTS.	
All Advertising Agents to be charged at the same rates specified in the above scale.	

CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.	
No Advertisements to be inserted gratuitously for Charitable or other Societies, Companies, or Public Institutions.	

EXHIBITIONS AND CONCERTS.	
Notices of Transient Exhibitions and Concerts to be charged at full prices.	

ONE SQUARE.	
Twelve lines of Miskin or Nonpareil type shall constitute a square.	

(Signed)	
JOHN A. GREEN, Quincy Patriot.	
BLOSSOM & EASTBROOK, Hingham Journal.	
L. B. & O. E. WESTON, Norfolk Co. Journal.	
O. PUTNAM BACON, Dorchester Chronicle.	
CHARLES A. S. PERKINS, Plymouth Rock.	
H. O. HILDETH, Dedham Gazette.	
JAMES THURBER, Old Colony Memorial.	
GEORGE P. PIERCE, N. Bridgewater Gazette.	
WILLIAM B. BENT, Massapequa Journal.	

TO BE INSERTED IN THE SEVERAL NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN NORFOLK AND PLYMOUTH COUNTIES.	
Per order.	
JOHN A. GREEN, Chairman.	
O. PUTNAM BACON, Secretary.	

Building Materials.	
THE subscriber having erected a large and convenient Store, at Weymouth Landing, for the sale of Building Materials, HARD- WARE, &c.	
Will keep constantly on hand, a large assort- ment of	

DOORS, BLINDS, SASHES AND GLASS.	
OF ANY QUALITY.	
Copper, Wood and Chain PUMPS, new and beautiful patterns.	
Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Nails; Barn Door Rolls and Rods for top or bottom; Oven Doors, Funnel Irons, Ells, Hinges and Fast- eners, Window Springs, Painted Paper, Fence and Stair Balusters; Planing Pine, turned.	
FIRE AND GARDEN ENGINES—the latest and best kinds.	
In short, nearly every article usually needed in the construction of any common building, all of which will be sold very low.	
PAINTED BLINDS AND GLAZED SASHES always on hand.	
WINDOW FRAMES made to order.	
Carpenters and Builders are respectfully in- vited to call and examine my Stock.	
JOHN O. FOYE.	
Weymouth, Sept. 9.	3m

New Provision Store.	
THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has fitted up the Store lately occupied by Mr. Grady Tutman, as a	

MARKET HOUSE.	
and is ready to supply the public with all kinds of MEATS AND VEGETABLES, of the best qual- ity, cheap for cash.	
Also—BUTTER, CHEESE, DRIED AP- PLES, BEANS, PICKLES, TRIPE, LARD, etc., constantly on hand.	
H. A. RANSOM.	
Quincy, March 18.	tf

Coughs, Colds, etc.	
MRS. E. HAYDEN offers for sale, a variety of Medicines for Coughs, Colds, &c., among which are— Allen's Balsam Liverwort and Honeysuckle; Bu- chan's Hungarian Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Pec- toral; Hollis's Balsam of America; Wistar's and Wilson's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Miller's and Jayne's Expecto-rant; Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup; Gould's Compound Cough Syrup; War- ren's and Wilbur's pure Cod Liver Oil, with Phosphate of Lime and Sugar of Milk; Burnett's, and various other preparations for the cure of the same diseases.	
Quincy, Nov. 11.	tf

Paper Hangings.	
JUST received new styles of Paper Hangings and for sale cheap for cash.	
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.	
Quincy, March 25.	tf

Salt Pork,	
FOR sale by D. BAXTER & Co., a first rate article, wholesale or retail.	
Quincy, Oct. 8.	tf

WHITE & FRENCH,
Attorneys at Law,
Room No. 5, Webster Bank Building,
Exchange Street, --- BOSTON.
GEORGE WHITE. ASA FRENCH.
May 20. tf

HENRY A. RANSOM,
AUCTIONEER,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the
public in the disposal of Real and Personal
property, and hereby solicits a share of patronage.
Quincy, April 8. tf

KIRK & TRAVIS,
Dealers in Teas and Coffees
OF THE PUREST QUALITY.
Also, West India Goods, and pure old Wines
and Liquors as imported, and suitable for in-
valids and sickners.
Also, London Porter and Scotch Ale, and Ha-
vanna Cigars.
WM. E. TRAVIS.
No. 106 Kneeland Street.
Boston, April 16, 1855. tf

ALL KINDS OF
Job Printing,
SUCH AS
POSTERS, BILLS, OF ALL KINDS,
BILL-HEADS, BLANKETS, CARDS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
BOOK PLAIN, AND FANCY
PRINTING,
Neatly Executed at the Quincy Patriot Office,
WITH CHEAPNESS AND DESPATCH.

NATHANIEL WHITE,
—HAS FOR SALE—
LUMBER,
Nails, Lime, Brick & Sand
—ALSO—
Coal, Hard and Soft Wood.
QUINCY CANAL WHARF.
July 10, 1852. tf

FISHER A. KINGSBURY,
Counsellor at Law,
Commissioner for the States of
MAINE, NEW HAMPSHIRE, VER-
MONT, CONNECTICUT, RHODE
ISLAND AND NEW YORK.
Weymouth, Mass.
Nov. 26. tf

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
—DEALER IN—
LUMBER;
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
Lime, Sand, Bricks and Hair.
Dimension Frames furnished at short notice.
Purchasers will find it their interest to
call and examine, before purchasing else-
where, as they will find a full assort-
ment at the lowest prices.
Quincy, June 12. tf

COAL!
THE subscriber takes this method to inform
his friends and customers, that he has just
received a cargo of
Red Ash Stove and Egg Coal,
a prime article, which he now offers for sale at his
wharf.
Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a con-
tinuance of the same, and hopes by strict attention
to satisfy his many friends and customers.
JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.
Quincy, June 3. tf Brackett's Wharf.

Coal and Wood.
ADAMS & HERSEY,
GRANITE WHARF, (Quincy Point.)
HAVE just received two cargoes of Red Ash
EGG, STOVE AND NUT COAL.
Also—100 cords of prime EASTERN WOOD.
Orders left at D. Baxter & Co.'s Store
with Geo. W. Kenison, will receive early atten-
tion.
Quincy, Sept. 30. tf

ARNOLD'S
Patent Sash Lock,
The best Fastening for bottom or top Sashes
yet invented, sold by
JOHN O. FOYE,
Owner of the Patent Right.
DEALER IN
Hardware, Pumps, Doors, Sashes,
Blinds, Glass, &c., &c.,
Weymouth Landing, Mass.
Sept. 9. 3m

Horse and Cattle Medicines.
K. VERY'S Arabian Horse Powders,
for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Horse Ail,
etc., etc.
Very's Horse and Cattle LOTION.
DADD'S Horse and Cattle Medicines.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Jan. 28. tf

Cramps, Pains, etc.
DYER'S Healing Embrocation, for External
and Internal Use, to relieve cramps, pains,
rheumatism, etc., etc. Put up in bottles of three
sizes—small for trial bottles.
Also—CRAPO'S LINIMENT.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Feb. 11. tf

Superior Articles for Cooking.
EXTRACTS of Orange, Lemon, Vanilla,
Almonds, Nectarine, Rose, Nutmeg, Pi-
mento, Cinnamon, &c., (Burnett's best); Rose
and Pepp Water; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine;
French do.; Russia and Cooper's Isinglass;
Sage; Summer Savory; Sweet Marjoram;
Thyme, pressed and pulverized. For sale by
MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Nov. 25. tf

QUINCY
Marble & Granite Works.
MONUMENTS,
Grave Stones, Tablets, &c.

McGrath, Mitchell & Co.,
RESPECTFULLY invite
attention to this estab-
lishment, now opened near the
South Quincy Depot—
where MONUMENTAL work
of every description, from the
simplest Grave Stone or Tab-
let to the most elegant and
elaborate Monument is execu-
ted in the very best style.
Long experience in the busi-
ness, and a thorough competen-
cy in the Art of Designing, en-
able the Conduct of these works to carry out
the ideas and suit the various tastes and re-
quirements of persons in need of such articles.

GRANITE WORK,
—in all its forms—
FRONTS FOR BUILDINGS,
MONUMENTS, STEPS,
TOMB FRONTS, FENCE POSTS,
Underpinning, Cellar Stones, etc, etc,
furnished to order, by
C. R. & C. Mitchell.
A large collection of Monumental Designs, (all
drawn in the Establishment,) and which, as well as
the work, attest the skill and competency of the
Proprietors, are on hand, and the public are re-
spectfully invited to call and inspect them.
Orders sent by Mail will be faithfully ex-
ecuted with despatch and at reasonable prices.
Quincy, July 22. tf

Insurance against Fire.
THE QUINCY MUTUAL FIRE INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY of Massachusetts, in-
sures Real and Personal Property against the haz-
ard of Fire, for five years or less, on favorable
terms.
Farmers, Mechanics, Household-ers, Traders,
Merchants, and all Owners of Property not extra-
hazardous, are solicited to patronize this Com-
pany; every effort will be made to accommodate
customers.
Letters, by mail or otherwise, from persons re-
siding at a distance, relating to Fire Insurance,
will be promptly attended to.

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Hon. CHARLES F. ADAMS of Quincy,
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Esq., "
OFFICE,
Washington Street, Quincy, near of Stone Temple,
Quincy, April 1. 1y

For the Teeth.
HOVEY'S Powder of Pearls; Cummings
Premium Dentifrice; Orris and Charcoal
Tooth Paste; Florentine and Chlorine Tooth
Washes; Bennett's Dentifrice; Davis's and
Thacher's Tooth Soaps; Odontalgic Wash;
Swan's celebrated Enamel Tooth Powder, and
various other Washes and Powders. For sale
by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, June 3. tf

Stone's American Salve,
An excellent article, in boxes twice the usual
size, at 25 cents per box.
Perry's Hungarian Salve.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, July 29. tf

Cider Vinegar.
300 GALLONS of pure Cider Vinegar,
warranted of extra quality, for sale by
H. A. RANSOM.
Quincy, May 6. tf

Rats and Mice.
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER—For the
destruction of Rats, Mice, Moths, Bugs and
other Vermin, without poison.
Parson's and Warren's RAT EXTERMINA-
TOR, and various other articles for the same pur-
pose. For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, Sept. 30. tf

For the Complexion.
TOMPKINS' Orange Flower Lotion, Fon-
taine's Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Milk
or Rose, Amaline for Tan Sunburn &c., &c.
For sale by MRS. E. HAYDEN.
Quincy, May 7. tf

Butter! Butter!!
30 TO 40 tubs of first rate DAIRY
BUTTER, for sale cheap
D. BAXTER & Co.
Quincy, Oct. 29. tf

AYER'S
PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with
what success it accomplishes the purpose designed.
It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for
the patient hitherto that almost every purgative
medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bow-
els. This is not. Many of them produce so much
gripping pain and revulsion in the system as to more
than counterbalance the good to be derived from
them. These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been speedily cured by them, we
may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Ap-
petite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
efficient remedy for all these, they should be freely
taken, and every case where a purgative is required.
They have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the
Stomach, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach, and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite, and relieves the system of all morbid humors,
and restores the system to its normal state. Their
stimulant action, on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the body, and restore the
wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but un-
necessary dosing should never be resorted to, as
every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The thousand cures in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
they suggest themselves to the reason of every
body; and it is confidently believed this pill will
answer a better purpose than any thing which has
hitherto been mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
cathartic medicine. Being sugar-coated they are
pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no
harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
For minute directions see wrapper on the box.

JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,
CROUP, ASTHMA, AND
CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety
from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease,
that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evi-
dences of its virtues in any community where it
has been employed. So wide is the field of its use-
fulness, and so numerous the cures of its efficacy,
that almost every section of the country abounds
in persons publicly known, who have been restored
from alarming and even desperate diseases of the
lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind is too ap-
parent to escape observation, and where its virtues are
known, the public no longer hesitate what article to
employ for the distressing and dangerous affec-
tions of the pulmonary organs which are incident
to our climate. And not only in formidable at-
tacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties
of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for
CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine
that can be obtained.
As it has long been in constant use throughout
this section, we need not more than assure the
people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever
has been, and that the genuine article is sold by
MRS. E. HAYDEN, SOLE AGENT.
Quincy, Oct. 23. 1y

DR. S. STOCKING.
DENTAL SURGEON.
No. 51 Tremont Row, (op stairs), Boston.
TERMS FOR THE SEASON.—For an
entire upper and under set of Teeth, com-
plete, from \$46 to \$86. For a full upper set on
section, from \$15 to \$44. For a temporary set,
to be worn during the healing, and shrinking of
the gums, from \$10 to \$16. Parts of sets in
favorable cases, from \$1.50 to \$4.00 per tooth.
For Pivot Teeth, set on gold, silver or wood
pilots, from \$1.50 to \$3.50. For filling with
Gold, from 50 cents to \$3.00 according to the use
of either, 50 cents, without it 25 cents. Clean-
ing, from 50 cents to \$1.00. All operations war-
ranted, and the finest gold used in settings and
fillings. Also for sale, a choice selection of Tooth
Brushes, Tooth Powders, and Astringent Powders,
for hardening and curing soft and diseased gums.

Opinions of the Boston Press.
"The long experience and correct taste of Dr.
Stocking, of this city, eminently qualify him to
set artificial teeth, that look well, feel well, wear
well, and work well; and what is rather remark-
able, he seems to be well pleased with furnishing
good work than with exorbitant prices for it, a
trait not common with the profession."—Evening
Traveler.
"We advise all toothless persons to call on Dr.
Stocking, of this city, and procure some artificial
teeth of his manufacture. We offer this advice
determined to do, he does well. No one who is ac-
quainted with him can doubt that Nature designed
him for a Dentist of the right stamp."—Morning
Post.

"No Dentist among us is better qualified to im-
prove the condition of the mouth, by setting, fill-
ing, extracting, cleansing, regulating, &c., of the
teeth, than Dr. Stocking, of this city. His repu-
tation for dental skill is too well established to be
doubted."—Evening Transcript.
"Dr. Stocking, of this city, possesses the right
qualifications for his profession;—requiring, as it
does, a combination of patience, care, skill and
gentleness, with a thorough knowledge of all the
intricacies of the business."—Boston Journal.
and wish to know who can extract it with the least
pain, we should say, Dr. Stocking; or, if they
want their teeth filled, and filled right, we should
say, by all means go to Dr. Stocking. And, above
all, if you wish for artificial teeth that every body
calls the perfection of art, he is the one to furnish
them, and at a reasonable price."—Daily Times.
Boston, March 24. 9mos.

Apothecary Store.
MRS. E. HAYDEN returns thanks to her
friends and the public, for their long-conti-
nued patronage, and offers an enlarged stock of su-
perior Family Medicines, select-
ed with care.

Also—various articles for
invalids, Pearl and prepared
Barley,